

FIRST SECTION

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.

-16 PAGES. -2 CENTS.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR
FORT WAYNE AND
VICINITY.

GENERALLY FAIR TONIGHT AND FRI-
DAY; SEVERE COLD WAVE TONIGHT.

BREAK WITH BERLIN NEAR

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED BY U. S., IS BELIEF

President and Secretary Lansing Go
Over Situation But Refuse to
Talk Regarding Action

Belief in Washington That American Course
in Dealing With New Unrestricted Sub-
marine Warfare Plan of Germany Has
Been Decided Upon.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Following the conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing today on the new German declaration for unrestricted submarine warfare, the opinion became generally prevalent in official quarters that a break in diplomatic relations with Germany seemed inevitable.

The view was taken widely in official quarters that the United States would not allow the situation to stand unchallenged, although it was believed probable that an ultimatum or warning to the Berlin government might precede the actual severance of diplomatic relations.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing discussed the submarine situation after Mr. Lansing had worked all morning on a document which he took with him to the white house.

Lansing Refuses to Talk.

After the conference, Secretary Lansing refused categorically to say what had been decided upon.

A warning to Germany that a severance of diplomatic relations will follow the putting into effect of such a campaign of ruthlessness as she has announced, or an actual severance on Germany's announcement as it stands are among the possibilities.

There is no official ground for stating that either of these courses had been followed although one of these courses is expected. It is thought a course of action has been decided upon but it is thought certain steps must be taken before it is announced.

After an hour's conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing it became known today that the German situation is viewed with extreme gravity and that the American government had already begun to formulate definite steps.

Step Already Taken?

It is regarded as not impossible that action of some kind had already been taken, but there was no indication of its nature.

There also were indications that no announcement of the course of the government would be made until certain steps had been taken through the navy department and the treasury for safeguarding American ports and other interests.

Awakens With Shiver.

Washington awoke this morning with a shiver at a realization of this situation. It had come so suddenly in the midst of lingering hopes for an early peace in Europe and speculation over what might be the president's next move toward that end that there had been little time for deliberation.

In fact every member of the foreign relations committee of the senate read for the first time in the morning newspapers the text of the warning note handed yesterday to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin and delivered to the state department by Count von Bernstorff.

Sends for Col. House.

President Wilson, upon whom lies

Crash! Boom! Bang! Go Canon Crackers in Fire

Spirit of '76 was prematurely released when several crates of stored fireworks were ignited in a blaze which wrought \$75 loss to the storeroom at rear of Christian Brothers' drug store, 1302 Calhoun street, Thursday morning.

Firemen arrived just as the series of explosions started. There was the crash of giant crackers which shook the building and sent heaps of crepe paper and letter files tumbling. Din of torpedoes joined the cannonade. Flare of roman candles lit up the little room. Whiz of skyrocket caused firemen to dodge and the inquisitive bystanders to flee.

Position of firemen was dangerous for a time because of continuous explosion and flying missiles. Boxes of fireworks were hurled into the office of Dr. J. H. Hosford, which adjoins the room. One of the ignited "nigger chasers" bounded through the doctor's office and finished its journey on Douglas avenue with a clatter that sent small boys running to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

FAMOUS BANKER ON STAND IN 'LEAK' INQUIRY.



Pliny Fisk, one of the greatest bankers in the country, is here shown testifying before the committee investigating the alleged "leak" of President Wilson's peace note on which millions were cleaned up in Wall street. The inquiry is being held in the New York custom house.

WILL IGNORE SEA DECREE

American Liner St. Louis to
Sail Without Putting
on Paint Marks.

PORT OF NEW YORK IS AGAIN OPENED

Ships Can Sail at Their Own
Risk, is Stand of Col-
lector.

New York, Feb. 1.—After being sealed all night by a cordon of destroyers and coastguard patrol boats, the port of New York was today opened by the customs authorities to all incoming and outgoing shipping.

The stand taken by the collector of the port was that ships could sail at their own risk. They were permitted to clear as usual.

St. Louis Will Sail.

The American liner St. Louis will sail Saturday as scheduled and no effort will be made to prevent the ship in conformity with the regulations prescribed by the German government as a guarantee for the safety of the vessels flying the American flag, according to announcement today by officials of the International Mercantile Marine which controls the American line vessels.

The effect of German's declaration of a sea blockade of the entente nations to be enforced "with every available weapon and without further notice" was felt today in every port on the Atlantic coast.

Owners and agents of vessels flying neutral flags were in doubt as to their future course of action. Some of them have cancelled sailings. Others will keep their ships in port until instructions are received.

(Continued on Page 2, Column 8.)

LEAK HEARINGS WILL COME TO END TONIGHT

International Situation Ex-
pected to Curtail the
Inquiry.

New York, Feb. 1.—Members of the "leak" investigating committee before re-convening today, said that on account of the international situation, they probably would close the New York hearings today and return to Washington immediately.

F. A. Connolly, the Washington broker and partner of R. W. Bolling, President Wilson's brother-in-law, today again insisted on a searching cross-examination by Representative Campbell, of Kansas, that he could not recall the name of any one who gave him any information about the peace note.

Asked particularly as to how he drew inferences from President Wilson's Gridiron club speech, which he said aided him in forecasting the text of the peace note, Connolly said he could give no particular explanation.

"I don't know how I got those ideas; I think, for instance, something may happen now," Connolly said.

Pressed as to why he took Bolling into his firm, Connolly said he "had money" and he also "liked him." His firm, Connolly said, was "making a living" but not profiting greatly.

GARRETT MAYOR ORDERS HIS TOWN CLEANED UP

Weapons Are Taken from
All Negroes Brought
There by the B. & O.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Garrett, Ind., Feb. 1.—Orders were issued last night by Mayor J. A. Clevenger that in the future no rowdiness of any kind would be permitted and for a more stringent enforcement of the law.

Soon after a raid was made upon forty-five cars in which negroes brought here by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad live, and all firearms and weapons of every kind in their possession were confiscated.

Mayor Clevenger says that Garrett's reputation is at stake and that because of the many fights and burglaries recently a bad impression of Garrett throughout the country has resulted.

The mayor held court last night and bound John Madison, colored, over to the circuit court on the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill "Red Wing," another negro. "Red Wing," who is known by no other name, will probably die from injuries he received some days ago when assaulted by Madison during a row.

Madison was taken to the county jail at Auburn this morning.

GERMAN FREIGHTER SCUTTLED, BELIEF

Interned Ship, Sinking, De-
clines Aid of Tugs at
Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., Feb. 1.—The German freighter Liebenfels, of the Hansa line, tied up here since the beginning of the war, which is of 2,850 tons gross, is anchored in, slowly at 9 o'clock this morning, and marine men believed she had been scuttled. This belief seemed to be borne out by the fact that she declined the aid of tugs.

In an hour the vessel's bow was in the water and the stern was gradually settling, but Captain Klattenhoff with five or six officers still were aboard. The crew of Lascars were sent to their homes soon after the vessel tide up here at the outbreak of the war.

Even if the ship does not settle any more marine men believe she is in such condition that she could not be made seaworthy for some time.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT COSTS WOMAN'S LIFE

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Anna Elston is dead at her home here under circumstances which lead the police to believe that she was the victim of a murderous assault committed Saturday night. According to her story told yesterday afternoon at a time when he condition did not appear to be serious, a brick was thrown through a window at her home Saturday night and struck her on the forehead.

Marvin Henry and Martin O'Brien are under arrest. The police are looking for a third person who was seen near the scene of the assault.

"I laid out \$2,000 and my wife and me half of the money," O'Brien said.

WAS A SHOCK TO BRITAIN

German Declaration Causes
Profound Sensation in
England.

INTEREST CENTERS ON NEUTRAL POLICY

Spain and Denmark Hold
Councils to Discuss Its
Effect.

London, Feb. 1.—The German declaration of unrestricted war at sea has created a profound sensation in England, where it was unexpected.

All interest centers on the policy which neutral maritime nations will adopt.

The decision of the United States is awaited with the most intense interest as it is recognized that it will have a strong influence on the other neutrals and be the most important factor of the solution of one of the most serious crises of the war.

It is pointed out that inasmuch as the note is addressed to neutrals and not to the British government it is essentially for them to deal with. At a later time application of the measures with which the note deals may involve questions affecting the entente nations as well as neutrals, but for the present there is a desire to avoid expressions which may be open

(Continued on Page 2, Column 6.)

MORE NEED NOW TO AID THE PRESIDENT

Senator McCumber Declares
Senate Should Labor for
World Peace.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Prefacing a prepared address on world peace today, Senator McCumber, republican, of North Dakota, referred to the German submarine blockade and declared that while it was inopportune for the senate to invade the field of diplomacy, it was more than ever desirable for it to aid the president in securing world peace.

"We awakened this morning," said Senator McCumber, "to meet a situation so critical as to warrant our laying aside all ordinary business of legislation and giving our earnest consideration to the grave and vital matters in which the nation already is involved and matters in which our future peace may be at stake."

"The note received last night from one of the belligerents foreshadows an era of slaughter and starvation far beyond anything that the world has yet witnessed and brings home to us with further force the necessity for the efforts of the president to check further slaughter and to bring about peace."

"We should leave no word unspoken and no act undone to impress upon the battling nations the necessity for ending this horrible war and for them to join with us to bring about a lasting peace."

Senator McCumber declared he favored the idea of world enforced peace, but did not believe either the United States or any other great nation would favor the conditions proposed by the president under which the government would come into a

FORT WAYNE SENDS A BIG DELEGATION

Well Represented at Tem-
perance Demonstration at
Indianapolis.

Between fifty and sixty "dry" enthusiasts went to Indianapolis Thursday morning to participate in the big demonstration in connection with the final vote on the state-wide prohibition bill scheduled to come up in the senate Thursday afternoon for final action.

Thousands of "dry" enthusiasts from all sections of the state were to be there in an effort to convince wavering senators of the sentiment in favor of the measure. The call was issued from Indianapolis the forepart of the week and Fort Wayne temperance leaders lost no time in calling a mass meeting and in organizing a delegation.

At first it was planned to send several hundred, but the time was short and there was little opportunity. The Fort Wayne delegation was joined by other delegations all along the line.

Mass Meeting Is Held.

There was no lack of enthusiasm at the mass meeting at the First Baptist church Wednesday evening. The church was full. Sentiment in favor of the prohibition bill was at fever heat.

Emerson E. Ballard, lecturer and lawyer of Crawfordsville, delivered a rousing address and answered many of the arguments offered by the liquor interests in support of their business. He denied that the closing of saloons would result in the depreciation of property, an argument that is often heard. He cited as an example his own city of Crawfordsville, where the saloons were put out of business. He declared that Crawfordsville today is improved, both financially and morally. The jail is empty much of the time, while in the days of saloons it was always well filled. In the days of saloons there were on an average of fifty children in the orphan's home. Today there are about ten.

Howard Friday Night.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

On Friday night Clinton N. Howard, a lecturer of note, will speak at the First Baptist church under the auspices of the Men's Christian League. His will deliver his Christian lecture on "The Death of John Barleycorn." No admission will be charged.

FIRST TEST VOTE TAKEN

State Senate Rejects Van
Auken Motion on Dry
Bill, 27 to 22.

FINAL VOTE LIKELY
TO BE ABOUT SAME

Druggists Restricted and
Passage of Bill is Be-
lieved Certain.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 1.—The first vote by roll call in the senate on the prohibition issue was taken at noon today. By a vote of 27 to 22 the senate refused to sustain a motion made by Senator Van Auken to postpone indefinitely a motion made by Senator Mercer to amend an amendment to the bill, proposed by Senator Culbertson, having as its object a delay in the taking effect of the provisions of the state-wide prohibition law until Dec. 31, 1918. Senator Mercer's motion would fix the time of the bill taking effect as April 2, 1918.

The vote was regarded by many as the probable strength of both sides in the senate and they said they would not be surprised if the final vote on the measure would be about the same.

Restricts the Druggists.

The senate by a viva voce vote accepted an amendment proposed by Senator Chambers which would still further restrict the sale of the liquor defined in the bill, eliminating practically all the privileges accorded to pharmacists by the original measure. At the same time the amendment would protect clergymen who were in possession of liquor for sacramental purposes.

Hundreds of supporters of the dry cause swarmed through the corridors of the state house and filled every available corner of the senate chamber and galleries. The vote also were well represented. The drys came to the city from all parts of the state in large delegations, that from Tippecanoe county being headed by the Purdue band. Others also brought bands.

Chambers Offers Amendment.

Senator Chambers offered his amendment, which would restrict druggists who under the measure passed in the house would be privileged to sell liquor for sacramental and scientific purposes, to the sale of grain alcohol. Senator Chambers argued that his measure was to prevent blind tigers. The opposition to his amendment was not so much because of any objections to its merits as it was to that amending the bill would necessarily throw it into conference with a house committee, where its fate might be conjectured.

The house of representatives will receive the woman suffrage bill, which has been in the hands of committee on Judiciary B for weeks. Chairman Vesey, of the committee, announced last evening that the committee would unanimously recommend the passage of the bill. Women who have advocated the enactment of the bill are elated over this announcement. With the prohibition and suffrage bills nearing settlement the prospects are that the last three weeks of the session will be given over entirely to the consideration of the Goodrich so-called "cotton" program.

A number of bills are to be handed down for second reading in the house. Among the more important are Representative Cooper's compulsory school fire drill bill. Representative Dyer's bill requiring railroads to furnish individual drinking cups on all passenger trains and Senator Thornton's measure to prohibit county attorneys from practicing before boards of county commissioners.

Fail to Agree.

When the senate met this morning a recess was taken and the committee on public rights and franchises, which has in charge the prohibition bill in the senate, went into conference in Lieutenant Governor Bush's office, with the purpose, it was said, of trying to reach an agreement on three amendments proposed by the democrats. The committee was in session only a few minutes and failed to agree.

One of the amendments is to extend the time to make the law obligatory beyond Jan. 1, 1918, the date set in the house bill; another is to limit drug stores to sell only pure grain alcohol and the third, it was said, had to do with the sale of wine for sacramental purposes.

The senate chamber was crowded and the doors closed, with hundreds still in the corridors trying to gain entrance. Lieut. Gov. Bush served warning on the spectators that he would not tolerate any hissing, such as marked the debate on the bill in the house.

Suffrage Bill Reported.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

The woman's suffrage bill was reported in the house with recommendations for its passage by the committee on Judiciary B, of which Representative Vesey is chairman. The bill was sent to engrossment and probably will take the regular course meaning that it will not be taken for two or three days.

STOCKS TAKE HEAVY SLUMP

Big Losses Develop as Result of New German War Policy.

EARLY DROPS RANGE UP TO 13 POINTS

Cotton Prices Follow the Big Stocks in Wave of Selling.

New York, Feb. 1.—Opening prices in the stock market today showed big losses. They ranged from 1 1/4 to 13 points.

Atlantic Gulf fell 13 points, Mexican Petroleum 11 1/2, Central Leather 8 1/2, Republic Steel 7 1/2, Cane Sugar 7 1/2, and General Motors 10 1/2. United States Steel common opened with a sale of a block of 35,000 shares at 105 to 100, representing a loss of 7 to 12 points.

The support, however, did not prove effective. United States Steel, for the first time in many months dropped below par. The market was in a demoralized condition. Rails, as well as industrials suffered. Union Pacific dropping 7 points, Reading 5, Erie 3 1/2, with losses of 2 to 3 for other active rails. Gains of 2 to 10 points were recorded within the first fifteen minutes, however, with signs of support in some of the leading stocks. Selling, nevertheless, was of the most urgent character.

Cotton Prices Break. Cotton prices broke under the call in the future market today under a tremendous wave of selling. March contracts dropped three hundred and seventy-three points.

This break amounted to more than \$25 a bale and the market was absolutely demoralized.

May contracts broke to 1250 within ten minutes, 516 points under last night's closing figures, making the biggest break in such a short time in the history of the market. Reports of conditions in the stock market increased the excitement, but after the most violent fluctuations had subsided, the market was calmer. May contracts rallied to 14 cents on covering.

Before the end of the first hour May contracts had rallied to 17 cents or 4 1/2 cents from the lowest and within 16 points of last night's closing figures. The sensational break brought in fresh buying as well as covering by shorts but the shock of the unprecedented rapidity of the decline was still evident in the confusion and excitement.

BIG BREAK IN WHEAT.

Chicago Grain Slumps Heavily on New War Decree.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—The wheat market broke an extreme 15 1/2 cents in the opening today under the influence of the German submarine note.

Corn, oats and provisions also slumped heavily. The excitement largely wore itself out in the first hour, with prices 4 to 6 cents above the bottom.

A week ago May wheat closed at \$1.84 a bushel. Last night it closed at \$1.73 1/2. The first quotation this morning was posted at \$1.60, but when the ticker clerks were able to check up on what actually happened, it was found that opening prices ranged from \$1.63 to \$1.56. July wheat which closed yesterday at \$1.46 1/2 to \$1.46 1/4, opened with sales for \$1.31 1/2.

On the break no heavy purchases were made, supposedly for the account of the big shorts who were embracing the moment to take their profits. Quotations jumped 1c and 2c without a break. May shot up to \$1.64 and July to \$1.41.

SPECIAL CAR FOR TOURISTS.

A large party of home-seekers out of the city will go over the G. & R. I. next Tuesday morning bound for Fort Pierce, Fla. From Cincinnati the tourists will go over the Louisville & Nashville and two agents of that company, F. D. Bush and Ira F. Schweigel, have been in the city a day or two working up the party. They will have a special sleeping car attached to G. & R. I. train, which will be carried also over the Louisville & Nashville to the end of the route.

Kryptok Lens fitted properly to your eyes without paying a down town price. VOIROL'S, 1518 Calhoun.

MAY BUY A PAPER MILL.

Columbus, O., Feb. 1.—At the closing session of the Ohio Dailies here last night a committee was named to investigate the feasibility of buying a news print paper mill. This action followed the discovery that Ohio publishers are paying widely varying prices for paper. The prices ranged from \$2.15 to \$7.00 per hundred pounds, a pool of the nearly 100 members present showed.

ROGERS

SPED., FT. WAYNE OFFICE LIMA, ILL. ANTHONY HOTEL BLDG. OHIO

LOANS \$5 TO \$100. On your own note if you are a household-er, or have a steady position. We are reliable, reasonable and responsible. Quickly—privately. Indiana Loan Co. 311 Shoaf Bldg.

HE WANTED MONEY WITHOUT ANY DELAY

James Pucket Had Expected to Recover Stolen Twine from Store.

James Pucket, driver for the A. C. Borgman company, needed money right away on Monday evening. He stopped at the Himmelstein grocery and sold a bale of twine, taken from one of the wagons and valued at \$48, for \$3.12. He expected to recover the twine next day, he testified in police court Thursday morning.

But the Eagle Laundry, where the twine was to be delivered, reported to the Becker Paper company, from whence the twine was sent, that their shipment was short. Investigation followed. Police were called. Pucket was afraid to go after the bale of string, he said.

Detective Sergeant Junk made the rounds of the pawnshops and general stores. He located the stolen goods. Pucket was arrested on today. The twine was valued at \$48. Pucket admitted disposing of the goods, but pleaded "not guilty" to the grand larceny charge. He was bound to circuit court under \$300 bond. Police claim that he has been in trouble twice before for larceny. He was convicted in 1913 of stealing a watch and in 1915 of taking a bicycle, police say.

Other Police Court Cases. Case of Jim Jones and Jim Roy, charged with associating with two women, who were convicted on a similar charge last week, will be tried Saturday. Attorney for the men is out of the city. Both of the defendants have posted \$50 bond. Police do not expect the men to appear in court. It is claimed that Jones and Roy are not the real names for the defendants.

Cases of public intoxication were George Ziegler and Sam Marlan, both released.

Morton Nickolas, charged with loitering, will be tried on Feb. 6. Joe Logvin, Charles Brown and Charles Wagner, charged with vagrancy, will have a hearing on Saturday.

AMERICAN EXPORTS DOUBLED IN VALUE

Manufactures Sent Abroad Last Year Counted High in Value.

Washington, Feb. 1.—American manufacturers sent abroad last year were double in value those of 1915. Manufacturers ready for consumption were valued at \$2,625,686,208, the commerce department announced today, compared with \$1,315,105,532 in 1915. They formed more than half of the year's increase in exports which aggregated \$5,421,269,192 against \$3,482,230,532 in 1915.

Crude materials for use in manufacturing exports amounted to \$719,760,877, an increase of \$152,000,000 over 1915; foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals were valued at \$421,273,570, a decrease of \$39,500,000; foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured total \$64,059,813, an increase of \$97,500,000, and manufactures for further use in manufacturing were valued at \$912,202,628, an increase of \$136,600,000. Horses exported were valued at \$62,752,826, and mules at \$28,099,048.

LETTERS SMUGGLED IN LOAVES OF BREAD

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1.—Letters smuggled out of Russia in the center of loaves of bread were in the American mails today, placed there by C. Goldberg, who was visiting friends here today after a thirty-one day journey through the Russian war zone. The letters, she said, were hidden in the bread that uncensored press for Kurland, and night reach their American relatives. Mrs. Goldberg said the passports upon which she left Russia was that of a woman who died several years ago and that she had been aided in her flight by Russian officials.

TURKISH DELEGATE HAS REACHED GENEVA

Paris, Feb. 1.—Djavid Bey, former Turkish minister of finance, has arrived at Geneva, according to the Matin, as a delegate from the Turkish ministry commissioned to get in touch with the entente powers. Djavid was selected, the Matin says, because he was the only Ottoman minister who used to sign the irade proclaiming the opening of hostilities. Another Turkish politician, Noury Bey, is at St. Moritz and is said to have declared openly that the partisans of Talat Bey, one of the triumvirates in charge of the Turkish government, are nationalists before everything else and do not intend to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for Germany.

SEEKS NEGRO'S REPRIEVE. Kentucky Colonel at Chicago to Intercede for Colored Man.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Col. Wm. Wallace, of Irvine, Ky., is here today to obtain a reprieve from the scaffold for Ernest Wallace, a negro, convicted by a jury last July of killing two men in a saloon holdup. The negro's father was an aged servant of the Wallace household in Kentucky before the war and Col. Wallace has interested a number of Chicago business men in the case.

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS.

\$10,000 FIRE AT GARRETT

Two Business Buildings Reduced to Ashes in Blaze at Night.

STARTS IN PAPER AND PAINT STORE

Firemen in Narrow Escape When Wall Gives Way Without Warning.

(Special to The Sentinel.) Garrett, Ind., Feb. 1.—Fire starting in the rear of the paint and paper store belonging to George J. Spindler at 10 o'clock last night destroyed two partly frame and brick business buildings and did damage to the extent of about \$10,000, according to latest estimates.

Both the buildings, belonging to B. Hunsel, a partly frame and brick structure, and George W. Pente, of Marion, were burned to the ground. Discovery of the blaze was made in time to save most of the stock of the Spindler wall paper and paint store, which was damaged to the extent of \$500, with no insurance. The Hunsel building was valued at \$5,000, with \$2,000 insurance, and the Pente building at \$2,000, with \$1,000 insurance. Tenants in the Hunsel building were: George J. Spindler, wall paper and paint store; Style's pool room; Hunsel's confectionery store, with the Knights of Columbus lodge room on the second floor. Mr. Hunsel and family also lived on the second floor. Phil Walters' restaurant and pool room occupied the Pente building.

Firemen worked all night and late today the ruins were still smoldering. Splendid work on the part of the firemen prevented the flames from spreading to surrounding buildings, notwithstanding a high wind that was blowing, making fire fighting much more difficult. The firemen were also greatly handicapped, because of insufficient water pressure, demonstrating the need, officials declare, of larger mains and a reservoir. However, the charge that the water supply was inadequate is denied.

Firemen's Narrow Escape. Several of the firemen had narrow escapes when one of the brick walls of the Hunsel building came crashing to the ground within a few feet of the firemen.

Little's hardware store was threatened for a time and some little damage was done to the stock by smoke. Cause of the fire has not been ascertained to a certainty. It is known to have originated among the oils and inflammable materials.

The flames were making such rapid headway that it was feared the local firemen would be unable to check them with their limited facilities for fighting fire. As a result Mayor J. A. Cleveland sent an appeal to Kendallville. The Baltimore & Ohio volunteer firemen also gave valuable assistance.

But few Garrett residents slept last night. It was not until early this morning that the danger of the flames spreading to other buildings had passed and the firemen felt certain the fire was under control. Intensity of the heat burned off the wires and poles of the Fort Wayne & Northwest Traction Company. Necessary repairs were made in time to interfere with the service of the morning. Garrett, neither a witness nor a spectator fire. Flames leaped high into the air illuminating the surrounding territory for a great distance.

AMERICAN 15 MILES AHEAD OF HIS RIVALS

Hartman in Dog Derby Sends Animals on While Competitors Sleep.

Osaka, Minn., Feb. 1.—While the seven other entries in the Winnipeg-St. Paul 500-mile dog race slept at Alexandria, Minn., Hartman, the American driver, traveled through the night and early today passed through here 15 miles ahead of his rivals. Unaware that they had been passed during the night, the drivers who made Alexandria their night camp, were away to an early start at daybreak, and expect to make today's drive the most telling of the race.

During his hour's rest at Alexandria last night Hartman and his dogs were the center of interest. A physician and a rubber worked on Hartman while the women of the town made moans for the feet of the dogs, which were bleeding from the hard going.

USE OUR FUNDS

when you want a loan. Any amount from \$5 to \$100 on YOUR OWN NOTE, if you are a householder or hold a steady position. Interest 2 per cent—small charge for services. Licensed and bonded by the State. Take your own time to repay in small weekly or monthly payments or to suit. This reduces both principal and interest. Confidential and courteous attention to all has been our slogan for 23 years, under one management, which has built up our business to its present proportions. Loans made in towns on steam and interurban roads. Indiana Loan Company 311 Shoaf Bldg., 2nd Floor.

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Details of statistics in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmermann replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session at which speeches were made by representatives of the various national, liberal and progressive parties.

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED BY U. S., IS BELIEF

(Continued From Page 1.)

patch of the Sussex note informing Germany that unless the imperial government abandoned the conduct of submarine warfare without regard to the principles of humanity and the rights of neutrals the United States would be obliged to break off diplomatic relations.

Back to Old Status. The new German warning carries the situation back practically to where it was upon the original proclamation by Germany two years ago of a war zone around the British Isles.

The new proclamation called forth the famous "strict accountability" note from the United States. It was followed by the sinking of the Lusitania and the virtual ultimatum from the United States which resulted in the German pledge not to sink "liners without warning" and provision for the safety of the lives of non-combatants. The long series of alleged violations of this pledge, culminating in the attack upon the channel passenger steamer Sussex.

The final Sussex note. In her final note in the Sussex case, Germany extended her pledges to cover all peaceful merchant ships, but gave notice that what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade was maintained, a new situation would be created in which she would serve full liberty of action. The exchanges closed with the United States accepting the new assurances in a terse note in which notice of the German government that it was taken for granted that observance of American rights was not contingent upon the outcome of negotiations between the United States and another nation.

The new situation has arisen and the reserved liberty of action is to be used. According to German notes, Teutonic sources here Germany has ready from 300 to 500 submarines to wage relentless war upon shipping in the proscribed area, a great section of the high seas stretching almost the whole of the Mediterranean sea.

It was disclosed that President Wilson and Secretary Lansing had a conference last night, although it was then denied they had conferred at all. It was indicated today that before the course of the United States was made public certain necessary steps were to be taken.

Senator Hitchcock, democrat member of the senate foreign relations committee, was at the white house early today, but said he did not discuss the submarine question.

Passports for Count von Bernstorff, order for recall of Ambassador Gerard, solemn warnings to Berlin that breach of her pledges means severance of diplomatic relations, or tense waiting for an overt act which would sweep aside diplomacy and bring the American government to the point of action are among the contingencies which fill the situation today.

President Wilson conferred with Col. E. M. House, his friend and secretary of state, who was summoned from New York. He had not called any meeting for the cabinet or any conference with the foreign committees of congress who have been assured of being taken into the president's confidence before diplomatic relations are broken off.

Naval officials do not believe that a mere increase in the damage to allied commerce is to be expected. Officers think it quite possible that Great Britain will assemble fleets of merchantmen and take them through the danger zones under heavy guard of light swift submarine destroyers. A circle of such boats about the merchantmen, it was said, would make it exceedingly dangerous for a submarine to operate and while an occasional big ship might be torpedoed the greater number could be protected.

William H. Phillips, the assured by telegram to return to Washington immediately. He is in Boston, and was not due here until next Tuesday. Comes as a Climax. Germany's sudden declaration of her intention, without warning, to destroy all shipping over a wide area, was the climax to a long series of aggravated cases in which the United States has gathered evidence that her pledges to respect international law at sea have been broken.

A score of American lives have been lost since the date was wiped by Germany's promises in the Sussex case. But in each instance there were conflicting influences and in each case repeated assurances from the German embassy here that nothing would be permitted to disturb relations with the United States. After each of the new sinkings came informal assurances that Germany was ready to make amends, to return the commanders and crews of the submarines.

WILL IGNORE SEA DECREE (Continued From Page One.) tions are received from their governments. In the offices of British and French legats it was said that there would be interruption in the sailing from American ports of ships carrying the flag of the entente powers. What Franklyn says. T. A. S. Franklyn, president of the International Chamber of Commerce, said that he would ignore the decree.

bassy here was the brightest spot in a situation which American officials viewed as constantly growing darker.

The Embassy Efforts.

An evidence of the efforts of the embassy here to keep relations tranquil is found in a comparison of the note handed yesterday to Secretary Lansing by Count von Bernstorff with the one handed by the Berlin foreign office to Ambassador Gerard.

The note published in Berlin announces in bold terms the determination of Germany to wield every weapon at her command without quarter, while the note presented to the American state department says the same thing in softened language.

Not Ruthless Enough. The German embassy for months has been building up an atmosphere of hopefulness and at one time it was said that von Tirpitz, who originated the campaign of ruthlessness had possibly been forced from his high position by influences brought to bear by the German ambassador here in order to preserve good relations with the United States. Now it is frankly disclosed that von Tirpitz was deposed because he did not carry his campaign of ruthlessness far enough, that he was unprepared with an insufficient number of undersea ships to make this force effective and was punished for his short sightedness.

Shut Off Food Supply in 60 Days. Now, the officials in the German embassy in this country, unhesitatingly announce the plan to starve out England with a fleet of submarines which they estimate at between 300 and 500 and they think they can cut off the food supply of the British Isles completely within sixty days.

Not a Campaign. The German officials are not convinced that Germany's announcement of a campaign of ruthlessness reveals the entire situation. There have been intimations of dissension between the entente allies, all of which, however, have been officially denied and there are other circumstances which have come into possession of the American government but are not being disclosed which give ground for the possibility that the new submarine blockade may be only the forerunner of something else equally startling.

Something Else Coming? Neither is there any assurance that the new warfare will be confined to changes on the seas. The air of confidence which was openly expressed at the German embassy was generally interpreted as an indication that the German government was very sure of the success of its plans.

The new crisis, however, brings new dangers to the very shores of the United States, where a score or more German and Austrian ships have been laid up since the beginning of the war and where several German naval officers are interned. Reports of ships being arranged secretly for a dash to sea, of plots to sink them at their wharves or to block American harbors by destroying them in the channels have been under investigation for many months.

This was diplomatic day at the state department, a set occasion for receiving representatives of foreign governments. Secretary Lansing, however, cancelled it and those who had routine business were told to call on conference by lesser officials. Sir Cecil Spring Rice and the Japanese ambassador, Mr. Sato, were among the early callers.

Diplomats who asked for Secretary Lansing were told he was very busily engaged preparing something for President Wilson.

FIRST TEST VOTE TAKEN

(Continued From Page 1.)

Thirty-four New Bills. In addition to receiving the woman's suffrage bill from committee, thirty-four new bills were introduced in the house this morning. Among them were Representative Johnson's bill, increasing the fees of the county sheriffs by legalizing the "in and out" of the county jails, and a bill for handling prisoners from cities and towns and increasing the charge for feeding prisoners from 40 cents to 60 cents a day, and Representative Robertson's bill prohibiting the manufacture, sale or giving away of fire works.

Among the bills passed by the house were Representative Scott's bill permitting inmates of the state soldiers' home at Lafayette to retain all of their pension money under \$25 a month, and Representative Dynes' bill prohibiting the practice of clairvoyance, fortune telling and palmistry.

At 10 o'clock Friday. With few exceptions, none of the bills were regarded by the dry forces as vital, the state-wide prohibition bill was passed to engrossment by the senate today. By agreement the bill will be read a third time, as a special order of business at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The big fight on the bill was on the question of extending time for its taking effect. The opposition to the measure in the form in which it was passed by the house, headed by Senator Culbertson, asked an amendment fixing the time at December 31, 1918, instead of January 1, 1917.

A conference of leaders from both parties had failed to agree on the question at a recess and when Senator Mercer's proposed amendment to the Culbertson motion to amend the original bill was sustained after Van Aukens motion to table was defeated, the line-up became practically definite, 27 for the bill and 22 against. These figures varied slightly on minor matters upon which there was a roll call, but one important issue was maintained.

Senator Chambers had no difficulty in enlisting support for his anti-unionists amendment and one which protects and guarantees the immunity of clergymen.

Efforts to effect an adjournment failed repeatedly. Lieutenant Governor Bush refused to hear these motions and the business of passing the bill to engrossment was finished over the protests of its opponents.

WILL IGNORE SEA DECREE

(Continued From Page One.)

tions are received from their governments. In the offices of British and French legats it was said that there would be interruption in the sailing from American ports of ships carrying the flag of the entente powers. What Franklyn says. T. A. S. Franklyn, president of the International Chamber of Commerce, said that he would ignore the decree.

Harry Spanell Will Soon Know Fate on Murder Charge. San Angelo, Texas, Feb. 1.—The case of Harry Spanell, who has been on trial for more than two weeks in connection with the death of his wife with Lieut. Col. M. C. Butler, U. S. A., was shot and killed at Alpine, Texas, last July, was given to the jury in district court here shortly after noon today.

AT WORK ON REVENUE BILL.

Passage in House Before Adjournment Seems Assured.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The house today continued consideration of the revenue bill with the debate nearing an end. Passage of the measure before adjournment for the day was assured.

Passage in House Before Adjournment Seems Assured. Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The house today continued consideration of the revenue bill with the debate nearing an end. Passage of the measure before adjournment for the day was assured.

head of the American line declared: "I do not think there is any danger for American ships on their present voyages."

Halvoord Jacobsen, representative of the Scandinavian-American line, and William Van Dorn, manager of the Holland-American line, expected to receive cable instructions today from their government. Neither of these lines, it was said, had carried munitions of war or contraband since the early days of the war.

Shipping men pointed out that the most obvious effect of the German declaration would be the reduction in the tonnage which the freight ships of the American neutral lines could carry on account of the increased space which would have to be sacrificed to carry coal and provisions for one continuous voyage from American ports to neutral ports. Hitherto neutral ships have relied largely upon British ports to renew their supplies.

No Shipping Leaves. No shipping of any kind was permitted to leave the port of New York last night. The harbor was closed by Dudley Field Malone, collector of the port, who has full authority to act upon his own initiative in case of emergency. Mr. Malone did not disclose his idea as to the nature of this emergency, but after stationing a detachment of coast guard cutters at the harbor narrows like the neck of a bottle the federal officials devoted most of their attention to the German merchant fleet which has been interned here since the beginning of the war.

Police Guard Increased. Collector Malone called upon the police of New York and Hoboken for assistance and sent squads of men to assist the guards which have been on duty at the piers where the German vessels lie.

A thorough search by the neutrality guards disclosed no evidence of any preparation to justify rumors that the Hamburg-American and North German Lloyd liners were preparing to escape from the harbor. A rumor that the crews of these ships would attempt to scuttle their vessels and destroy the machinery proved untrue so far as the federal officials could ascertain. Crowds gathered in the neighborhood of the German line docks in Hoboken and New York in response to rumors that a gigantic plot of some kind had been discovered.

Officials of the Hamburg-American line asserted that their ships had on board only enough coal for heating and cooking purposes. Soon after midnight many of the policemen summoned to aid the federal detectives were sent home, but an augmented guard was still on duty at the German docks this morning.

Hellig Olav Cancels.

Announcement was made here this morning by a representative of the Scandinavian-American line that the sailing of the passenger liner Hellig Olav, booked to leave at 2 p. m. today with 300 passengers and cargo for Copenhagen via Kirkwall, had been indefinitely postponed.

The Hellig Olav, as well as other neutral ships plying between American and Scandinavian and Holland ports have been compelled by the British government to put in at Kirkwall or Falmouth for examination. Orders to hold the Hellig Olav were issued by local agents here pending more detailed advice from the home office in Copenhagen.

NO ACTION AT BOSTON.

Movement of Ships There Is Still Unrestricted.

Boston, Feb. 1.—No action toward restricting the movement of shipping at this port had been taken today, in connection with the German note. Eli Poiry, deputy collector of the port, who was in charge in the absence from the city of Collector Edmond Billings, said he had issued no orders altering previous conditions. The launch Dreamer, which has been patrolling the harbor for some time to guard against infractions of neutrality, remained on duty.

Several torpedo boats and destroyers were at the navy yard available for any call for action which might be sent from the Dreamer.

Six German steamers and one Austrian steamer which took refuge here early in the war remained today at the docks at which they have been tied up.

WAS A SHOCK TO BRITAIN

(Continued From Page 1.)

to the construction that influence or pressure is being exerted in regard to the decision neutral nations will make.

In Spain and Denmark. The German declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare was discussed at a special meeting of the Spanish cabinet, according to a Reuter dispatch from Madrid.

A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company says that a full meeting of the cabinet was held last night to discuss the German submarine note and its probable effect on Denmark.

MORMONS REACH COLUMBUS.

Columbus, N. M., Feb. 1.—A party of Mormons, refugees numbering twenty-eight under Bishop A. B. Call from Colonia Juarez, Mex., is here today.

In the party is a woman with a five-days-old baby who was brought to the border in a motor ambulance by permission of Gen. Pershing, commander of the Mexican expedition.

CASE GOES TO THE JURY.

Harry Spanell Will Soon Know Fate on Murder Charge. San Angelo, Texas, Feb. 1.—The case of Harry Spanell, who has been on trial for more than two weeks in connection with the death of his wife with Lieut. Col. M. C. Butler, U. S. A., was shot and killed at Alpine, Texas, last July, was given to the jury in district court here shortly after noon today.

AT WORK ON REVENUE BILL.

Passage in House Before Adjournment Seems Assured.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The house today continued consideration of the revenue bill with the debate nearing an end. Passage of the measure before adjournment for the day was assured.

Passage in House Before Adjournment Seems Assured. Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The house today continued consideration of the revenue bill with the debate nearing an end. Passage of the measure before adjournment for the day was assured.

HOLD UP MAN RATED AS DANGEROUS MAN

John Jackson, Held for Circuit Court, has Long Police Record.

John Jackson, black, tall and bearing a long scar across his right cheek, is a "mighty dangerous nigger," reads word from the "south," where Jackson "grewed."

Jackson is held for the circuit court on a charge of holding up one of his fellow workmen at the Osage street subway shanty a month ago. Jackson was boss of a gang of men. He had spent his pay for drink, it was charged. He walked into the little shanty and asked one of the men for \$25, it is alleged. He carried a large revolver, it is said. Other negroes, who were slouching about the place, rushed for the open. A wild-eyed colored man, who was one of the crew, ran until he found a policeman. Jackson was arrested.

The negro said he had never been in trouble before. He pleaded his innocence by all the adjectives known to his race when in trouble. He said it was an outrage to be sent to jail.

But Detective Sergeant Joseph Brennan, in charge of the berrillon department of Fort Wayne police, had Jackson's picture taken. Likewise, the negro's finger prints and measurements. He sent the list of identifications to police officials of several states.

From Nashville, Tenn., came two other photographs and lists of measurements Wednesday afternoon. They were of Jackson. Across the right cheek of the negro in the pictures from the south, was the dusky crescent, placed there by a negro who had reached for Jackson's throat in a Nashville "cuttin' scrape."

Several Convictions. "He is a mighty dangerous nigger," commented police of Nashville. Record shows that he was convicted of assault, with intent to kill, in 1906. He was convicted of larceny on July 25, 1908, when he was fined \$10 and sent to jail for twenty-nine days. He was convicted of burglary on Sept. 13, 1909, and served a short term. His sentence was one of fourteen years, when he was found guilty of burglary again in 1911, the record states.

Jackson is not a parole violator, as he has served out all sentences. Yet police think that his fellow negroes had a perfect right to be "afraid" when Jackson toyed with the "33" and asked for money on December 29. Joseph Brennan has also been able to identify Charles E. Miller, white, sent to the state farm on a burglary charge, as a parole violator who has been wanted for the past ten years. Miller is also known as Claude Clark and R. Strickler. He has an unexpired term to serve in the Illinois penitentiary at Menard.

Miller, as he is known here, has changed so much in recent years that he was in charge of Fort Wayne police and federal authorities in 1911 and not identified as the man wanted in Illinois since 1906.

MILKING A COW OR FRAMING LAW EASY

Western Woman Demonstrates She is Adept at Either Task.

Farm Yard Duties and Care of Babies Didn't Make Work Enough for Mrs. Williams, so She Went to Legislature to Help the Solons.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 1.—"The lady who milks the cow!"

That's how Mrs. Ina P. Williams, Washington's lone woman legislator, is known here among her fellow law makers.

The day before she came to Olym-



Representative Ina P. Williams.

pla to take up her public duties, Mrs. Williams not only milked the cow but baked twelve loaves of bread, fed the chickens, did the washing and ironing and all the chores around her country home at Yakima.

These things have made a deep impression upon her mere men associates. A lady who can perform the barnyard rites as well as she can draft a bill or distribute patronage is an awesome personage.

She hails from Missouri. She's for the home first, but her own home didn't keep her busy enough.

"Not long ago a neighbor of mine told her friends she bet I heaped on my husband," confided Mrs. Williams, during a lull in the lower house. "She said she was sure I was a 'man-killer.'"

"But let me tell you, I'll wager she's the 'man-killer.' If she has a pain in her toe at night, I'll bet hubby has to get up and rock the babies as well as 'baby' her."

"With all my children, I'm proud to say that my husband never had to get up at night to rock the baby."

"I figure that if he can earn the money for the household I can hold up my end of the game around the house."

"That's what I mean by equal responsibility. And when I say equal rights for women I mean the same thing."

When Mrs. Williams first ran for office in 1910 the men folks told her to "go home and mind your own business." But she's brought them down a notch. In her last campaign she led the ticket after a fight on a non-partisan platform, with the backing of republicans, progressives, democrats and socialists.

One of Mrs. Williams' bills proposes to legitimize all children, regardless of parentage.

When the men legislators refer to her as "the lady who milks the cow" they say it with all deference and respect.

ANTWERP NEWS.

Antwerp, O., Feb. 1.—Deo Kercher, who has been visiting here the past month as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Yager and family, left Tuesday for Sidney, O., where he will visit his sister, Mrs. John Hay and family for several weeks.

Mrs. Robert Parrot and little son, Walter, who have been visiting at this place the past week, the guests of her parents, George W. Johnston and family, departed for her home at Jackson, Mich., Tuesday.

A distressing accident happened at the George Murphy farm, Tuesday, resulting in the loss of the right hand of the proprietor. With John Radenbaugh as helper, he was shredding fodder, the machine becoming clogged he attempted to loosen it up and his hand was caught and drawn into the knives. He was taken to Fort Wayne by the family physician, Dr. E. D. Murphy, in an automobile, to Hope hospital, where Mrs. Murphy and Porter of Fort Wayne, dressed the injured member, which was badly mutilated, the thumb and three fingers being so badly mangled that they had to be amputated.

Miss Fay Peffley went to Fort Wayne Wednesday where she will visit several days among friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Pugh, among our prosperous farmer folks southwest of town, were passengers to Wabash, Ind., Wednesday, where they will remain for a week's visit with relatives.

Mrs. Cora Wentworth went to Fort Wayne Wednesday.

Mrs. Wristy Bruner, of Fort Wayne, visited here Tuesday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cofflet, at the farm home just east of town.

John Burdine, of Peru, Ind., visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Burdine, at this place a few days this week, called here by the illness of his mother who is now 86 years of age and suffering from the infirmities of old age. His father is now 91 years of age, and also quite infirm.

John Derick was a business caller at Defiance Tuesday.

'Squire Terwilliger was a passenger to Defiance Tuesday.

C. A. Doering was an over the Sabbath visitor at Cleveland, the guest of his son, John Doering and family.

Mrs. Rose Kinkle, of Paulding, has been called to this place to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. M. Burdine, who is quite ill.

Rev. and Mrs. G. B. Sessions are the happy parents of a sweet baby girl, born Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Ida Carr, accompanied by her sister, Miss Clara Mulburg, were To-

A LUCKY PURCHASE

Over 400 Men's and Young Men's Overcoats
Made to Retail at

\$15 \$20 and \$25 for **\$10.50**



One of New York's Best Manufacturers needed the money; he had over four hundred Overcoats on hand. Our New York Buyer made him a proposition for the entire lot---he accepted his offer and the coats came to us this week by express.

This maker's product retails all over United States at \$15 and up to \$35 and are exceptional at these prices. We will absolutely guarantee that the \$15 quality of this year is fully up to what \$20 will buy one year from today.

There Are Sizes and Models for Every Man

Long Coats, Medium Lengths, Loose Fitting, Form Fitting and Conservative Models--Velvet Collars, Self Collars, Single and Double Breasted Styles With

Over 200 Young Men's Pinch Back Models

In a Great Variety of Plain and Fancy Fabrics

Sale Starts Tomorrow "Friday"
Morning at 8:30 O'Clock

Every Window Will Be Devoted to the Display of These Coats Tonight

CLOTHING
HOUSE
Lehman's
808-810 CALHOUN STREET.

ALL HE WANTED WAS GOOD, LONG VACATION

Youth Confesses Setting
Fire to College to De-
lay Exams.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1.—Following his arrest Joseph Bashewski, a student at the Holy Ghost Apostolic college, Cornwells, Pa., made a written confession that he set the college buildings afire last December 15, and again on January 9.

By the first attempt he said he hoped to cause a postponement in the examinations at the college, which he feared he could not pass. The second time he wanted to give himself and his fellow students "a long vacation."

Bashewski, who is eighteen, has been a student at the college for four years. His home is in Philadelphia. The first fire caused a loss of \$40,000.

The youth says he started it by throwing a lighted match in a box of paper in the basement.

"The second fire," his confession says, "I started shortly before 1 o'clock in the morning. I retired about 9 o'clock the previous evening and remained awake until midnight. Then I put on my old clothing and went to the east end of the dormitory and walked down the stairs."

"I took a can of oil from the painter's materials and saturated the wood-work of the corner of a closet and set a match to it. Then I ran upstairs to the dormitory door and crawled on my hands and knees back to bed again, where I waited to see if the fire had made any headway."

"By this time most of the students were up and I jumped out of bed, and after telling the students not to go down the east stairway, but to go down the west stairway, I assisted the brothers and boys to put out the fire. While they were doing that and the fire companies were at work downstairs, I ran up to the third floor and set fire a third time to a mattress in a room."

Detective McCarty, of this city, and Constable Harry A. Eckert, of Bensalem, made the arrest, and Bashewski

was held without bail for trial in the Bucks county court at Doylestown.

LARWILL NEWS.

Larwill, Ind., Feb. 1.—A large crowd attended the farmers' institute for Richland township Wednesday at the school building and the principal speakers, W. B. Anderson, of Delphi, and Miss Nancy Barr, of West Lafayette, delivered excellent addresses. Owing to the institute the high school and eighth grade did not have classes Wednesday.

Mrs. M. J. Friedline, accompanied by her husband, arrived home Tuesday evening from Fort Wayne, where she recently underwent an operation and she is considerably improved in health.

Mrs. E. E. Rindfusz and daughter, Marporie, spent Tuesday in Fort Wayne.

The W. C. T. U. meeting to have been held Tuesday has been postponed to Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Dan Dietrich.

Mrs. Mary Clifford, Sherman

Tom Reece spent Tuesday in the county seat.

Ferry Sweeney will move to the Clinton Wiscox farm in Troy township and Earl Norris will move to the farm vacated by Mr. Sweeney, known as the Alex Norris farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Whiteleather are ill with grip.

Mrs. Gus Thompson and daughter, Thelma, spent Wednesday in Columbia City.

Did you know that we are moving today to the new store at the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets? Tell your friends about it.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

Dr. J. A. Chapman, Ontonagon, removed to 520-51 Shoaft Bldg.

SUBSCRIBE

For The Sentinel. Phone 173.

French aviation experts have selected a ten-cylinder motor that produces 100-horse power.

DAILY BIBLE READINGS FOR THE HOME

Luke 18:9-14.
 9 And he spake this parable unto certain which trusted in themselves that they were righteous, and despised others:
 10 Two men went up into the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee, and the other a publican.
 11 The Pharisee stood and prayed thus with himself, God, I thank thee, that I am not as other men are, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even as this publican.
 12 I fast twice a week, I give tithes of all that I possess.
 13 And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes unto heaven, but smote upon his breast, saying, God be merciful to me a sinner.
 14 I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter at the Postoffice at Fort Wayne, Indiana, PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY (BY ESTATE OF E. A. K. HACKETT).

Vol. LXXXIV No. 117

Grave With Possibilities.

It is manifestly useless to attempt to minimize the gravity of the situation for the United States which has been precipitated by Germany's announcement of a future policy of unrestricted submarine warfare. So far as America is concerned, the fact that the step has been taken because of the flouting of German peace proffers by the allied governments, or because of the German belief that retaliation for the English blockade is held imperative as a means of national preservation does not mitigate its possible consequences. The portent is wholly ominous so far as America is concerned. It is a cancellation of the pledge which Germany gave President Wilson at the termination of harrowing negotiations earlier in the war, and an utter rejection of the claim of neutral and civilian rights to the seas for which the president has contended.

It is now recalled that in her final note governing the Sussex case Germany extended her pledges of immunity to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but coupled it with the declaration that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade were maintained, the resultant situation might be one in which she would reserve full liberty of action. Germany's present course signifies that she believes that time has arrived, and she has taken the step. The test is to come. The outcome no man can foresee. No American will ask more or expect less than a proper maintenance of national dignity, honor and justice. Again and again since the world war began we have been drawn perilously near the brink, yet happily there has been found a means of avoiding a rupture. It may still be so. In this new crisis we believe Washington may be trusted to calmly and dispassionately address itself to still another of the monumental problems which conflict abroad has forced upon us.

The fight for constitutional revision is won. The state senate, by a vote of 34 to 14, has passed the bill for a constitutional convention to be held next year, which had already gone through the house, and it is known that Governor Goodrich will sign the measure as soon as it is presented to him. The Sentinel believes the legislature has acted wisely in paving the way for the re-writing of the state's charter, to the end that Indiana may have a more modern form of government. But in its action the legislature has placed upon the people an exacting responsibility—that of selecting delegates to the constitutional convention. Whether the new constitution to be submitted shall be good or bad depends wholly on the calibre of the men who compose the constitutional convention. From the outset it should be insisted that these places as delegates are not political honors to be contested for after the manner of political office. There is call for the sanest, the brainiest and the most substantial citizenship in this capacity. It is not too early to begin thinking about the men who will measure up to the job and who will most fitly represent the counties in the performance of the exacting task of framing a new constitution for Indiana.

Total recommendations of \$1,024,140 made by the legislative vitiation committee for the operation of the various state institutions during the coming period is \$91,975 under the figures appropriated by the 1915 legislature. The committee, of course, invariably trims down the requests made by the institutions, and its advice is usually followed by the legislature. If it shall prove possible to operate them at a lesser cost than has been entailed during the past two years, well and good, but the man who is forced to meet steadily advancing costs in the conduct of his own affairs may be excused for wondering how they're going to be able to do it without seriously hampering the development and the usefulness of the institutions.

Mr. Perkins and Mr. Colby still believe the republican national organization is out of tune with the spirit of the times and they have asked for a meeting of the full committee "to discuss fully and openly the important questions that confront our country today." In short, Mr. Perkins and Mr. Colby desire to know in advance whether the progressives are to be given a show for their lives, or whether they are to be promptly kicked down stairs again. It will be admitted, too, that their desire for information on this subject is neither surprising nor unreasonable.

One of the women witnesses in the Mooney trial at San Francisco, resenting the queries and the mannerism of an assistant state attorney, rose in her seat and attacked him with her fists. Of course, the woman's judgment was atrocious and in the end she will be the sufferer for her outbreak, and yet a lot of witnesses who have been subjected to the tactics of some attorneys will secretly cherish the hope that she managed to get in at least one good punch before the fistic encounter was halted.

Major General Wood has given emphasis to his belief that the national guard system is "vicious and indefensible," but, in order to be absolutely impartial, insists also that the war department system for handling guardsmen isn't any better than it ought to be. General Wood may draw the fire of some of the war department officials, but he is at least not open to the charge of pussy-footing in connection with the question of national defense.

Having bethought himself on the subject, Mr. Munton, candidate for the place in the state senate made vacant by the death of Senator Green, comes out with a declaration for state-wide prohibition. Mr. Munton should be grateful for the fact that somebody jogged his memory on this just now especially live issue.

Sketches from Life :: By Temple



More Than Bread

Wasting Money— or Is It Waste?

(Indiana Daily Times.)

Henry Clay Frick has spent a quarter of a million dollars for a picture. The Philadelphia Public Ledger calls this a "waste of money." The Louisville Courier-Journal, upholding Frick, contends money can not be wasted. "Even the glided youth who kills himself trying to spend his money," the Courier-Journal argues. "The only thing he can do is to transfer it to others."

Here is speculation for amateur economists. The Courier-Journal contends money can not be wasted. The Courier-Journal is right so long as it holds to a narrow definition of money. Certainly silver dollars and bank notes do not perish merely because the glided youth casts them about. They remain in circulation, of course, and are saved and spent over and over again.

But while money is printed bank notes and stamped pieces of gold and silver, it has no significance except as a symbol for other things—for labor, food, clothing, shelter and transportation. Can labor, food, clothing, etc., be wasted? If they can, then surely money can be wasted. Is a dollar spent in buying labor power to carry coals in and out of hotel dining rooms invested as wisely as a dollar spent in buying labor power to help build a railroad?

The Courier-Journal's glided youth can run through \$1,000,000 in a year or he can build a factory, put 500 men and women to work and manufacture an article of commerce that will add to the comfort of mankind. It can be contended that \$1,000,000 spent for champagne, chorus girl dinners, taxicab hire and theater parties makes employment for vintners, caterers, chauffeurs and actors. That is true; but the money goes to maintain a parasitical

class that could be dispensed with in case of emergency.

The world has a genuine need of actors, caterers and chauffeurs, but railroads are of more social value than champagne; clothing factories are of more value than theaters; telephones are more valuable than taxis.

A million dollars is stored up labor, stored up capital and stored up land. Labor, capital and land can be used to add to the world's wealth and comfort. Labor, capital and land also can be used to corrupt society, maintain parasites and spread misery and degradation. There is such a thing as waste.

Senator Works and His Foolish Fears

(Toledo Blade.)

Senator Works of California, must be a grumpy old person. He denounces the ceremony of inaugurating a president as a "silly pageant." He calls it a "coronation." He would have presidents installed in office with ceremonies "suitable to a democracy."

Why are flying flags, prancing horses, uniforms bright with gold, unsuitable to a democracy? A republic isn't a drab institution. It isn't made up of people who abhor color, despise music, and are prepared to stop up their ears when the sound of feet marching in unison comes to them. For a democracy is supplied with human nature like all other peoples. And human nature likes color. It likes pageants. We would be willing to wager that the average American city has more parades in a year than the average city of the most autocratic of governments. We would be willing to go farther and bet there are more red neckties in congress than in any other parliamentary body under the stars.

Senator Works is trying to annul human nature. He might as well try to cancel sunsets on the ground that they suggest the trappings of royalty. When

a democracy gets fearful of pageantry, it had better give up. It will get afraid of the dandelions in its lawns next.

SHORT ONES.

Labor for Labor's sake is against nature.—Locke.

"How do New York men distinguish between grandmothers and granddaughters?" inquires Gilda Darthy, French tragedienne. We suppose they ask "em.

"Preventative steps have cut down the number of smaller fires," we read. Why not, cut down the big ones?

No forcible feeding will be necessary in Belgium or Poland.

The race for position as fifth city in the country seems to be an annexing contest. That city has the advantage that is situated in the largest state.

For humorous reading we refer you to last election time's predictions of "soup houses" in event of Wilson's re-election.

"If Lloyd-George can't win for England, no man can," says T. P. O'Connor. But, wasn't that what they said of Kitchener?

MONROEVILLE NEWS.

Monroeville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. J. W. Edwards and daughter, Eva, have returned home from an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Lower, at Toronto, Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Rhodes and babe, of Detroit, Mich., spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rhodes.

Thomas Taylor fell on the slippery walk at his home a few days ago and fractured three ribs, which will confine him to his home for a few weeks.

The W. C. T. U. met at the home of Mrs. D. A. Woolford Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Ida Youse gave her report of the state convention, and this being a special meeting, there was no regular program.

Grandma Mooney, who makes her home with her son, Benj. Mooney, fell Sunday and fractured her limb. She is past ninety years of age and has been an invalid for some time, so her recovery is doubtful.

Miss Nettie Zerberich, of Fort Wayne, and Clyde Crabill, of Gary, Ind., were guests of Benj. Crabill and family over Sunday.

Ronald, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Friedline, former residents of this place, had an operation for the removal of his tonsils at St. Joe hospital Monday and is getting along nicely. His father left Tuesday afternoon to resume his work at New York city.

Mrs. Chas. Krick was hostess for the

5% MONEY

To loan on improved city and farm property. Long time loans.

WAYNE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

LINCOLN LIFE BUILDING.

SERVICE

From the greatest essential to the smallest detail is what you may expect, and surely will get it, if you invest in

App Shoes

M. APP

916 Calhoun St.

ONLY GOVERNOR'S SIGNATURE NEEDED

New Constitution Bill is Passed by Senate, 34 to 14.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—The bill providing for the holding of a convention in Indianapolis next January to revise the constitution of Indiana was passed in the senate at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon following three hours of debate. The vote was 34 to 14. Seven republicans and seven democrats cast the opposing votes.

The bill, having already passed the house of representatives, now awaits only the signature of Governor Goodrich to make it a law. The governor has been a strong advocate of a constitutional convention and he will sign the bill as soon as it reaches him.

How Senators Voted.

The vote on the constitutional convention was as follows: Ayes—Republicans—Beardsley, Dobyns, Gemmill, Grant, Hudgins, James, Kinder, McConaha, McKinley, Mercer, Metzger, Negley, Robinson, Signs, Smith, White, Wolfson; total, 17.

Democrats—Bracken, Chambers, Culbertson, Dorrell, Elsner, Hagerty, Hembill, Humphreys, Jackson, Laney, Maston, Norman, Riedelbach, Retherford, Simmons, Summers, Thornton; total, 17.

Noes—Republicans—English, Lanz, McCray, Nejd, Porter, Reeser, Spain; total, 7.

Democrats—Bird, Erskine, Fleming, Hazen, Hirsch, Kolesam, VanAuker; total, 7.

Absent—Armstrong, democrat.

One seat vacant by death. Though they knew their pleadings would be in vain, the opponents of the bill, led by Senator English, of Indianapolis, kept up their fight till the last and pointed out in speeches many reasons why the constitution, if amended at all, should not be revised by the legislative plan.

Hundreds Hear Speeches.

The fact that it was known that the bill was certain to be passed by a substantial majority did not prevent a flood of oratory, and the hundreds of spectators who packed the senate chamber and galleries found interest in the lively debate. The possibility of action of some kind on the state-wide prohibition bill, however, accounted for the record crowd rather than an interest in a constitutional convention.

Senator Hazen, democrat, pleaded with the minority side to vote against the convention, and he warned the republicans that they were digging their political graves in proposing to revise the constitution "in these times of excitement."

"We are on dynamite today!" shouted the senator. "Excitement and sentiment are running riot in Indiana. When people are stirred up it is no time to revise such an instrument as our constitution. Look at this crowd here today. Excitement brings it here."

Members of this body are being bombarded by telegrams, letters and petitions, and one of the senators was made ill yesterday by the language used in some of the communications he received and he was almost ready to resign. Excitement has changed men who, two weeks ago, were not for the bill. In excitement men are not capable of doing their duty and exercising judgment that should be required in a convention tampering with a constitution.

English Pleads Earnestly.

He said that Governor Goodrich had given as his reason for favoring a new constitution by the convention plan that we now have telegraph and telephone companies, electric lights, interurban lines, etc., that we did not have when the last constitutional convention was held, and charged that "his reason is to help the corporations."

"I warn your republicans who are forcing the passage of this bill that you are digging a political grave for the 'sainted' Governor Goodrich—a grave to which the sweet-scented Frank Hanly was committed," said Senator Hazen. "You may vote to support a pet hobby of the governor. I'll vote to support the great mass of common people whom I love. This is a hobby to help the corporations."

Senator English made an earnest, logical speech against the constitutional convention. He said that the people of the state are to be given no more voice in the matter of holding a convention to revise the constitution than they would have been given by the Marshall constitution.

FOR SALE—20 shares Old National Bank stock. C. F. Pfeiffer. 1-22-D&W-11.

Agriculturists have succeeded in raising a brown cotton in Egypt that is stronger than any heretofore produced there.

On account of the high cost of materials, Tayter-chips are now 15c a package at all grocers. 31-24

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



1860

1917

Rusode's

HERE IT IS!

The Sale of All Sales!

FRIDAY - SATURDAY

Big After Inventory Clean-Up Sale of Our Entire Stock of Ready-to-Wear

COATS	DRESSES	SUITS	Utility Dresses	THIS BIG SALE	SEE THE MARVELOUS VALUES IN SKIRTS	WAISTS	During this sale we will sell ALL FURS AT
Some astonishing values at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 \$12.50, \$16.50, \$18.50 VALUES UP TO \$45.00	A most important disposal of high-class gowns, for street, afternoon or evening wear at \$7.50, \$12.50, \$15, \$18.50 & \$25 VALUES UP TO \$50	Don't miss this chance to buy a stylish suit, suitable to wear for early spring at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 VALUES UP TO \$35	The dress that slips on like a coat. You practice economy if you purchase this dress at the following prices: \$1.00 Values.... 75c \$1.25 Values.... 85c \$1.50 Values.... \$1.10 \$2.00 Values.... \$1.45	includes a lot of \$5.00 and \$6.50 Raincoats. We will sell these at \$3.65	\$6.50 values..... \$2.95 \$10.00 values..... \$5.00 DON'T MISS SEEING THESE SKIRTS.	Three lots to choose from Values up to \$5.70.... \$1.95 Values up to \$1.50.... \$1.00 Values up to \$1.25..... 50c	HALF-PRICE

Grasp This Opportunity to Buy An Early Spring or Summer Dress

VALUES UP TO \$25

These Dresses are Slightly Soiled and Mussed. Therefore This Wonderful Cut in Prices.

\$1.50 - \$3.75 - \$5.75 - \$7.75

COAL AND WOOD.

PHONE 5034
OLDS COAL & WOOD
BEST COAL ON EARTH

—Best Grades of Coal—
COKE, CHARCOAL, WOOD AND KINDLING AT
Fort Wayne Coal Co.
Phones 1082 and 1905
WEIGHTS GUARANTEED

REED BROS. COAL & FEED CO.
CORNER SIXTH AND NORTH CALHOUN.
Phone 2374.

NIEZER & CO.
HIGH GRADE COAL
PHONE 550

Wm. Kaough Coal Co.
Call for Nut Stove and Egg Hard Coal
502 — Phones — 502

PLEASANT LAKE SAND
Prompt Delivery
DUNN COAL CO.

UNDERTAKERS

KLAHN & MELCHING
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS
221-223 East Washington Boulevard
OFFICE—HOME PHONE 228.
Best of Service at Reasonable Prices
MOTOR AMBULANCE.

J. C. Peltier & Son
UNDERTAKERS
BOTH PHONES NO. 25.
117 WEST WAYNE STREET.

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS.

MEN TO NEED BOTH COURAGE AND CASH

If They Propose to Follow Late Styles Exhibited in New York

New York, Feb. 1.—After a casual review of the prices to be charged for next season's styles in clothes which were exhibited here in all their naked glory, it is certain last season's garments are going to be generally a unit for the next year or so. The luxury lover who simply must be well dressed may save up enough to buy a pair of trousers, but generally speaking swimming promises to be popular as a measure of economy late into next winter, says the Herald.

The bravery displayed on the price marks pales beside the daring breathed into the designs of the modest shrouds which the male is expected to wear this coming summer, autumn and winter. Everything pro-ally in the way of a military finish, except the casualties, is included in the various garments, which a solemn visaged young man wore for the edification of visitors.

There are arched chests, suppressed waists, cute little flaring tails and disappearing slashed pockets hither and thither on the coats which promise to make perfect figures common in Broadway. The contemplation of the sartorial delights, which tend to make dressing up a real pleasure, is dimmed by the knowledge of the cost.

But to go back to the styles, "the tide has turned," so to speak, meaning that the high-class trade for the swell dresser who wants class, and not the common cut garment that he sees everywhere, is going in for military lines. There is the "trench coat," which has an aggravated sort of belt that holds the overcoat in place and is buckled in front. This "trench coat" promises to be popular with the young man who likes the wan moustache and consumptive stagger and who can drink tea without sniffling into his cup. The belt is ingeniously arranged so it can be instantly hidden inside the coat in case an infuriated populace still clad in last year's unimpaired garb should run amuck.

The designer has taken the good old pocket, which suffers so in moving every year, and slashed it. That is now a vertical opening somewhere near the shoulder. Any acrobat can get into it without straining a tendon. The mere sack suit has undergone certain changes about the shoulders and waist. The coat is built up with a super-foundations about the chest and then slips tightly about the waist, gripping it curvy and fluttering down around the hips in a barrel shaped skirt. This results in a perfectly darling garment that is recommended as the greatest shape producer that ever escaped the chorus costumer.

The materials are to be neutral in tone because there are only a few dyes and little imported wools. As an indication of what genius will do, there are to be some clothes made of "art-cloth," which is just a non de plume for burlesque with social aspirations.

On account of the high cost of materials, Tayter-chips are now 15c a package at all grocers.

"LADY BARTENDERS" OFFICIAL BOOZE DISPENSERS IN DRY SEATTLE—WOMEN LIBERAL CUSTOMERS.



Miss Irene Ide (at right) and Mrs. N. V. Tucker, county "bartenders" at Seattle, issuing permits for liquor shipments to women applicants under the Washington state partial prohibition system. The dry law permits importation from without the state of two quarts of dis-

tilled liquor and 12 quarts of beer every twenty days, upon registration at the county recorder and the payment of 25 cents.

The establishment of a separate department for women applicants has greatly increased the orders for booze by the fair sex.

The great majority of the women, comprising 15 per cent. of all King county applicants, are housewives who keep the family locker supplied.

Collapse of the gigantic bootleg traffic here under federal grand jury indictments has served to increase permits legitimately issued.

20,000 CROWD SEES ANCIENT CEREMONY

"Casting the Stone of Anathema" at the Absent Venizelos.

Athens, Jan. 15.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—A crowd of about 20,000 persons recently witnessed the ancient ceremony of "Casting the stone of anathema" at the absent Venizelos. The ceremony was organized and conducted by the famous Pan-Hellenic Reservists league, which, under the brief title "Reservists," has won much notice since the king and Venizelos have been wrangling over the internal and external affairs of Greece.

The cabinet is said to have been strongly opposed to the revival of the obsolete custom of "anathema" in the case of Venizelos, and the opponents of the rite asserted in the newspapers that "only harm can result to the king's cause from this uncouth piece of political savagery, owing to the painful impression which it will produce upon the civilized world."

But the reservists would not hear of the abandonment of the idea, and insisted not only on the civil and military, but also on the ecclesiastical authorities attending the ceremony. It is stated that the metropolitan, who is the Archbishop of Athens, was reluctant to participate, but he finally yielded, and in the end, the whole array of the Church of Greece not only

attended, but actually participated in the stone-throwing. The reservists also sent notices to all the shops and offices in Athens requiring the proprietors to close them and attend the anathema with their families and employees, each person being required also to bring his stone.

The metropolitan cast the first stone, accompanying it with the statement: "This stone of anathema is cast against M. Venizelos for having plotted against the king and imprisoned bishops of the church." The latter phrase was a reference to the Archbishop of Drama, who was arrested by the Saloniki revolutionists and sent to Mount Athos.

attended, but actually participated in the stone-throwing. The reservists also sent notices to all the shops and offices in Athens requiring the proprietors to close them and attend the anathema with their families and employees, each person being required also to bring his stone.

The metropolitan cast the first stone, accompanying it with the statement: "This stone of anathema is cast against M. Venizelos for having plotted against the king and imprisoned bishops of the church." The latter phrase was a reference to the Archbishop of Drama, who was arrested by the Saloniki revolutionists and sent to Mount Athos.

DRAWING HIS FAMILY CLOSELY ABOUT HIM

Attacks on King Constantine Showing Plainly in Effect.

Athens, Greece, Jan. 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The attacks upon King Constantine are serving to draw the members of his family more closely about him. Princess Alice of Battenberg, Prince Andrew's wife, who is an English Princess and whose two brothers are in the British navy, is as loyal and devoted to her brother-in-law as are his blood-relations.

"Those who today are engaged in the revolutionary movement will return to loyal allegiance the moment the for-

GERMAN WARNING TO ALL SEA TRAFFIC WITHIN BARRED ZONES.

Berlin, Feb. 1.—(Via Sayville.) Germany has formally served notice on America and on the neutral nations of the world that she has been forced "to do away with the restrictions that have been imposed upon her fighting means on the sea." Following is the official announcement: "From Feb. 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, France, Italy, and in the eastern Mediterranean, as outlined in the following, all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed. Such barred zones are:

"In the North sea, the district around England and France which is limited by a line twenty nautical miles; the district along the Dutch coast as far as the Terschelling Lightship, the degree of longitude of the Terschelling Lightship to Uller, a line from there across the point 62 degrees north latitude, 5 longitude, westward along 62 degrees to a point three nautical miles south of the south point of Farover (Faroe Islands?); from there across the point 62 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then 57 degrees north, 20 degrees west; to 47 degrees north, 20 degrees west; further, to 43 degrees north, 15 degrees west, then on degree latitude 43 degrees north to the point twenty nautical miles from Cape Finistere and twenty nautical miles distance along the Spanish north coast as far as the French frontier.

"In the North sea, the district around England and France which is limited by a line twenty nautical miles; the district along the Dutch coast as far as the Terschelling Lightship, the degree of longitude of the Terschelling Lightship to Uller, a line from there across the point 62 degrees north latitude, 5 longitude, westward along 62 degrees to a point three nautical miles south of the south point of Farover (Faroe Islands?); from there across the point 62 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then 57 degrees north, 20 degrees west; to 47 degrees north, 20 degrees west; further, to 43 degrees north, 15 degrees west, then on degree latitude 43 degrees north to the point twenty nautical miles from Cape Finistere and twenty nautical miles distance along the Spanish north coast as far as the French frontier.

"Concerning the south, in the Mediterranean: For neutral shipping there remains open the south district west of a line from Pt. de les Paquet to 30 degrees 20 minutes north and 6 degrees east, as well as north and west of a zone sixty sea miles broad along the North African coast, beginning on (2) degrees west longitude.

"In order to connect this sea district with Greece, the zones lead twenty sea miles in width north or east, following this line: 38 degrees north and 6 degrees east, 38 degrees north and 11 degrees 30 minutes east to 34 degrees north and 11 degrees 30 minutes east to 34 degrees north and 22 degrees 30 minutes east. From there it leads to a zone twenty sea miles broad west of 22 degrees 30 minutes east longitude into Greek territorial waters.

"Neutral ships plying within the barred zones do so at their own risk. "Although precautions are being taken to spare neutral ships which, on Feb. 1, are on the way to ports in the barred zones, during an appropriate delay, yet it is urgently to be advised that they should be warned and directed to other routes by all means available.

"Neutral ships lying in ports of the barred zones can with the same safety abandon the barred zones if they sail before Feb 5 and take the shortest route into the open district.

"Traffic of regular American passenger steamers can go on unmolested if: "A—Falmouth is taken as the port of destination, and if, "B—On the going and returning journey the Selly Islands, as well as the point 50 degrees north, 20 degrees west, be steered on. Along this route no German mines will be laid.

"C—If steamers on this journey bear the following special signals, which only they will be permitted to display in American ports: a coating of paint on the ship's hull and the superstructure in vertical stripes three meters broad, alternating white and red; on every mast a large flag of checkered white and red; on the stern the American national flag; during darkness the national flag and the coat of paint to be as easily recognizable as possible from a distance; and the ships must be completely and brightly illuminated.

"D—If only one steamer runs each week in each direction, arriving at Falmouth on Sundays, leaving Falmouth on Wednesdays.

"E—If guarantees and assurances are given by the American government that these steamers carry no contraband (according to the German list of contraband.)

Two copies of maps on which the barred zones are outlined are added.

AUCTION SALE

Of entire stock of gent's furnishings and clothing; also fixtures of L. Rittoff, bankrupt, will be made at 10:00 a. m., February 2nd, at 1321 Calhoun street.

CITIZENS TRUST CO.

Trustee.
Jan 27-29-31 Feb 1

ALBION NEWS.

Albion, Ind., Feb. 1.—The monthly business meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the United Brethren church was held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Joseph Gatwood.

Mrs. J. J. Martin was painfully hurt in a fall on the ice the forepart of this week. No bones were broken, however.

Mrs. E. S. Ray has received word of the death of her oldest brother, Carl Knox, which occurred in the epileptic hos pital at Newcastle, Ind. He was 28 years old and formerly lived in this city. The body was taken to Converse for interment. Mrs. Ray attended the services.

The Sewology club was entertained yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Zadel Fitch.

Keith Baughman has gone to Detroit, where he has accepted a position in the office of the Studebaker Automobile company.

If you want to lose a customer and a friend, sell him goods on credit; wait six months before you ask him for the money, and then see him get mad. That is not the way we do our credit business. We agree with our customers on the terms of sale, and they pay weekly or monthly, as they prefer; they pay as they agree and everybody is satisfied. Foster's

SOCIETY

The regular open meeting of the Woman's Club League will be held at 2:30 Saturday afternoon, February 3, at the ballroom of the Anthony hotel. The meeting is in charge of the educational department of the club league which has joined forces with the Grade Teachers' association and the board of school trustees to bring to the city Dr. William Heard Kilpatrick, a noted educator of teachers' college, Columbia university. Dr. Kilpatrick's standing in the educational world is indicated by his having been sent by Columbia university to visit Madame Montessori's school in Rome to study and evaluate her methods. His subject will be "Democracy and Education."

The hostesses for the meeting are the Fortnightly club, the Shakespeare club and the Library Table.

The following musical program was arranged by Miss Lucille Vail for the meeting of the Woman's Club League in the ballroom of the Anthony hotel Saturday afternoon:

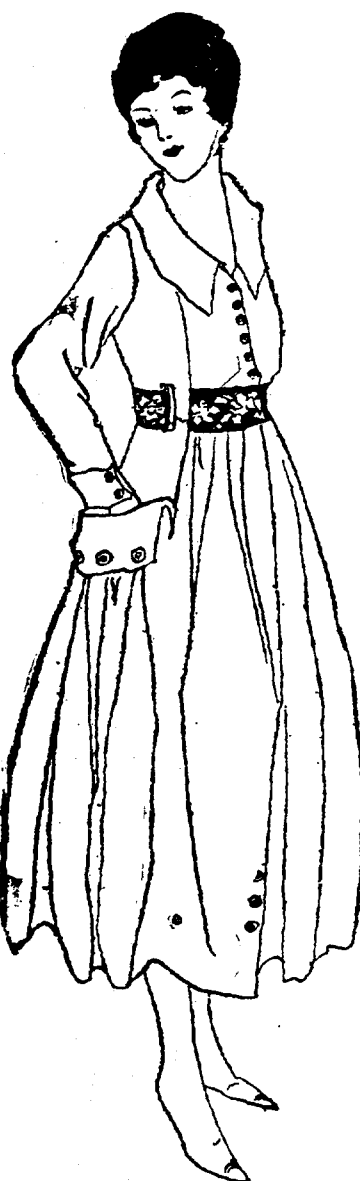
"Mammy's Song".....Harriet Ware
"O Heart of Mine".....Riley

Miss Jessie Gifford, Soprano.
"Valse Chromatique".....Godard
Robert Sinclair.

Violin Solo, Selected.....
.....Mr. Gaston Bailhe

George Bailhe will lecture at Packard hall this evening on "Apprecia-

Makes a Yo San Gown Unique



(By BETTY BROWN.)

Most of the wool jersey dresses are made on very simple lines. To give them a distinctive value, hand embroidery and bead work are employed. The modest design of the illustration becomes striking by an addition of a broad belt of bead work done in Indian red, purple, gold and dull green.

Welker's

116 EAST BERRY STREET.
OPP. COURT HOUSE.

Big Savings on These Special Items for Friday and Saturday.

Closing Out All Our Entire Stock of Suits, Coats and Skirts—Every Garment Priced to Sell No Matter What the Loss—Real Bargains.

Closing out \$22.50 Ladies' Suits at.....**\$7.75**
Suits at.....**\$5.00**
A lot of \$5.00 Dress Skirts at.....**\$1.98**
\$5.00 Children's Coats, 2 to 5 years, at \$2.50 and.....**\$1.98**
\$7.50 Children's Coats, 8 to 14 years, at only.....**\$2.98**
A lot of \$5.00 Dress Skirts at.....**\$1.98**
Skirts worth to \$8.50, now \$3.98 and.....**\$2.98**
Closing Out All Furs at Half Price.

\$1.50 and \$1.25 Percale House Dresses at.....**98c**
\$1.50 and \$1.25 colored and Black Petticoats at.....**\$1.00**
Broken Lines of Corsets worth up to \$2.50; closing out prices.....**\$1.00**
\$1.50 and.....**\$1.00**
\$1.50 Scarf and Cap Sets at 88c and.....**89c**

\$1.50 Flannelette Long Kimonos at.....**\$1.00**
1 case Ladies' 25c Fleeced Lined Hose.....**19c**
1 case Ladies' Vests and Pants, a garment.....**35c**
1 case Men's \$1.00 value Union Suits.....**79c**
1 case Ladies' Silk Hose; all colors.....**29c**
Children's \$1.50 Gingham Dresses.....**98c**
Big Ribbon Sale at 25c, 19c and.....**10c**

tion of Music." Miss Leah Gardner, one of his piano pupils, will assist him and will play Liszt's "Rhapsody."

Mrs. Clara Zollars-Bond will present her soprano pupil Miss Freda Winegart, 15 years old, in a song recital, Wednesday evening, February 7, at Packard hall.

Mrs. Simon Ackerman entertained at bridge this afternoon at her home on West Wayne street.

The benefit entertainment at the Lyric theater this morning, given by the Mothers' club for the purpose of raising funds with which to promote the proposed mothers' pension bill, which members of the club are hoping to have introduced at this session of the legislature, was largely attended. The musical program presented was that of "Silas Marner" and was particularly appealing to the children. Members of the Rotary club distributed a large number of tickets among the new-boys. It is understood that a goodly sum was realized by the club.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Bessie Baldwin an amateur dramatic club was organized. The members are to be directed by Miss Baldwin. The name selected for the organization is "Old Fort Players," and the charter members are Miss Baldwin, Miss Marjorie Rohan, Miss Phyllis Randall, Miss Virginia Randall, Miss Virginia Cary, Miss Mildred Bowser, Miss Marjorie Kilgore, Miss Catherine Vesey, Miss Maribel Olds, Miss Marie Centiville, Miss Helen O'Rourke, Mrs. Frank E. Rohan and Mrs. Fred McCulloch. Miss Rohan was elected secretary and Miss Phyllis Randall, treasurer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Becker are visiting in Chicago.

Miss Virginia Cary will attend the dance of the Junior prom at Ann Arbor next week.

Mrs. Albert Pfeiffer, of Fairfield avenue, is the guest of relatives and friends in Convey, Ohio.

Mrs. John A. Thome is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Cooke and family, at Whiting, Ind.

Mrs. James E. Overhiser attended the meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis league in South Bend this week.

Miss Helen Peters will leave in a few days for Ann Arbor to visit with her sister, Mrs. Philip Bursley and family.

Mrs. Ben Metcker and son, Melvin, have gone to Mansfield, Ohio, for a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. S. W. Shannon.

The last of the series in the auction bridge tournament will be held Friday afternoon at the Anthony hotel, starting at 2:45 o'clock.

The Fortnightly Sewing club will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Charles E. Hughes on Rockhill street, Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Stella Bookwalter has returned from Akron, Ohio, where she attended the funeral of her niece, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Wirth.

N. H. Hench is here from San Francisco and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. L. E. Trout. He expects to remain in Port Wayne indefinitely.

Mrs. Annie Reel has returned from Baltimore and Washington and is visiting with Mrs. J. F. Compton before leaving for her home in Los Angeles, Cal. Mrs. Adolph Geismar, of Toledo, is visiting with Mrs. S. M. Foster, of Fairfield avenue. Mrs. Foster entertained her sewing club yesterday afternoon in honor of her guest.

Mrs. S. B. Rohrer and little daughter, Laura Louise left today for Kansas City, Mo., where they are moving from Newton, Kan. They will stop at LaFayette for a short visit.

The Ladies' Mutual Benefit club will give a social at the Lincoln highway school building north of the city, Saturday evening, February 3. A program of shadow pictures has been arranged. Refreshments will be served.

At a meeting of the Sophie B. Wright circle of the King's daughters last evening at the N. W. C. A. it was decided to give a dance soon after Easter. The Wright saxophone orchestra of Columbus, O., will be engaged to furnish the music.

The Little Turtle Athletic club, composed of six young boys, will banquet at 6 o'clock Thursday evening at the home of Fred Schneider, 1208 Webster street. This is an annual affair and the boys do all the work connected with it. The club has a fund and all expenses are taken care of in this way. The members of the club are Frank Travers, Fred Schneider, Louis Brown, Alfred Brown, Killian Baker and Clarence Fox.

The dance given by the Friar club in Elks' hall last evening was a most delightful affair and was attended by fifty-five couples. All of them appeared in masque and there was much merriment and no little guessing before the masks were removed. Music was furnished by the Cincinnati orchestra. Miss Violet Flower and Earl Pierson won the prizes for being attired in the most unique costumes. Miss Flower was dressed as a "hula hula" girl and Mr. Pierson was dressed in a colonial costume.

Cook-Iverson. A very pretty wedding was solemnized Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Ella Cook at Arcola, when her daughter, Gertrude Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Mr. Roy C. Iverson, of Valley City, N. D., the Rev. E. M. Foster, of Leo, a friend and former pastor of the family.

A sister of the bride, Miss Mildred Cook, played the wedding march while the bride and groom took their places, and also played very softly during the service.

The large living room, in which the ceremony was performed, was prettily decorated with snail, carnations and roses and lighted entirely with pink candles.

The bride looked charming in an evening gown of white net and mesh. She wore a veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. There were no attendants.

A three course wedding supper was served immediately after the ceremony, to about thirty guests, being the immediate relatives and close

friends of the bride. The long table in the dining room was prettily arranged with pink and white roses and pink candles. A large wedding cake adorned the center of the table.

The bride and groom will spend a week with relatives in this city and Arcola, after which they will leave for their future home in Valley City, N. D., where the groom has a position with the Northern Pacific Railroad company.

Those present at the wedding were: Mr. and Mrs. John Grosjean, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Steigmeier, Mrs. Wm. Yergens, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shaffer, Misses Lotie and Maude Shaffer and Irving Cook, of this city; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lemon, of Maysville; Mr. and Mrs. Stouder, Mr. and Mrs. Bellamy, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Long and family, Mrs. Elmer Miller and Charles Felger, of Arcola.

Schramm-Kramer.

The wedding of Miss Laura Kramer and Mr. Dominic Schramm was solemnized Thursday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church, the Rev. Father George Schramm, brother of the groom, officiating. The bride and groom were attended by Miss Rose App and Mr. Clem Kramer. The bride wore a very pretty gray suit with hat to match. The wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Catherine Kramer, 407 Madison street. After a short wedding trip they will return to this city and make their home with the bride's mother.

Pleasantly Surprised.

Mrs. Mary Todd, of 828 Eliza street, was pleasantly surprised on her eighty-third birthday, which was celebrated last Sunday, by the children of her brother, Joe Harrod. The guests came with baskets well filled with good things to eat. Those present were: Mrs. Jane Harrod Rodabush and husband, Mrs. Ella Harrod Holmes and husband, Newton Harrod and wife, LaOtto; Enos Harrod and wife, from Hoagland; Mrs. Maleny Harrod Henry and husband, Decatur. In the afternoon Mrs. Laura Crawford, of Hoagland, and Mrs. Lucy Spencer, of Port Wayne, came to attend the celebration. Mrs. Todd is the only living member of the William Harrod family of fourteen children, and one of the old pioneer settlers of Allen county, coming from Knox county, Ohio, to Maples, Ind., fifty-seven years ago. She had lived in this county most of the time since then. She now makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. David Barto, of 828 Eliza street.

AT THE PALACE.

"GIRL IN THE GOWN SHOP."

Smart Little Novelty Hit Features New Palace Bill.

In these piping days of smart frocks for ordinary wear and elaborate evening creations for the formal wear of midlady, the gown shop holds a charm not only for the fair ones but also for the alleged sterner sex. This charm is much more potent than any ever showing at the stage, for the dress-maker and it is only natural that this being true vaudeville should appropriate the gown shop, thus accounting for the darling little lingerie diversion, "The Girl in the Gown Shop," which is to feature the bill for the remainder of the week at the New Palace, is a modiste's dream of midlady's frills and fancies.

Patricia and Meyers, the dancing pool and the girl, will be remembered by local vaudeville lovers, especially the dancing of the man of the team, whose agile legs can keep themselves through some amazing eccentric steps. O'Neil and Gallagher, the "Misfit Couple," will uncoil ten minutes of laughter; while others on the bill are Rawson and Claire in an episode of childhood entitled, "Yesterday," Jura, the little mad maid in charming songs; and the Leach Mail trio of iron jawed athletes.

AT THE MAJESTIC.

"For the Man She Loved," Starting Tonight.

"For the Man She Loved," a melodrama which was originally produced a few weeks ago by the Keith Players at the Hudson theater with notable success, will be given its first local showing at the Majestic theater for three days. As soon as a man finds out just what the plan is," said William Breuer, president of the St. Joe Dam and Park association, "he is heartily in favor of it. But it is difficult sometimes to explain the plan and all it means to the people of Port Wayne."

A committee composed of Richard Ball, M. E. Hawkins and Frank Fry, with Mr. Ball as chairman, has been named to bring the story of the project before the various labor organizations. Mr. Ball states that the workers are heartily in favor of the project because there is in it no apparent personal gain for the men who are promoting it, except the gain which comes to all through the improvement of general conditions.

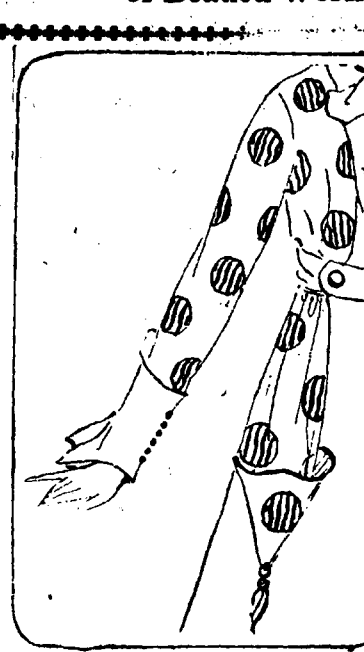
"The natural question that comes to me," said Mr. Ball, "is this: 'Who is to benefit from the improvement?' I have always given a candid answer to the question. And that is that I know of no one who is promoting this plan for personal gain. The great benefit, as we all see it, is to come to the families of the workmen who can afford to go to a resort for a day or two to the lake resorts and is thereby prevented from the enjoyment of the privileges of those who are more substantially fixed. But when this dam is placed across the river near the State street bridge it will create the upper river and its banks into a great summer resort, providing innumerable camping and picnic grounds, capable of accommodating thousands of people. With boats on the river, every part of this resort would be within reach of all. Think of the hundreds who can thus enjoy the privileges of a summer resort within a few minutes' distance from their homes and at little or no cost. I am very sure that as soon as the people of Port Wayne understand what we are trying to do they will lend their full

AT THE LYRIC.

Art Drama, "Infidelity," With Stellar Cast at Lyric.

A really notable cast of players is seen in the Art drama, "Infidelity," which will be the feature at the Lyric theater today. The play is a remarkably dramatic production and gives the entire

Frock Has Belt of Beaded Work



(By BETTY BROWN.)

The pocket is no longer a convenience only; it is the chief feature of many a charming frock. The cowl pocket is the newest and oddest of all. It hangs like an open pouch on the side of the skirt at the end of an elongated waist breadth.

Combined with a sleeve and made of gorgeous rainbow disked shantung, it is the only decoration required to convert a perfectly plain To San gown into a unique creation.

cast splendid opportunity to display its ability.

Although Anna Q. Nilsson and Eugene Strong are starred in the picture, all of the other important parts are played by actors and actresses who have been featured themselves in productions of other companies. Miss Nilsson is remembered of course, for her work in Pathe's serial "Who Pays?" in which she achieved a great success. She was also featured in a number of productions by George Kleine, the Fox company, and others. Eugene Strong, the other star of "Infidelity," is considered one of the most popular of leading men on the screen.

"Kick In," one of the most famous melodramas produced on the stage in the past twenty years, has been made into a photoplay and will be presented at the Lyric tomorrow and Saturday. Four days, beginning Monday, "The Witching Hour," a special attraction starring C. Aubrey Smith, Jack Sherrill and Robert Connors, will be shown.

BELIEVE IT WOULD AID THE WORKINGMAN

See Pleasure for His Family in St. Joe Pleasure Resort Plan

sort Plan

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DAM FUND.

Previously acknowledged	\$6,300.00
W. C. Schiwer	25.00
Louis Schladroff, Jr.	100.00
E. F. Yarnelle	100.00
Louis Fox	200.00
Klaehn & Melching	100.00
Van B. Perrine	100.00
H. C. Rockhill	100.00
Gustave Berghoff	250.00
Mr. Fisher	100.00
Total	\$7,375.00

It developed at the meeting last evening of boosters for the creation of a great river pleasure resort, just outside the city limits at the north, that there is a general belief among the working people of the city that the project will bring to them a blessing in the form of a modern pleasure resort within such easy reach that the cost of time and money will be so small that they may enter into it with great freedom. This condition has prompted several of the labor organizations to enter actively into the promotion of the plan, not only by the giving of money to the project, but by the appointment of active committees to solicit funds.

The attendance at last evening's meeting showed a spreading interest in the plan. "As soon as a man finds out just what the plan is," said William Breuer, president of the St. Joe Dam and Park association, "he is heartily in favor of it. But it is difficult sometimes to explain the plan and all it means to the people of Port Wayne."

A committee composed of Richard Ball, M. E. Hawkins and Frank Fry, with Mr. Ball as chairman, has been named to bring the story of the project before the various labor organizations. Mr. Ball states that the workers are heartily in favor of the project because there is in it no apparent personal gain for the men who are promoting it, except the gain which comes to all through the improvement of general conditions.

"The natural question that comes to me," said Mr. Ball, "is this: 'Who is to benefit from the improvement?' I have always given a candid answer to the question. And that is that I know of no one who is promoting this plan for personal gain. The great benefit, as we all see it, is to come to the families of the workmen who can afford to go to a resort for a day or two to the lake resorts and is thereby prevented from the enjoyment of the privileges of those who are more substantially fixed. But when this dam is placed across the river near the State street bridge it will create the upper river and its banks into a great summer resort, providing innumerable camping and picnic grounds, capable of accommodating thousands of people. With boats on the river, every part of this resort would be within reach of all. Think of the hundreds who can thus enjoy the privileges of a summer resort within a few minutes' distance from their homes and at little or no cost. I am very sure that as soon as the people of Port Wayne understand what we are trying to do they will lend their full



Quaint and Smart are the NEW SPRING DRESSES

That novelty is the keynote of effectiveness in the new Spring Dresses, cannot be gained and this is especially true of the quaint, smart and decidedly new examples that we cordially invite you to look at now. The materials are serge, poplin, wool crepe, crepe de chine and taffeta. The prices are extremely low at.

\$9.95 \$12.50 \$15.00

Stunning Styles in Spring Skirts at Very Attractive Prices

To induce early buying we are offering for Friday and Saturday's selling our complete line of new Spring Skirts embracing the most advanced styles in the new materials. Below are quoted prices which affords you a saving of two or three dollars.

\$3.95 \$5.95 \$7.95 \$9.95 \$12.50

The Paris
WOMEN'S WEAR EXCLUSIVELY

New Arrivals
in Spring
Blouses.

920 Calhoun Street

The New Under Muslins
Are Very
Pretty.

support and encouragement to our efforts."

WATER RATE FIGHT AT RICHMOND ENDS

Compromise Between City and Utility Approved by Commission.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—A compromise agreement between the city of Richmond, Ind., and the Richmond City Water Works company as to water rates was accepted by the public service commission yesterday. The company will give up its right to charge a meter rental, losing thereby approximately \$7,500 revenue annually, it is said.

Since this amount would make the annual revenue fall below the minimum allowed the utility by the commission, the city will pay for hydrant service not heretofore paid for and other advances will be made to allow the \$7,500 deficit to be made up. Most of these advances will fall upon the large consumers, it is said.

The minimum meter charge a month is 60 cents for the ordinary sizes. A minimum readiness-to-service charge of 75 cents a month will be made on one-inch connections to private fire protection arrangements.

The first 10,000 gallons of water will cost 20 cents a thousand for one month; the next 40,000 gallons will cost 15 cents; the next 250,000, 10 cents; the next 700,000, 8 cents; the next 2,000,000, 7 cents; the next 7,000,000, 6 cents; and the next 10,000,000, 5 1/2 cents.

The compromise was submitted to the commission by Mayor Robbins and City Attorneys Bond for the city and Howard A. Dill, manager of the utility, and Henry C. Starr of Indianapolis, attorney for the water company.

The acceptance of the compromise by the commission ends a long series of misunderstandings between the city, utility and commission, due it is alleged, by the city officials, to a bungling decision made by Thomas Duncan, chairman of the commission, in the original case several years ago and marked since by some bitter feeling.

MUCH WORK AHEAD FOR BIG SHOW COMMITTEE

Local Auto Dealers in Attendance at Chicago Automobile Show.

A great deal of work remains for the local dealers and others interested in the show which will be held in the Concordia college gymnasium, February 12 to 17 inclusive, because no effort will be spared to make this the best show Port Wayne has ever witnessed. Among the things of interest to the auto men is the arranging of the details necessary for the elaborate opening on the night of February 12.

Some big ideas direct from the Chicago automobile show are going to be used in the Port Wayne show in con-

nection with some splendid ideas that the auto show committee has on tap. Many of the dealers on the various committees left for Chicago to see the premier event of the middle west which is in progress there this week. In the matter of shows Chicago is second only to New York, consequently the committees will get acquainted with some of the biggest things doing at the auto shows this season. Many of the cars that were exhibited at the New York show, and which are now on display at the Chicago show, will be shown here.

Everyone Enthusiastic.

Those who are in a position to know state that more people are interested in this show than ever before, and everyone is a booster. Visitors are coming from northern Indiana, southern Michigan and northwestern Ohio. Dealers and their prospects are coming to see the advance models that were shown in the New York and Chicago shows. The show is being advertised throughout a wide territory surrounding Port Wayne, and the interurbans are co-operating with the advertising committee to give wide-

spread publicity to the event. Arrangements are being made for special car service to the East Main car line which brings the visitors to the door of the big gymnasium.

Many accessories will be shown along with the greatest collection of pleasure cars Port Wayne has ever seen at one time. There will be 100 different models ranging in price from \$360 to \$5,000 and upwards, including many novelties such as a dual-power car which runs on either gasoline or electricity or both at the same time. Factory representatives will be here in abundance to give demonstrations in the finest points of the new cars. Taken all in all, the Port Wayne show is going to be one of the best, if not the best given in cities many times its size.

An acre of banana trees is said to produce food that will support twenty-five times as many persons as an acre of wheat.

Florida and New Mexico are thunder storm centers. The Pacific coast is freest from them.

Happenings of Interest in Schools of the City

JEFFERSON SCHOOL.

(Mildred Fruechte and Stewart Hulse, Reporters.)

Pupils in all of the classes are anxiously awaiting Friday morning when the report cards are to be distributed. The Jefferson school has forty-four candidates for graduation.

Miss Macphail, Eight B two's had a special program of dancing, singing, instrumental selections and recitations in honor of themselves and as a farewell to the Eight B.

Miss Auten, instructor of mathematics, has returned to school after having the lapidary. During her absence her place was filled by Miss Morning, who delighted the children with stories.

It was announced in the literature class of the Eighth grade that the following students had submitted the best autobiographies: Mary Belle Jackson, Esther Moll, Mildred Fruechte and Irwin Deister.

Seventh Grade.

Ned Averill, of the 7A, was nearly late to school Monday noon. It is said that Ned was in a hurry and just as he neared the school his feet went in the air and he was forced to return home and change clothes.

Fifth Grade.

Someone in the class has lost a pet dog. At least an advertisement appeared on the blackboard a few days ago, that a white dog with black ears and a collar initialed "I. A." had been lost.

Second Grade.

Henry Humphries, aged 7 years, shows exceptional ability in drawing and spelling. He is the pride of the class. His grandfather, who was an artist, was killed in the present European war. Louise Long, aged 8 years, also possesses these same talents. Their drawings on the blackboard have found many admirers.

First Grade.

Junior-Drayer said goodbye to his

classmates. He leaves February 2 for an indefinite stay in Florida.

Kindergarten.

John Astrom has been named the best leader of the kindergarten band. The teachers think the band is the best one out. The boys like to play the drums best because it makes the most noise.

Students Present Play.

The auditorium of the Harmar school was filled to overflowing Wednesday evening when the students of the eighth grade presented the play, "Miles Standish." The second performance will be given Thursday evening. The proceeds from this affair will be used to liquidate the debt on the grand piano which the school purchased. It is estimated that 550 people were present on Tuesday evening and all declared the entertainment to be of a high calibre.

Every one of the members of the cast played their roles in a superb fashion. The principal parts were taken by Master Robert Koerber, who represented Miles Standish; Calvin Burket, as John Alden, and Miss Carol Horman as dainty and sweet Priscilla. Others who deserve honorable mention are: Irvin Kaiser, Merrill Johnson, Walter Kleeburg, Paul Rodenbeck, Walter Saylor and those who danced, Irene Ferris, Margaret Helmy, Martha Barth, Audrey Stickley, Ruth Goldberger, Ilse Rieke, Ruth Millhouse and Margaret Pfeiffer.

Prof. and Mrs. Justin N. Studer were among the audience Wednesday night.

Children Have Vacation.

The various public school buildings were deserted Thursday morning so far that there were no scholars present. They are enjoying a two day and a half vacation while their teachers are hard at work making out the report cards, which will be given out Friday morning at 11 o'clock.

From available sources comes the report that the number of failures at the close of the first semester of work is very few.

Cincinnati to Jacksonville

(C. N. O. & T. P. Ry.)
and
SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Read the Advertisements Before You Go Down Town

NO STOMACH PAIN, GAS, INDIGESTION IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapiesin" is the only real stomach regulator known.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—really does! overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that's just what makes Pape's Diapiesin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapiesin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, sour, upset stomach during the day or night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach regulator in the world. Advertisement.

WAWAKA NEWS.

Wawaka, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hicks gave a big dinner to family and friends in honor of visiting relatives from Montana, Sunday.

Dr. Hicks and brother, of Montana, who are visiting relatives and friends here, will leave for Ohio in the near future.

Charles Hicks and family spent Sunday at the home of Earl Hicks.

Mrs. Hollin, who has been very ill, is better, though still under the care of a physician.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Pollock were dinner guests of John Gangwer and family, Sunday.

Lester Rose and family visited his father, Cephas Rose, Sunday.

Miss Azalia Homburger, of Fort Wayne, returned home Monday.

Virgil DeVilliers, of Fort Wayne, returned to that city Monday.

SOUTH WHITLEY NEWS.

South Whitley, Ind., Feb. 1.—A. A. Parrott, who has run the livery barn here for a good many years, held a public sale of his stock Wednesday. He will locate in Fort Wayne some time in the near future.

Morris Myers returned from a business trip to Chicago, Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Norris will entertain the members of the Pines Arts Club Friday afternoon.

Miss Florence Essig entertained the members of the Teachers' Reading Club Tuesday evening.

FELT LIKE 90; NOW LIKE 21.

Many persons complain about feeling old before they should. Like a weak link in a chain, a weak organ enfeebls the whole body. Overworked, weak or disordered kidneys lower vitality. A. W. Morgan, Angola, La., writes: "I suffered with pains in the back. I am 43 years old, but I felt like a man of 90 years old. Since I took Foley Kidney Pills I feel like I did when I was 21." In 50c and 1.00 sizes. Dreyer Drug Co.—Advertisement.

A time-saving concrete barn patented by an Iowa inventor has a water tank and feed bin built up around and emptying into a central space on the ground floor.

Prepare This for a Cough—It's Pinex

Cheaply and Easily Made, but Does the Work Quickly.

The finest remedy known that can be made—costing only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations—can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it. Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth). Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 64 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, whooping cough or bronchial asthma. Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with guaiacal and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

INDIANA'S COMPLETE HOME OUTFIT
Three-Room Outfit
This outfit is an ideal one for the newlaid. All that is needed to furnish three rooms in the most comfortable manner. Three complete rooms—bedroom, dining room and kitchen.
Special Price \$95
Indiana Furniture Co.
121-123 East Main Street.

WORK SATISFIES.
Ask Your Friends.
We grind lens in our own factory.
MFG OPTICIAN ROOM 201 ARCADE.

Reply by Berlin to Wilson's Peace Note

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Following is official text of German note addressed to Secretary Lansing and signed by Count von Bernstorff. It is identical with the note given to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin by the German foreign office:

Mr. Secretary of State: Your excellency was good enough to transmit to the imperial government a copy of the message which the president of the United States addressed to the senate on the 22d inst.

The imperial government has given it the earnest consideration which the president's statements deserve, inspired as they are by a deep sentiment of responsibility.

It is highly gratifying to the imperial government to ascertain that the main tendencies of this important statement correspond largely to the desires and principles professed by Germany. These principles especially include self-government and equality of rights for all nations.

Germany would be sincerely glad if, in recognition of this principle, countries like Ireland and India, which do not enjoy the benefits of political independence should now obtain their freedom.

The German people also repudiate all alliances which serve to force the countries into a competition for might and to involve them in a net of selfish intrigues.

On the other hand, Germany will gladly co-operate in all efforts to prevent future wars. The freedom of the seas, being a preliminary condition of the free existence of nations and the peaceful intercourse between them, as well as the open door for the commerce of all nations, has always formed part of the leading principles of Germany's political program.

All the more the imperial government regrets that the attitude of her enemies, who are so entirely opposed to peace, makes it impossible for the world at present to bring about the realization of these lofty ideals.

Germany and her allies were ready to enter now into a discussion of peace

and had set down as a basis the guaranty of existence, honor, and free development of their peoples. Their aims, as has been expressly stated in the note of Dec. 12, 1916, were not directed towards the destruction or annihilation of their enemies, and were, according to their conviction, perfectly compatible with the rights of the other nations.

As to Belgium, for which such warm and cordial sympathy is felt in the United States, the chancellor had declared only a few weeks previously that its annexation had never formed part of Germany's intentions. The peace to be signed with Belgium was to provide for such conditions in that country, with which Germany desires to maintain friendly neighborly relations, that Belgium should not be used again by Germany's enemies for the purpose of instigating continuous hostile intrigues.

Such precautionary measures are all the more necessary as Germany's enemies have repeatedly stated not only in speeches delivered by their leading men, but also in the statutes of the economical conference in Paris, that it is their intention not to treat Germany as an equal, even after peace has been restored, but to continue their hostile attitude and especially to wage

RECIPE TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

This Home Made Mixture Darkens Gray Hair and Makes It Soft and Glossy.

To a half pint of water add:
Bay Rum 1 oz.
Barbo Compound a small box
Glycerine ¼ oz.

These are all simple ingredients that you can buy from any druggist at very little cost, and mix them yourself. Apply to the hair once a day for two weeks, then once every other week until all the mixture is used.

A half pint should be enough to darken the gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. It should make a gray-haired person look 20 years younger.—Adv.

a systematic economical war against her.

The attempt of the four (central) allied powers to bring about peace has failed owing to the lust of conquest of their enemies, who desired to dictate the conditions of peace. Under the pretense of following their real aims in this way—viz: to dismember and dishonor Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria.

To the wish of reconciliation they oppose the will of destruction. They desire a fight to the bitter end.

A new situation has thus been created which forces Germany to new decisions. Since two years and a half England is using her naval power for a criminal attempt to force Germany into submission by starvation.

In brutal contempt of international law, the group of powers led by England does not only curtail the legitimate trade of their opponents but they also, by ruthless pressure, compel neutral countries either to altogether forego every trade not agreeable to the entente powers or to limit it according to their arbitrary decrees.

The American government knows the steps which have been taken to cause England and her allies to return to the rules of international law and to respect the freedom of the seas.

The English government, however, insists upon continuing its war of starvation, which does not at all affect the military power of its opponents, but which does harm to the sick and the aged, to suffer for their country pains and privations which endanger the vitality of the nation.

Thus British tyranny mercilessly increases the sufferings of the world, indifferent to the protest of the neutrals, whom they severely harm, indifferent even to the silent longing for peace among England's own allies.

Each day of the terrible struggle causes new destruction, new sufferings. Each day shortening the war will on both sides preserve the life of thousands of brave soldiers and be a benefit to mankind.

The imperial government could not justify before its own conscience, before the German people, and before history the neglect of any means destined to bring about the end of the war. Like

the president of the United States, the imperial government had hoped to reach this goal by negotiations.

After the attempts to come to an understanding with the entente powers have been answered by the latter with the announcement of an intensified continuation of the war, the imperial government—in order to serve the welfare of mankind in a higher sense and not to wrong its own people, is now compelled to continue the fight for existence, again forced upon it, with the full employment of all the weapons which are at its disposal.

Sincerely trusting that the people and government of the United States will understand the motives for this decision and its necessity, the imperial government hopes that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and assist on their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life.

In closing memorandum regarding the details of the contemplated military measures at sea, I remain, etc.,
J. BERNSTORFF.

Chile raises its best tobacco from seed obtained in Cuba.

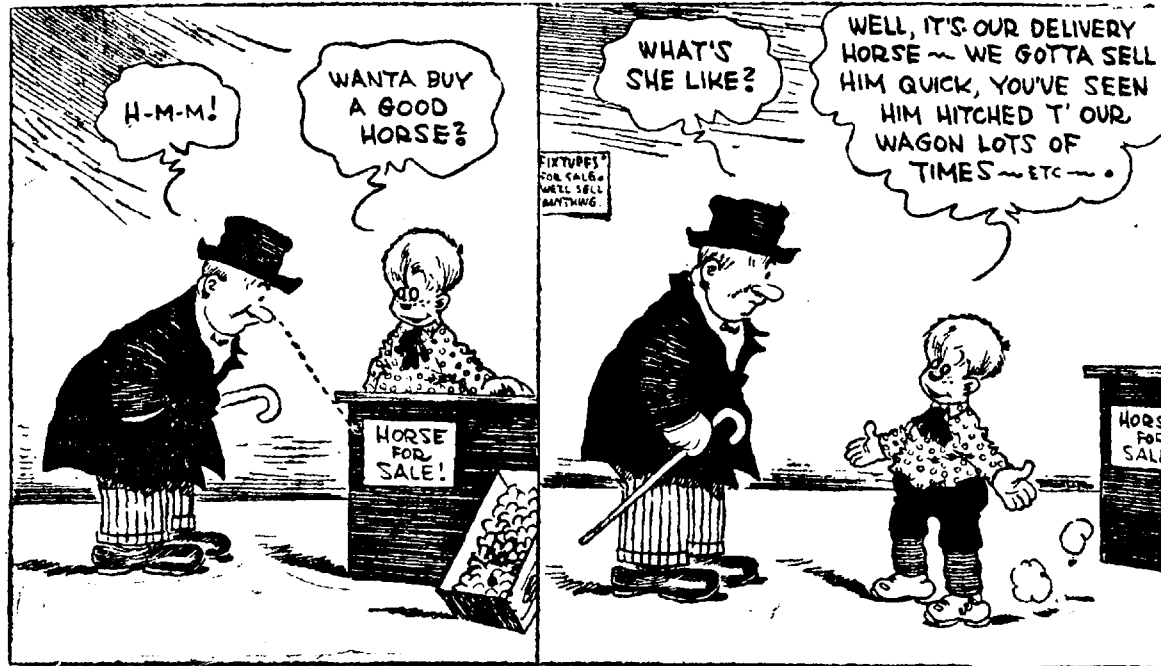
WHY SOCIETY WOMEN WASH THEIR OWN HAIR

They do, not because it is a fad, but because they wish to obtain the greatest possible hair beauty and be sure they are not using anything harmful. They have found that in washing the hair it is never wise to use a makeshift but is always advisable to use a preparation made for shampooing only. Many of our friends say they get the best results from a simple home-made canthrox mixture. You can use this at a cost of about three cents a shampoo by getting some canthrox from your druggist, and dissolving a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. This makes enough shampoo liquid to apply to all the hair instead of just the top of the head, as with most preparations. Dandruff, excess oil and dirt are dissolved and entirely disappear in the rinsing water. Your hair will be so fluffy that it will look much heavier than it is. Its lustre and softness will also delight you.—Advertisement.

Outbursts of Everett True

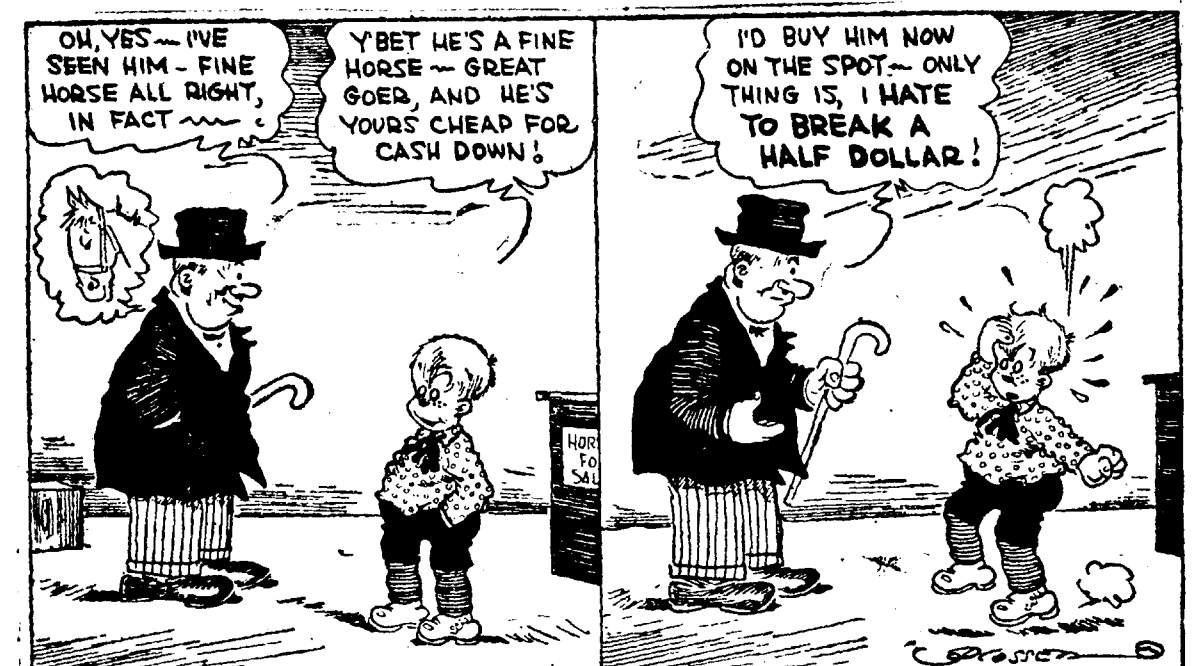


Freckles and His Friends



THE NAG IS STILL FOR SALE.

By Blosser



Doings of the Duffs

OLD CAPTAIN GALE BLOWS IN FOR A FEW DAYS.

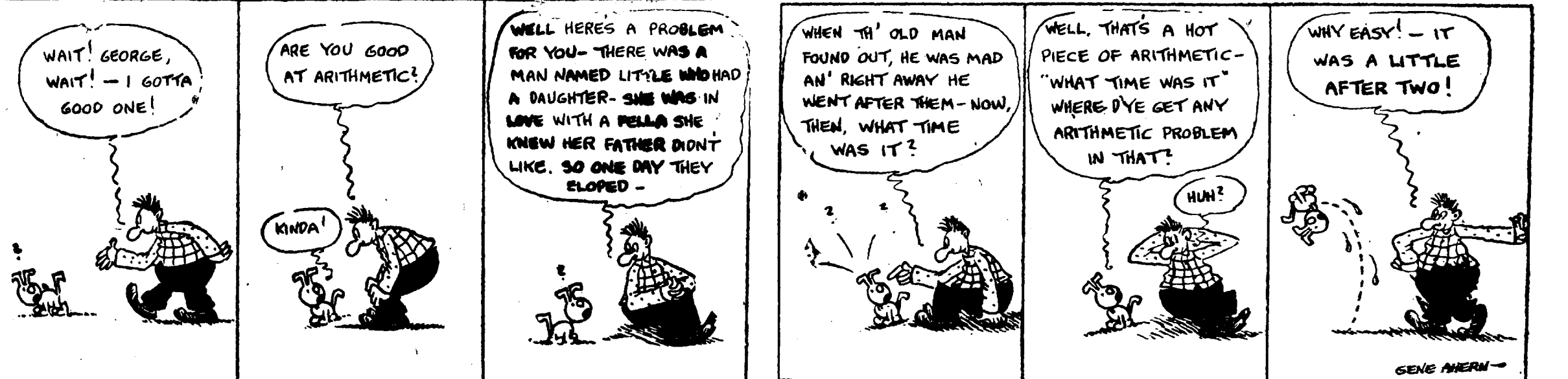
By Allman



Squirrel Food

IT'S A GOOD THING THEY BELONG TO THE UNION!

By Ahern



Chesnut Charlie

By Blosser



COMMISSIONERS LET THE SPRINGER ROAD

Joint Session Held at Pluff-ton to Award Highway Contract.

The George F. Springer road, along the line east and west, between Jefferson township, Wells county, and Pleasant town, Allen county, was let on contract Thursday to Clark & Simmons, contractors, of Bluffton. The county commissioners of Wells and Allen counties met in joint session at Bluffton, to award the job.

The road is over five miles in length, and the engineer's estimate was \$22,831.40. The bid by the successful contractor was \$19,229. There were twelve bidders.

Cross Complaint Filed.

In a cross complaint filed in the divorce suit of Rosa Myrick against Ada Myrick, she charges he has abandoned her; that he was quarrelsome; that he said he did not care for her and would not live with her. Myrick is charged with finally leaving the city with another woman.

Suit on Account.

S. F. Bowser & Co., Inc., has filed suit against Louis W. Brudl, doing business as the Premium Puncture Proof Tire house, to collect \$147.73 on account.

Suit is Vented.

Suit of Mrs. Nora Cuthall against Hiram Frazier for \$5,000 damages, alleging she and her husband were driving to Fort Wayne May 6, 1916, on the Lima road and that as they turned to the right to pass another rig, Frazier coming up from the rear at a high rate of speed struck their rig, upsetting it, causing Mrs. Cuthall to be thrown out and injured, has been vented to DeKalb county. The other venue suit is for demand for \$40,000 on a mortgage given by Henry M. Williams and wife on 1.25 acres of land in Allen county, the plaintiff in the case being L. H. Moore. The mortgage was given on real estate to secure the payment of two principal bonds, one for \$25,000 and the other for \$8,500.

Wants Marriage Annulled.

In an amended complaint filed by Archie Macbeth against Grace D. Macbeth, he asserts they were married May 23, 1916, and separated December 22, 1916. The defendant's first husband died and her second husband was Jacob B. Chapman. Macbeth says he was not aware his wife had not been divorced from Chapman for a period of two years when he married her and he, for that reason, asks the marriage be declared null and void. Macbeth & Hogg are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Notes of the Courts.

Jay McIntosh has filed suit in the superior court to collect \$150 on account against Beyer Brothers & Co. E. W. Atkinson is attorney for the plaintiff.

The Arme Fish and Specialty Company.

The Arme Fish and Specialty company has filed suit in the circuit court against Horstmeier & Reiter to recover \$110 on note. S. K. Frankenstein is attorney for the plaintiff.

Naturalization day in the circuit court.

Naturalization day in the circuit court has been set for February 6, when twenty-six applications will be heard.

Cruel Treatment Alleged.

Evelyn Ostermeier has filed suit in the superior court for a divorce from Herman Ostermeier. She alleges the defendant choked her and was in many ways cruel to her. They separated Dec. 16, 1916. A divorce, the custody of the children and alimony in the judgment of the court, is asked. Colebrook & Hogg are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Ethel Sherman Asks Divorce.

In a suit for divorce filed by Ethel Sherman against Abe Sherman the defendant is charged with cruel and inhuman treatment, with calling her vile names and nagging her. The couple was married Feb. 11, 1905. The defendant is charged with unbecoming conduct with a woman other than his wife. Custody of three children and alimony of \$1,500 is asked. Ryan, Ryan & Aldrich are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Accused of Infidelity.

Fannie H. Greene has filed suit in the superior court for a divorce from John J. Greene. The couple was married Sept. 2, 1914, and separated in August, 1916. The defendant is charged with neglecting and abusing the plaintiff and with making false accusations of her infidelity. Macbeth & Hogg are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Marriage Licenses.

Dominic A. Schramm, 33, boiler-maker, and Laura R. Kramer, 39, Emanuel Myers, 30, laborer, Hunt-vertown, and Bertha Worman, 28.

LEAVE BORDER FOR HOME.

Second Indiana Infantry to Start Before Nightfall.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 1.—It was announced at Gen. Funston's headquarters today that the Indiana brigade headquarters and Second infantry at Llano Grande would start for home before night.

WILL HAVE SPECIAL FEATURE.

At the regular meeting of the Woodmen of the World, Fort Wayne camp, No. 129, tonight in the lodge room in App's hall, a special feature in addition to the regular initiation when several candidates will be given the work, will be tried out. The special feature has just been received by District Manager Fackler from the head camp.

Birth Record.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Cecil Chaney, 1297 West Washington street, a boy.

HAD BEEN RESIDENT OF COUNTY 75 YEARS

Mrs. Mary Jane Lipps is Claimed by Death at Age of 84 Years.

Mrs. Mary Jane Lipps, a resident of Allen county for nearly seventy-five years, died at 2:35 o'clock Thursday morning at the home of a daughter, Mrs. Mowse Harrod, 634 East Washington street, at the advanced age of 84 years. Death followed an illness of six months due to infirmities of old age.

The deceased was born in Virginia but came to Allen county when she was a little girl. She settled on a farm near Poe, Ind., with her parents. She was married to David D. Lipps, who died 21 years ago. She had resided in Fort Wayne for the past thirty-one years.

Mrs. Lipps was a member of the First Baptist church and of the Ladies' society of the same congregation. Surviving she leaves five daughters—Mrs. A. DeVilbiss, of Toledo; Mrs. Ezra Archbold, Mrs. Emma Kemp, Mrs. Eva Herring and Mrs. M. Harrod, all of Fort Wayne; one son, Dr. U. G. Lipps, of Indianapolis; nineteen grandchildren; twenty-three great grandchildren and one great-great-grandchild.

Funeral services, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence, Rev. C. H. Snashall officiating.

GOODMAN.

George W. Goodman, aged sixty-two years, died very suddenly at his home, 2126 North Clinton street, at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday night. Death was due to a stroke of apoplexy which he suffered a few minutes before death. He died before medical aid could arrive. He was employed at the Lake Shore freight house and had been at work the entire day. He is survived by the widow, one daughter, Mrs. Carl Stauffer, of this city; one brother, Charles Goodman, of Philadelphia; two sisters, Marie Goodman, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Anna Forquiere, of Toledo. The deceased came to Fort Wayne seven years ago from Charleston, West Virginia.

STOLL.

Five days after her eightieth birthday anniversary Mrs. Elizabeth Stoll, widow of Jacob Stoll, died at her home, 609 Packard avenue, at 9 o'clock Thursday morning following an illness of six weeks due to pneumonia. Her husband died just three months ago. Mrs. Stoll was born in Germany but came to Fort Wayne fifty-three years ago. She had resided here ever since. She was a member of the Bible Training school and surviving she leaves three children—Mrs. J. P. Gumpert, Mrs. J. W. Greider and Otto Stoll, all of this city. There are also nine grandchildren.

Funeral services Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence, Rev. Oyer officiating; interment at Lindenwood.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

Pranger.—Funeral services for Herman Pranger will be held Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock at the residence, 1015 University street, and at nine o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church. Interment at the Catholic cemetery.

Christensen.—Funeral services for Mrs. Mariet Christensen will be held Friday afternoon at 1:15 o'clock at the residence, 1504 East Creighton avenue, and at 2 o'clock at Simpson M. E. church, Rev. Oyer officiating. Interment at Lindenwood. Ben Hur court No. 15 will hold its services at the church.

Botteron.—Funeral services for the Baby Botteron will be held Friday afternoon at one o'clock at the residence, 1343 Huestis avenue, services for Mrs. Any Pyne will be held Friday morning at 10 o'clock, 1223 Burgess street. Burial at Eel River cemetery.

BERLIN PRESS LAUDS NEW SEA WAR STAND

Hails With Delight New Policy Framed for Submarines.

Berlin, Feb. 1.—The press of Berlin receives the announcement of unrestricted submarine warfare with delight. The pan-German papers do not exult to the extent which might have been expected, but the liberal organs almost without exception abandon their old-time opposition and hail the chancellor's views with expressions of approval.

Reporting on operations along the Franco-Belgian front today's German army headquarters, statement says: "Western front.—At many points along the front valuable information regarding the enemy was gathered by reconnoitering parties."

SPANELL NOT GUILTY OF MURDERING WIFE

San Angelo, Tex., Feb. 1.—A verdict of not guilty was returned after less than two hours' deliberation today by the jury in the case of Harry J. Spanell, of Alpine, Tex., tried on a charge of killing his wife, Crystal Holland Spanell, last July.

OFFICE SEEKERS MUST FILE BEFORE FRIDAY

Commission Names Saturday as Close for Primary Entries.

Mr. Office Seeker, your "holding off" must end on Saturday, the city election commission has decided. If your name is not listed as a candidate by Saturday night, you will miss a lot of hand shaking between now and March 4. Sunday is in reality the last day on which law says that names may be filed. Some candidates have asked to be allowed to enter the race for city office on Monday, Valentine, of Monday entries will have to be tested by legal process, the commission holds. There is no reason why names cannot be in before Saturday evening, members of the board believe.

Names which were filed late Wednesday afternoon and Thursday morning are: Otto Koenig, candidate for city clerk, on the democratic ticket; Captain John E. Miller, republican, candidate for city clerk; John A. Orr, republican, candidate for councilman from the Sixth ward, and Charles A. Fissel, republican, candidate for councilman from the Tenth ward.

WILL TALK STREETS.

Paving of Driveways Subject to Board of Works Meeting.

Board of works will talk about city streets at their regular session, Thursday evening.

Petition for opening of East Boerger avenue, in South Fort Wayne, from Piqua avenue to alley west of Piqua avenue, will be received.

Assessment rolls for paving of Clinton street, from Sixth street to the north city limits and for paving the alley between Calhoun and Harrison streets, from Douglas avenue to Brack- enridge street, will be acted upon. Resolutions will be adopted for paving the following streets: Fox avenue, from Taylor street to Howe avenue; Glasgow avenue, from Dwenger avenue to Man- uue avenue; Lafayette street, from Wiebe street to McKinnic avenue; the intersection of Rudisill boulevard; Andrews street, from Fourth street to Putnam street; Oak street, from Division street to Ohio street; Sixth street, from Cass street to Calhoun street; from Cass street from Harrison street to Hoag- land avenue; Barry street, from Wallace street to DeWald street, and Wayne street, from Grant avenue to Glasgow avenue.

MANY SIGNATURES.

Claimed That 950 Citizens Have Signed Clinton Street Petition. Report to several members of the Citizens' Clinton Street Extension association, which met at the Commercial club Wednesday night, stated that 950 citizens have signed the petition which asks that Clinton street be opened across the Pennsylvania and Wabash railroad right-of-ways.

Representative Phil M. McNaghy favors the project, reported C. E. Moellering, who has been in conference with McNaghy. The legislator told Moellering that he thought there was a general demand in Fort Wayne for the opening of the street.

Anselm Fuebner, who has talked with Fred Zollars, representing the Pennsylvania railroad, reported that the attorney had claimed that the project would work an "un necessary hardship on the railroad company."

Mr. Fuebner says he assured Zollars that "taxpayers of Fort Wayne are willing to compensate for any actual damage in opening of Clinton street." Signers among business men will be asked for on petitions, which will be placed before the legislature, to show feeling in Fort Wayne upon the proposed opening of the street.

Those who took active part in the Wednesday night meeting were George M. Haffner, Anselm Fuebner, C. W. Williams, T. E. Bailey, W. G. Burns, Willis Hattersley, Jos. Freiburger, Archie Strain, F. P. Colcesser, G. M. Bowers, E. Shuman, E. Lennan, M. J. Gilman, D. F. Sieling, S. O. Laem- merman, A. W. Grosvenor, Laurence E. Heiny, F. L. Jnes, C. E. Moellering and M. C. Frysinger.

WILL PROTEST.

Meeting of the Forest Park Heights Improvement association has been called for Friday night at the Forest Park tin shop, corner of State street and Crescent avenue, when protest against assessments for paving St. Joe boulevard will be presented. Leaders in the association claim that property away from the St. Joe boulevard is assessed nearly as much as that which fronts on the improved driveway. They propose to organize remonstrance against the assessment roll. They will have an attorney at the Friday night gathering, they give out. Property owners have until March 4, to enter a formal protest to the works board against the assessment plan. They will take the strongest course, members of the improvement association say.

Building Permits.

Four building permits were granted to the City and Suburban Building company Wednesday afternoon, for erecting the following frame dwellings: At 2202 Drexel boulevard, at cost of \$4,000; at 115 Branning avenue, \$2,500; at 4021 Ingham street, \$5,500 and 610 Oakwood avenue, \$5,000.

Architect in St. Paul.

Charles Wetherhogg, architect for the proposed convention hall, is in St. Paul, Minn., where he is studying details of the auditorium of that city. He is especially interested in the arrangement which enables the room to be divided so that three conventions may be in session at one time. Some such plan, for allowing at least two gatherings in the main room of the new hall, will be worked out in construction of the Fort Wayne auditorium.

ONLY SEVEN CLEAR DAYS IN JANUARY

Snowed on Eleven Days and Rained on Nine Days During the Month.

January was rather sparing in its clear days and days of sunshine. According to the monthly report of the local weather man there were but seven clear days during the thirty-one days. There were thirteen cloudy days and eleven partly cloudy. Snow fell on eleven days and there were nine days when it rained.

The highest temperature for the thirty-one days was forty-eight degrees on the twenty-first. The coldest was on the morning of the twenty-sixth, when the thermometer registered four degrees below zero. The total rain fall during the month was 1.80 inches, while the total snow fall was 8.3 inches. There was also two hundredths of an inch of sleet.

The mean temperature for the month was 25.8 degrees, which is nearly the average for this month since records have been kept in this city.

Barometric pressure was the highest on the fifteenth of the month, when the reading was 30.85, and the lowest occurred on the twenty-first, when the reading was 29.24.

WILL LISTEN TO THE BRITISH ADMIRALTY

London Orders to Govern Allied Shipping Lines More Closely.

New York, Feb. 1.—Although representatives here of leading British, French and allied shipping lines said today the movement of their vessels would proceed as scheduled regardless of the German note defining a new naval warfare, it was understood on good authority that the movement of all ships will from now on be controlled to even a greater degree than heretofore by orders of the British admiralty. Prompt action was taken, however, by representatives of neutral lines whose vessels have been touching at Kirkwall and Palomouth for examination. The Danish passenger Hellig Olav, booked to leave today for Copenhagen, was ordered to remain here until further notice. Similar action was taken by the Holland-American line, which has five ships in American ports. Representatives of these lines expect definite orders soon regarding the future movements of their ships from the home offices but until such word is received, it was decided to take the safer course.

From representatives of several of the leading British and French steamship lines and from shipping companies handling chartered freighters flying the flag of the entente allies it was learned that they were doing nothing pending receipt of orders.

Rescued Aviator Physical Wreck



Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry G. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Christians say, however, that the "shipwreck" will leave no ill effects.

SAFETY FIRST MEETINGS.

Of Traction Employees Held in E. M. B. A. Rooms Wednesday. The January safety first meetings of the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company employees were held in the E. M. B. A. rooms at the Chestnut car barns Wednesday afternoon and evening. C. A. Beamer presided at the meetings. In the afternoon Harry V. Norford, of the maintenance of way department, delivered the principal address of the afternoon. Courtesy on the part of men in public utility service formed the keynote of his speech which was attended by all who were off duty at that time.

In the evening James J. Brennan, superintendent of transportation, gave a talk laying particular stress on obedience to rule, as a means of furthering public safety. This meeting was well attended by those who could not attend the afternoon session. A great interest is being taken by the men and they are getting the good out of the talks by department heads.

FORMER LOCAL LADY DIES.

Mrs. Katherine Lindlag, of this city, received word Thursday of the death of her Emma Scheer of St. Louis, Mo. She was born and reared in Fort Wayne and had resided here until twelve years ago. She was 35 years of age and death was due to double pneumonia. She is survived by the husband, four children, one brother, Edward Lindlag, one sister, Mrs. Sherman Paul, and the mother, all of this city. The remains were laid to rest in St. Louis.

BULLETIN.

London, Feb. 1.—(4:48 p. m.)—The sinking of blue vessels causing the British fleet to be ordered to the coast of France and the German fleet to be ordered to the coast of Norway.

TEMPERANCE DRINKS GET SOME ATTENTION

Amendment is Tacked Onto State Dry Bill After a Fight.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Senator Erskine today secured the adoption of an amendment to the state-wide prohibition bill which is designed, he said, to make specific the provisions for the manufacture of so-called temperance drinks, those not containing so much as 1/4 of 1 per cent of alcohol by volume. There was a fight on this proposition led by Senator Bracken, who said it was simply an invitation looking toward the so-called "temperance parlors" of fifteen years ago which were, he said, to all intents and purposes blind tigers. The vote in favor of the amendment was 30 to 19.

Senator Fleming offered an amendment that provided for the protection of owners of liquors in government bonded warehouses at the time the act takes effect. The owners are to be privileged to dispose of their goods outside of the state, where such sale does not conflict with other state or federal laws. This amendment was adopted by viva voce vote.

Senator English then proposed an amendment referring the question to a popular vote, to be held the third Tuesday of September, 1917. This proposal was defeated on a roll call, 30 to 15.

Senator Kinder's proposed amendment was intended, he said, to make the penalties of the bill operative against railroads at the same time they are operative against persons, firms or corporations. Senator Simmons pointed out that this provision was useless, the bill itself carrying no emergency clause and fixing a time when it should become effective against all violators.

MAIL CARRIER SEES ROOF IN FLAMES

Prevents Destruction of Doctor's Home by Warning.

W. C. Vollmer, 1107 Columbia avenue, was the mail man, garbed in the regulation uniform, who chanced to glance to the roof of the home of Dr. Charles R. Dancer, 905 Columbia avenue, as Vollmer walked past the house, Thursday, at noon. Vollmer saw clouds of smoke rolling from the shingles. He dashed upon the front porch of the home.

"Your house is on fire," he gasped. Dr. Dancer telephoned in the fire alarm. There was hurried and noisy response. The blaze had gained considerable headway on both sides of the covering. A heavy stream of water was necessary in putting out the blaze. Damage is \$100. The furniture in upstairs rooms was slightly damaged by water. Timely discovery of the fire, started by falling sparks, saved the house from complete destruction, firemen say.

Other Fires.

Passengers fairly tumbled from a Lakeside street car when the carrier was filled with smoke from the burning motor at Columbus street, Thursday morning. Crossed wires in the coils under the car are supposed to have started the noisy conflagration. Insulation was burned from the wires in the motor. Damage is slight. Firemen were called and put out the blaze by use of chemicals.

Another of the four blazes which gave February a flying start towards a new fire record, was in the home of Mary Buckley, 1416 Ewing street, at 8 o'clock, Thursday morning. Sparks from the chimney fired the roof. Damage is \$10.

SAFETY FIRST MEETINGS.

Of Traction Employees Held in E. M. B. A. Rooms Wednesday.

The January safety first meetings of the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company employees were held in the E. M. B. A. rooms at the Chestnut car barns Wednesday afternoon and evening. C. A. Beamer presided at the meetings. In the afternoon Harry V. Norford, of the maintenance of way department, delivered the principal address of the afternoon. Courtesy on the part of men in public utility service formed the keynote of his speech which was attended by all who were off duty at that time.

In the evening James J. Brennan, superintendent of transportation, gave a talk laying particular stress on obedience to rule, as a means of furthering public safety. This meeting was well attended by those who could not attend the afternoon session. A great interest is being taken by the men and they are getting the good out of the talks by department heads.

FORMER LOCAL LADY DIES.

Mrs. Katherine Lindlag, of this city, received word Thursday of the death of her Emma Scheer of St. Louis, Mo. She was born and reared in Fort Wayne and had resided here until twelve years ago. She was 35 years of age and death was due to double pneumonia. She is survived by the husband, four children, one brother, Edward Lindlag, one sister, Mrs. Sherman Paul, and the mother, all of this city. The remains were laid to rest in St. Louis.

BULLETIN.

London, Feb. 1.—(4:48 p. m.)—The sinking of blue vessels causing the British fleet to be ordered to the coast of France and the German fleet to be ordered to the coast of Norway.

PREPARE TO SHIVER; COLD WAVE IS COMING

Weatherman Predicts Ten Below Zero Mark by Morning.

Everybody has heard of cold waves. Everybody has seen the temperature drop 20 degrees in twenty-four hours. But the cold wave that promises to strike Fort Wayne by Friday morning is the kind that will make everybody shiver. According to the prediction the thermometer will register in the neighborhood of 10 degrees below the zero mark.

Mr. Ground Hog will not wait Tuesday until he sees his shadow before he retreats to his den. It is the presumption that he will come out until his little bare nose gets a taste of the weather on the outside and will go no further, but will go right back from where he came.

The cold wave which was centered near St. Louis Wednesday began to move during the night. It is bringing extremely cold weather. At Omaha, Neb., Thursday morning the mercury fell to 22 degrees below zero.

Packers and shippers have been warned of the drop in temperature and housewives and owners of homes are warned to take care of the water pipes in the house.

The temperature began falling at noon and continued to do so during the afternoon.

SENATORS ARE URGED TO VOTE AGAINST BILL

That those opposing the state-wide prohibition bill which was scheduled to come up for final action in the senate have not been asleep was indicated by the large number of telegrams sent to members of the upper house from Fort Wayne Wednesday evening and Thursday morning. The telegrams urged the senators to oppose the bill. Operators in the telegraph offices worked until a late hour sending them and when the telegraph office opened Thursday morning there was another big batch, not so many, however, as were filed Wednesday evening.

FUR RABBITS NOT PROFITABLE THING

Government Experts Discount Claims for Bunny as Fur Producer.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The United States department of agriculture during the past few months, has received many inquiries regarding the merits of certain rabbits that have been extensively advertised as fur producers. Replies to such inquiries have stated that the demand for rabbit fur is such as to make it pay to save the pelts of domestic rabbits killed for food, but that raising rabbits for the fur trade would be unprofitable with any known breed. Some facts about the trade in rabbit skins will be of interest in this connection.

More skins of rabbits are collected and sold annually than of all other fur animals combined. Before the present war Great Britain imported each year from 70,000,000 to 90,000,000 skins, while the home production added 30,000,000 more. The imported supply came from Australia and the nearer European countries. France, Belgium, Germany, the United States and other countries, also use large quantities of this fur. The bulk of it is sold in bales, bringing from 10 cents to 50 cents a pound, dependent on color and quality. The better class of skins sell by the dozen, bringing 50 cents to \$1, that is, less than 10 cents each.

Rabbit skins are bought largely for felt purposes, the fur being made into cloth or coarse hats, while the skins are utilized for manufacturing glue. Fine hats are made of nutria (the fur of the South American coypu) or of nutria and rabbit mixed. The fur of the common wild rabbits of America does not felt well and is in slight demand. Whole skins of these animals seldom sell for more than 1 or 2 cents each.

The better kinds of rabbit skins are used for making fur garments, which, when made up, are commonly sold as "conys" but often under other trade names. White skins are made up in imitation of arctic fox, or sheared, in imitation of ermine. Gray rabbits are dyed brown or black and become "Baltic black fox" or "Baltic brown fox"; seal-tipped, they become "inland seal," "electric seal" or "coat seal" or "near-seal." Reputable furriers avoid such names, or, if they use them, frankly explain that the goods are cony or rabbit. These garments, while handsome and comfortable, have little durability and are therefore cheap.

Statements to the effect that certain breeds of rabbits produce pelts of high market value are unwarranted.

IN REGULAR SESSION.

Columbian Court of Honor No. 242, requests all its members to be present at a regular meeting to be held Friday evening. Business of importance will be taken up.

FORT WAYNE LEAGUE WINS STATE PENNANT

Sells More Seals Per Capita Than Any Other City in Indiana.

Fort Wayne Anti-Tuberculosis league captured the state pennant. This statement was made Wednesday afternoon at the state meeting of the society held at South Bend. Fort Wayne sold more Red Cross seals per capita than any other city in the state which has a population of 50,000 or more.

With all the seals accounted for Fort Wayne sold 6.8 seals per capita, which was far ahead of its nearest competitor. The pennant was given to Miss Irene Byron, executive secretary, and Mrs. J. R. Moriwether, who attended the meeting.

The pennant is of large size and the word "Fort Wayne" is in large white letters over the front of the pennant. On the rear side is inscribed, "Pennant for cities of class 7, with population of 50,000 or more." Nothing definite can be said about the national campaign, but Fort Wayne stands a fine chance and it is believed that this city outdone every other city in the country in its sale of seals.

MR. TAFT DECLARES IT GROSSLY UNWARRANTED

Former President Assails New Sea Policy by Germany.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 1.—A grossly unwarranted extension of the right of blockade was the characterization of the new German policy of unrestricted submarine warfare made by former President Wm. H. Taft, who addressed the state legislature today. He said in part:

"The dangerous crisis in our relations with Germany forced by her declared intention to

Office, 114 W. Wayne St.

Office, 114 W. Wayne St. he worked faithfully in the building duct the services.

STOP!

You Are Violating Nature's Laws



That catarrh is going to make trouble for you if you do not check it at once. Start right today. Send for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED TREATMENT FOR CATARRH and get this annoying disease out of your system.

GAUSS OFFERS TO GIVE AWAY THIS WEEK, 2,000 TRIAL PACKAGES OF HIS COMBINED TREATMENT. AND IF YOU ACT PROMPTLY YOU CAN GET ONE NOW FREE OF CHARGE.

It is a wonderful medicine, and relieves the disease by first driving out the cause. This is the only correct way to treat catarrh and is the reason why GAUSS' COMBINED TREATMENT succeeds where all else fails. If you want quick and lasting results, send at once for the free treatment.

Fill out the coupon below, send to C. E. GAUSS, 782 MAIN ST., MARSHALL, MICH., and the package will at once be sent to you by parcel post, all charges prepaid.

FREE

This coupon is good for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED CATARRH TREATMENT, sent free by mail. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below, and mail to C. E. GAUSS, 782 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

Get the Habit Of Reading Sentinel Want Ads Daily

You can glance through The Sentinel Want Ad Pages each evening with little or no effort, and the habit is a very profitable one—whether with any fixed need in mind or not. One single opening or money-making chance that comes to you through our Want Ad columns more than justifies the time spent in reading them right along. START NOW. PHONE 173

FORT WAYNE PLUMBING and HEATING Co. Inc. Prompt and Reliable

IF YOU WANT ELECTRIC SERVICE

PHONE 293.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE Made by THE ALLEN COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY Are Reliable. WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR 725 COURT STREET.

DR. JOHNSTON OSTEOPATH 4th FLOOR SHOFF BLDG. Graduate of Kirksville, Mo. Diseases and Deformities Treated EXAMINATION FREE Phone—Office, 1529. —Res. 6534

Don't Grow Old

Try Krudop Anthracite Chestnut Coal—All Grades of Soft Coal. Phone 3022 or 125 GEO. H. KRUDOP.

SENTINEL WANT ADS ALWAYS GET RESULTS

A LASS OF THE LUMBERLANDS

by E. ALEXANDER POWELL

NOVELIZED FROM THE MOTION PICTURE SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME. PRODUCED BY THE SIGNAL FILM CORP.

SYNOPSIS.

Rupert Holmes, a lumberman of the North Woods, disappointed at becoming the father of a daughter instead of a son, abandons his wife and child to the log-camp river. Thinking them dead, he allies himself with the lumber trust head, and his wife and baby are picked up and cared for by Dave Dawson. Twenty years later Rupert Holmes is the lumber magnate fighting the independents around him. His daughter, Helen, unknown to him, has brought herself to his attention by several heroic acts about the camps. She takes up a fight against the trust and leads the independents in their defense against the great Amalgamated which seeks to absorb their hard-earned properties. In this Helen is assisted by Tom Dawson, a young engineer, and her foster father, Dave Dawson. Helen discovers that the trust is not living up to their charter and she proceeds against them. Helen meets a man who is a half-breed, but she helps elect another. Rupert Holmes meets his abandoned wife, Virginia, whom he has thought dead and learns that his own daughter is fighting him in an attempt to kill Virginia. He renders her an invalid, but she tells the truth about Holmes to Little Bear, the Indian boy. The Amalgamated forest strike among the independent camps. In a riot the buildings are burned. Holmes' agent releases a car of explosive against the independent lumber train, but it is stopped by the act of Helen. Holmes sends his son Stephen to win Helen to the side of the trust, but the boy falls in love with the girl. His father sends him away. Little Bear confronts Holmes with a threat and tells him of his daughter's escape. Holmes learns from her dying mother that she is Holmes' daughter. Holmes orders his marriage records destroyed and destroys Tom Dawson and Helen. Holmes finally recovers the papers but water has rendered them worthless. In order to hold up Dawson's work, Holmes succeeds in getting the men off the job. Helen, to the fight, the gunmen are beaten and Dawson's work goes on. But Holmes carries out a run on Dawson's bank to demolish the men. Helen steals an engine and while Dawson stands the gang off at the switch she runs to Merced and returns with money from the bank. Holmes decides that to save himself, Thomas, Helen, and the rest of the way. He orders his thugs to do the job, but the fellow arranged to abduct Helen and capture her. Helen escapes the train but she is followed by Tom Dawson and together they get away. Holmes' agents are crossing the chasm on a wire. Behrens is shot by Tom.

FOURTEENTH EPISODE

When the news of the Behrens attempt to force Helen Dawson into a marriage with him became public in Dawson, there was such a turmoil among the independent lumber workers as promised short shift for the hiring of Holmes in case his injuries received at the hands of Tom Dawson did not prove fatal.

A meeting called at the town hall was devoted to planning for the punishment of Holmes and his band of ruffians, including the dispersal of "Spike" Deering's gang—a long a terror to the district.

These rumblings of a coming retribution reached the acute ears of "Dollar" Holmes in his retreat at Capitol City. The lumber baron was torn between his desire to beat the independent crowd and prevent their getting lumber out of the Upper Valley, and his fear that Stephen, headstrong and determined like himself, would try to carry out his idea of marrying Helen Dawson.

It was a desperate dilemma, for Holmes was aware that if he told Stephen that Helen was his half sister, this confession would involve revelation of the whole miserable story—how Helen's mother had been driven from home by brutality, how the child had been reared by the Dawsons in ignorance of her parentage, and how Stephen's mother had married his father on the assumption that he was free to marry, whereas actually his first wife was still living.

Now that Behrens' effort to remove Helen Holmes from the problem had failed, the old millionaire was confronted with far more serious complications than had ever beset him in the past. Stephen was now a man. He had been demanding explanations of many things with which he had not previously concerned himself. But even more serious than these considerations was the sudden appearance in the community of Jake Dill,

one of Holmes' former hirelings, who had been released after serving over twenty years in the Wyoming penitentiary for murder.

Dill was the most dangerous man in the world from "Dollar" Holmes' point of view. It was he who had witnessed the brutal slaying by Holmes in a quarrel, of old Sleepy Dog, the Klamath Indian chief, head of the tribe which had owned all the lands now claimed by Holmes as his own.

Dill knew the whole story from beginning to end, and if any of the opposition crowd happened to get Dill under control he might easily be made the instrument of court procedure, which would not only dispossess Holmes of his millions but arraign him as a murderer into the bargain.

What Holmes knew was that Dill had already been in conference with Little Bear, college-bred son of Sleepy Dog, and that events were brewing which boded ill for his future peace. Yet, so convinced was he of the old man of his ultimate ability to outwit his opponents, that he gave only passing thought to the danger threatening him personally, devoting his mental energies to the formation of new schemes. If the worst came to the worst he would tell Stephen the facts regarding his birth. Until this became absolutely necessary he would not do so.

With the independents, matters had improved markedly since the payment of \$37,000 by Stephen Holmes in his father's behalf had permitted Dawson to pay his men and go ahead with the completion of the Shady Creek extension.

Now the road was practically finished and in fact the first log train had already gone. Within a few days it was anticipated that regular trains would be running and the long anticipated era of prosperity for the owners of Upper Valley timber property would be at hand. Holmes' efforts to check this construction had been persistent and unscrupulous, but in his various schemes he had been foiled by the quick wit of Helen and the ready resource of her friends.

Pondering his latest plan, Holmes sat drumming with one hand on the big mahogany desk in his private office. The big black cigar that invariably entered into his most private reflections, pointed its ragged end upward at an acute angle. Suddenly the door opened and Holmes looked up. Blake, his private secretary, stood there.

"Did you send for me?" asked Blake.

"No, but I was going to—case of thought transference," grinned the magnate. "Sit down, Blake."

The secretary feared Holmes. He had been bound to the indomitable old fellow's chariot wheel for many years. Always he had lived in fear of what was to happen when Holmes got found out.

"Blake," snapped Holmes, changing his air of bantering good nature to one of stern command, "there's a big job on foot tonight and you're in on it."

Blake shrank as a small shrink into its shell when trodden on. He had felt in his bones that some risky enterprise was pending and that he might be involved in it out of the necessities of his master, especially since Behrens had succeeded in getting himself perforated by a well-aimed rifle bullet.

"Let me out of it," Blake stammered. "I—I'm not feeling well."

"Cut that!" roared Holmes. "Do as you are bid and don't come any of that weak-kneed stuff with me. I'm going to Merced Falls tonight and you're going along. Get a drawing room reserved on the Limited, and—don't tell anybody where you're going."

Blake made one more feeble effort to escape the journey which he feared involved some desperate motive and then gave in.

"Very well, sir," he assented, "the reservation will be attended to."

Neither Holmes nor Blake left their stateroom that night on the run from Capitol City to Merced Falls. Blake, who was unknown to the conductor, handled the tickets and in this way Holmes entirely escaped the observation of the train crew.

In the two muffled, ill-clad figures that crept stealthily toward the Merced steel bridge late that night, it would have been difficult to recognize either Holmes or Blake, but despite their precautions they were not unobserved.

The supply of dynamite carried by Holmes in a leather bag would have been sufficient to destroy four bridges, but the lumber baron was taking no chances. He knew that with the bridge out, all the labor of the independents would go for naught, since not a stick of lumber would be able to get through to the mills and in the three months or more that might be necessary to repair the bridge, he would have time to put his affairs on a more secure basis.

"Dollar" Holmes was an expert in the handling of explosives. In the old days he had smashed more than one big jam with an extra dose of the "juice" and had laughed when his associates scurried in all directions, fearing to be killed by the huge charges he insisted on using.

When he touched a match to the fuse and began walking away at his old-time, leisurely gait, Blake, the secretary, stood shaking as though rooted to the spot.

"Come on, you d—d fool," yelled Holmes, but Blake was overcome by his fears and could not place one foot

before the other.

At last, with a shriek of terror, Blake recovered the use of his limbs, but instead of following in the direction taken by Holmes he ran wildly across the bridge. Holmes saw him going, apparently to certain death. With an oath he turned and ran. What happened to a fool like Blake was Blake's own funeral.

An instant later, with a tremendous roar and a glare that lit the country side, the two end spans of the Merced bridge rose in the air, buckled like a couple of steel hairpins, and collapsed into the river—a chaos of girders and struts.

Helen Dawson, asleep in the Falls hotel at Merced Falls, leaped from her bed with one bound and rushed to the window. An instant later, the bells were ringing all over the town and Helen jumped into her clothes just in time to meet Tom Dawson and Jim Morrissey as they plunged down the stairway.

"It's the bridge," yelled Morrissey. "they've got us this time, I guess."

Half the population of the town flocked toward the river and leading them went the two Dawsons, followed by Morrissey and Helen. The independent leaders had come to Merced to make arrangements for their lumber shipments, and the first two loaded trains were to have passed the following morning.

It was Morrissey who stumbled over the body of a man lying between the rails on the third span from the Merced bank of the river. The body was crumpled up in a grotesque attitude.

"Anybody know this crook?" demanded Morrissey, flashing his lantern in the face of the unconscious man. "Heaven's!" cried Helen, "it's Mr. Blake—Holmes' private secretary. Quick Tom, let's carry him where he can have medical care."

"Carry nothing," roared Morrissey, "let the bound die and be d—d to him."

The woman's choice prevailed, however. Blake was carried to the hotel and cared for until he regained consciousness. There he recognized Helen Dawson and in her confided to an extent that did not become known until some time later. When Helen left the man she was smiling contentedly.

"The destruction of the bridge was a knockout blow for the independents, so far as surface indications might be concerned. It was plain that no lumber could pass the river until the bridge had been repaired, but that feature of the situation had already been discounted in Helen's mind. What she was after now was proof of Holmes' responsibility for the disaster and the ending of his brutal rule on the lumber range.

Joe Dawson sat with his head in his hands, a beaten man. The vital facts stared him in the face. He looked a woman's intuitive grasp of possible future events. To him all looked as black as night.

"I guess we're all though," he remarked with a wry smile "might as well let 'em have it."

"Dad," laughed Helen, "you remind me of the darkest hour that comes before the dawn—we're not beaten. We're winning."

Dawson stared at the girl in amazement. To be sure she had pulled victory out of defeat for the independents on half a dozen occasions, but how was any human being, angel or devil, for that matter, to run lumber trains over a wrecked bridge?

"Don't see the first sign of dawn," said Dawson, "it's the dead of night where I'm sitting."

"Now listen," Helen went on, "I've got a plan that will put us where we shall have Holmes in the hollow of our hands unless it fails. Jake Dill is back, you know. Has that suggested anything to either of you men?"

Dawson sat and stared. The story of Holmes' early career—the Klamath Indian steal—the death of Sleepy Dog—all these memories were involved with the return of Dill.

"Well," said the contractor, "of course there's Little Bear. He's Sleepy Dog's son, and if he had any punch he'd choke Holmes to death."

"Don't you understand," pursued Helen, "that with Dill as state's witness Little Bear can prove his title to every foot of land Holmes lays claim to. Don't you understand that we've got him completely if only we can keep Dill where we want him and sober?"

Dawson rose to his feet abruptly. He realized in a flash that the keen analytical power of this young girl had once more pointed the way to victory. He'll get Dill right now and keep him until we need him," Dawson declared.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

The old-time secret of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle.

It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. It moistens your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, by repeating the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

"Come on, you d—d fool," yelled Holmes, but Blake was overcome by his fears and could not place one foot



W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 & \$8

You can Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. The best Known Shoes in the World.

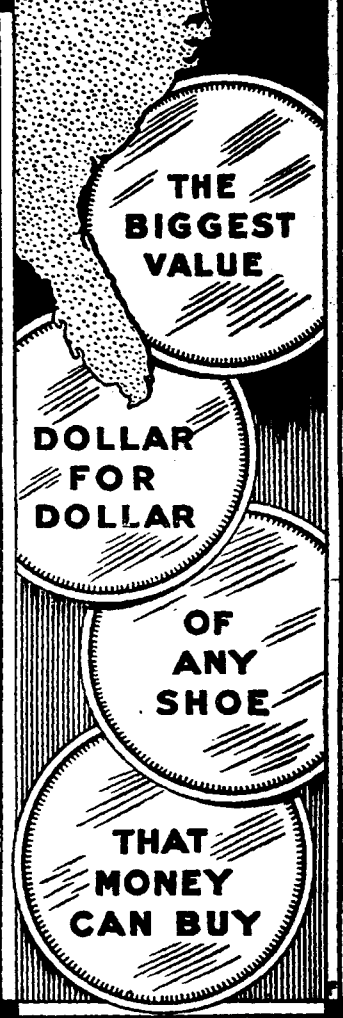
W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas products is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to order shoes by mail, W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. postage free. 310 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS STORE: 818-820 CALHOUN ST., FT. WAYNE



MEXICANS BUYING SUPPLIES IN JAPAN

Three Agents of Carranza Succeeded in Making Purchases

Tokio, Jan. 3.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Considerable interest has been raised in Japan by the arrival and activities of three Mexicans, who represent the government of General Carranza, and who are said to be making extensive purchases in behalf of their country. According to the information at Tokyo, the prospective purchases include munitions of war—ammunition, rifles and artillery—and a steamship, in addition to machinery for agriculture and industrial purposes.

The Mexican agents, who are in charge of Colonel Carpio, are reported to have succeeded in their quest for rifles and even for a steamship. It had been understood that they were negotiating for the freight steamer Kotohira Maru, a vessel of some 3,000 tons, and the announcement that this steamer cleared from Yokohama on January 2, with its declared destination as Salina Cruz, Mexico, was accepted in some quarters as proof that the negotiations were successful. The manifest gave the cargo as general merchandise and machinery, but the report was current at Tokyo that the vessel had on board a number of rifles, estimated at 25,000 consigned to the Carranza government. This report could not be confirmed here.

In response to inquiries by The Associated Press the Mexican legation at Tokyo denied that the Kotohira Maru carried any rifles. The legation admitted that the steamer had sailed for Mexico but said that her cargo was confined to general merchandise and machinery, consigned to a company in Mexico. The legation added that Mexico had been seeking rifles but had been unsuccessful, and as all the available weapons had been purchased by the entente allies, The legation confirmed the departure of the

Kotohira Maru, saying it was under charter to a Japanese firm.

It is believed here that the Mexican government recently opened a credit in Japan of \$1,000,000 for the transaction of general business. During the presidency of General Huerta the government of Mexico opened negotiations with Japanese firms for the purchase of rifles and ammunition, depositing some 3,000,000 yen for that purpose in the country. About 12,000 rifles, modelled after the Spanish infantry weapon, were actually delivered to the Huerta government, but before other consignments were possible the European war broke out. This interfered with the delivery of further orders to Mexico. Some 60,000 rifles originally intended for that country were sold to Russia and France and the weapons that went to Russia are now being used by the Russian troops on duty in northern Manchuria.

A WOMAN'S EXPERIENCE WITH GRIPPE

When a cough or cold "hangs on" and you have aches and pains in your joints and muscles, it is likely that gripple is taking the hold of your system. Mrs. J. A. Rodgers, Switzer, S. C., says: "I am susceptible to colds, often ending in gripple. In this case I have found Foley's Honey and Tar to prevent doctor bills. This sterling family remedy loosens the phlegm, stops irritation, always soreness and inflammation and frees the air passages. Good for children. Dreier Drug Co.—Advertisement."

Resembling a pair of ice tongs is a new detachable handle for lifting baskets of fruit or vegetables that lack handles.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is holder in fee of the right of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that he will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of "catarrh" that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1896.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, etc.

Gee! Weren't You Glad When--



NOTICE OF ELECTION.

The annual meeting of the Fort Wayne Mercantile Accident association, for the election of officers and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the Commercial club rooms, on Saturday, February 3rd, 1917, at 2 p. m. All members are requested to be present at this meeting, as there are matters of importance to be taken up.

L. F. CURDES, Pres. L. H. RANSOM, Sec'y.

Phone your news items to Editorial Room, phone 650.

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS.

HITT AND RUNN—The Poll Tax Collector "Knew" Bull, So He Had Just As Well Pony Up Right Now!

BY HITT



Industrial League Has Another Joint Session Tonight

SPECIAL TANK NIGHT
IN THE SHOP LEAGUE

Bowserites Will Pull for Favorites in Last Game of Double Header.

Tonight is Bowser night in the regular Shop league session and the greater part of the employees of that company will be on hand to pull for their athletes. They expect to display the real college style rooting and will help their team to win if rooting ever turned the trick. By clearing up everything in sight, the Bowserites still have a chance to knock off the pennant. In last week's game and in the game with the Turners Tuesday night they displayed a change for the better in their all-around work.

The Tanks meet the Pennsylvania five in the last game of the weekly riot. The Railroads are tied with the General Electric for the top and want to retain that position, so they will play accordingly. In the first game the Dugout will oppose the Electricians. The Dugout outfit is coming along in fine style, delivering a better line of play every week. They can be depended upon to give the "lights" a good run for their win and have a fine chance of turning the count in their direction.

WILL STEP OFF FAST
MILE IN THE SPRING

Predict Joie Ray Will Shatter Distance Records Soon.

The remarkable performance of Joie Ray, Chicago distance runner, in setting a new record for the mile and a half run, which had stood for many years, leads experts to predict that Ray will be the leading distance man on the cinder paths during the spring.

It is even being predicted that Ray will be able to set a new record for the mile, under that of Norman Taber, whose remarkable time of 4:12 3-5 last year broke the record of W. G. George, which had stood for more than thirty years.

Ray's style is about the same as that of Tommy Connell, the great Irish distance runner of two decades ago. In his races, Ray sets a killing pace and depends upon the severity of the going to make his opponents quit.

In this way he disposed of Johnny Overton, the Yale crack, known as perhaps the best college distance runner in the country.

Ray probably will go after the mile and two-mile records in the spring.

This Speaker sent a message of sympathy to baseball fraternity members. It's pretty easy to do that with \$15,000 salary waiting.

First baseball practice has been postponed for a few days.

Tad Jones recommends boxing as an aid to football playing. Yale must contemplate a game with West Point.

The bigger they are the harder they fall. Chicago is to have a six-day bicycle race.

The kayo is a rare bird these days and Hal Stewart boosted his stock about twenty-five points by being in the ring where one chance to root.

The finish of that dog race must have been exciting with all teams but one out of it.

Hughie Jennings doesn't fear the baseball strike. He has Ty Cobb and a ball park.

And they call this comedy. "The local high school team will be hot after Berne."

Wow.

Les Darcy is to become an American citizen. He's evidently forgotten about that stall of going back to the trenches next year.

"The Most Beautiful Car in America" will soon be here. Schiefer Automobile Co.

Thur-Sat-24

BOWLING.



INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
St. Paul's	5	1	.833	851
Wayne Knits	4	2	.667	824
Wayne O. Tank	4	2	.667	820
Bowser	3	3	.500	867
Dugout	2	4	.333	783
Corrugated	1	5	.167	815
Rolling Mills	0	6	.000	713

Individual Averages.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
L. Harky, Bow.	30	0	1.000	211
H. Miller, W. K.	30	0	1.000	179
Slagle, Bow.	30	0	1.000	178
Jackson, R. M.	30	0	1.000	178
Stirk, J.	30	0	1.000	177
Carr, W. K.	30	0	1.000	177
Bender, Bow.	30	0	1.000	177
Becker, Cor.	30	0	1.000	177
Leist, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	176
E. Kraft, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	176
Schwartz, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	175
Suedhoff, J.	30	0	1.000	175
A. Kraft, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	175
Meyers, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	175
Fendrick, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	173
Dickmeyer, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	173
Strader, Bow.	30	0	1.000	173
Werstein, Bow.	30	0	1.000	172
Agne, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	171
Schaeven, W. K.	30	0	1.000	171
Loran, Cor.	30	0	1.000	170
Rodenbeck, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	167
Walker, Bow.	30	0	1.000	167
Anstatt, W. K.	30	0	1.000	165
Weissenberg, Cor.	30	0	1.000	165
Sternberger, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	164
M. Michael, Dud.	30	0	1.000	164
Hayes, Cor.	30	0	1.000	163
Ferguson, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	162
Deck, W. K.	30	0	1.000	162
Krahn, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	162
L. Michael, Dud.	30	0	1.000	161
Brandhorst, Dud.	30	0	1.000	161
Knepple, Dud.	30	0	1.000	159
Meisner, W. K.	30	0	1.000	159
Bolt, R. M.	30	0	1.000	159
Raudebusch, Ptg.	30	0	1.000	158
Brandt, W. O. T.	30	0	1.000	158
Berg, R. M.	30	0	1.000	157
Stewart, J.	30	0	1.000	157
Hartzler, W. K.	30	0	1.000	156
Hinds, Bow.	30	0	1.000	155
Rosenberg, Dud.	30	0	1.000	155
Roberts, Dud.	30	0	1.000	152
Slade, J.	30	0	1.000	150
Patterson, J.	30	0	1.000	150
A. Huffman, R. M.	30	0	1.000	150
Mabe, R. M.	30	0	1.000	149
Craggs, R. M.	30	0	1.000	148
Meisner, J.	30	0	1.000	146

ST. PAUL'S LEAGUE.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
Bohne Hatters	5	1	.833	857
Pape Wall Paper	4	2	.667	842
Wayne Clothes	4	2	.667	840
Wayne Cloth-Holman	2	1	.667	840
Koehlinger Drugs	2	1	.667	840
Old Reliabilities	2	1	.667	844
Baade Books	1	5	.167	838
Packards	1	5	.167	840

First Half Standings.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
Packards	27	15	.643	848
Waltmath-Holman	25	17	.596	841
Wayne Clothes	24	18	.571	845
Bohne Hatters	23	19	.547	857
Baade Books	22	20	.524	841
Old Reliabilities	18	24	.429	845
Pape Wall Paper	18	24	.429	841
Koehlinger Drugs	11	31	.262	820

EMMAUS LEAGUE.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
STELLHORN & NEIREITER.	187	209	.475	185
F. Hoberg	187	209	.475	185
Ph. Wambagans	141	167	.456	181
Finney	131	172	.435	172
O. C. Rolf	124	164	.432	178
Doehman	181	181	.500	181
Totals	819	883	.806	806

DAILY NEWS.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
Bandt	147	160	.478	144
William Mennewisch	146	154	.487	144
E. Hegerfeldt	157	187	.452	142
R. Mennewisch	174	178	.493	178
Old Reliabilities	173	180	.491	178
W. Wambagans	173	180	.491	178
Totals	800	770	.820	820

PERFECTION WATERS.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
William Konow	151	162	.483	158
E. Reese	177	151	.539	159
L. Krimmel	119	152	.439	156
C. Klemmeyer	125	174	.417	157
H. Englebrecht	199	168	.543	168
Totals	807	723	.807	807

GREEN SEALS.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Av.
C. Hagerfeldt	198	141	.583	151
J. Tornow	171	161	.513	151
Burger	175	148	.543	159

FORT WAYNE ELEX TEAM PLAYING IN SECOND YEAR WILL MEET ANY GIRLS' TEAM IN THE CITY.



Standing, from left to right: Joy Elder, Velma Renken, Flossie Ehrhardt (Capt.), Bertha Becker, Faith Small, Harriot Drogemeyer.
Sitting, second row: Edith Lee, Rose Offerle, Emil Fuhrman (Mgr.), Florence Renken, Thelma Campbell.
Front row: Goldie Hasinger, Sophie Renken.

The Fort Wayne Elex team is in its second year of basketball with practically the same team which was used last year. They practice at the Hanna school. The Elex schedule for the remainder of the year is not quite complete and the team has issued a challenge to any girls' team in this city. Managers may answer on this page.

William Franke	187	180	179
E. Grieser	138	155	144
Totals	869	785	748

AT STAR ALLEYS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
P. Buuck	177	111	138
R. E. Gilchrist	168	114	213
W. E. Tierney	187	136	139
P. O. Johann	178	178	181
R. J. Miller	180	151	138
Totals	890	690	801

ROUND HOUSE.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Conroy	112	117	102
Lautenberg	185	147	133
Mumper	122	90	133
Hille	129	127	112
Frieinger	157	188	155
Totals	705	689	635

HEIT CANDY CO.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Leitot	173	148	188
Miller	201	164	149
E. Rodermond	139	153	167
Farnan	163	191	163
Schoff	230	158	171
Totals	897	844	874

WHEEL BUFFET.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Weisenburg	187	149	156
Mackey	134	146	143
Eppe	141	125	153
Lorain	148	152	164
Hayes	185	170	189
Totals	833	758	787

ST. PAUL'S LEAGUE.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Ferber	131	153	181
Dreyer	176	194	149
Brandhorst	208	159	292
E. Luhnman	136	138	199
E. Moeller	148	161	162
Totals	797	805	893

BONE HATTERS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Gerhardt	153	113	142
R. Mennewisch	163	122	152
C. Jacobs	164	175	146
E. Haugh	132	146	137
Totals	582	567	522

OLYMPIC LEAGUE.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
J. Craig	134	197	189
E. Kramer	172	203	147
F. Zern	199	136	152
E. Zern	140	153	174
R. Hoffman	165	165	173
Totals	800	854	835

GROSCHE GROCERY.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
E. Kramer	172	203	147
F. Zern	199	136	152
E. Zern	140	153	174
R. Hoffman	165	165	173
Totals	800	854	835

CITY LIGHT.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Buettner	125	147	165

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Buettner	125	147	165

Today we move into the new store at the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets, where we will take care of your clothing needs from now on.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

TRY SENTINEL WANT ADS.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

SAINT FORWARD MAY
PLAY SUNDAY'S GAME

Buescher is Expected to Go in Against the Fast Buckeye Paints.

Red Buescher, star forward of the St. Mary's Athletics, has been laid up for some time with a bum knee. He was unable to get in against the Hamlin Park Triangles of Chicago last week, but followers of the game figure that if he will be needed at all this season it will be against the Buckeye Paints, who will furnish the opposition Sunday.

Buescher is a strong factor on the team. He plays a speedy game at forward and his presence on the team gives the remainder of the aggregation the kick which is necessary in putting over the wins. When he is in the offensive of the team is built around his floor work and basket shooting.

The Buckeye Paints hail from Toledo, and like all other teams on the Saint schedule are ranked with the best quintets in the country. The team is an old organization filled with new blood. This combination seems to be a winning one for the younger players break in gradually and the combination of the team is never broken from one year to the next. The Saints won from them last year and there will be the argument to settle Sunday.

GIRLS' TEAMS WILL
PLAY PRELIMINARY

As the preliminary go to the Exenda Junior Moose basketball game for next Wednesday evening, February 7, the girls' teams of the St. John Reformed church and Electric Works will clash. The preliminary game begins at 7:45 o'clock.



The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms or diseases are given and the answers will apply in any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice, free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Elwood streets, Dayton, Ohio, enclosing self-addressed stamped envelope for reply. Full name and address must be given, but only initials or fictitious names will be used in my answers. The prescriptions can be filled at any well-stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesaler.

John C. L. writes: "I find my natural strength and nervous system failing me. I do not recuperate as of yore. My food and rest seem not to benefit as they should. Am weak, despondent and unable to perform the duties which were assumed earlier in life, while my ambition for work and pleasure is slowly going."

Answer: I think a powerful, harmless tonic and nerve medicine will rejuvenate and restore the functions of digestion, assimilation and elimination by invigorating the nervous system. Obtain three grain cadomene tablets, packed in sealed tubes, and take as per directions accompanying.

"Morris" asks: "I have suffered with a chronic cough for almost a year, and catch a fresh cold every few weeks. Nothing the doctor gives me helps, so I write to you."

Answer: You need a thorough laxative cough syrup, one that not only relieves but surely drives it from the system. The following regularly used will out any curable cough or cold promptly: Obtain a 2 1/2 oz. bottle of essence mentho-laxene, mix it with a home-made sugar syrup or honey as per directions on bottle.

J. W. W. asks: "Can you prescribe a reliable treatment to get rid of dandruff, itching and feverish scalp?"

Answer: "I know you can get instant relief and permanent results by using plain yellow minoil, as per directions which accompany, each 4-oz. jar."

Henry J. C. writes: "Something seems to be wrong with my system and I don't know what it is. I have huge puts under my eyes, my feet and ankles are swollen. Sometimes I have chills and feel weak and tired most of the time."

Answer: Your eliminating organs, such as liver and kidneys, are in need of treatment. Begin taking balmwort tablets at once. Get them in sealed tubes with full directions of any well-stocked druggist.

NOTE: For many years Dr. Baker has been giving free advice and prescriptions to millions of people through the press columns, and doubtless has helped in relieving illness and distress more than any single individual in the world's history. Thousands have written him expressions of gratitude and confidence.

NATION MAY COMMIT SUICIDE IF ATTACKED; QUEEN HOLDS FLOODGATES KEY.



QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND. LATEST PICTURE OF QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND, TAKEN AS SHE REVIEWED HER TROOPS.

It is reported that if Holland, the little country that has strained every effort to maintain neutrality since the start of the world war, should be attacked, the nation might commit suicide by the opening of the dams and the flooding of the entire country.

Six feet of water can be let over almost the entire nation in 20 hours. This would balk invaders and save Holland so far as war is concerned, but agricultural experts say on account of damage by water the land could not be reclaimed in less than 50 years.

Only Queen Wilhelmina, the minister of the interior and commander of the army have keys to the locks of the dams that keep the sea from overflowing the country.

Holland's area is 12,648 square miles, a little larger than Maryland, and has a population of 6,500,000 or five times that of Maryland.

unit of American capital produce just as many units of goods as possible. And it is this greater efficiency of capital that this new democratic tax is designed to encourage.

Under this new form of taxation the man who produces more than enough goods to yield 8 per cent upon the capital will be mulcted of a part of the reward of increased efficiency, while the man whose inefficiency restricts production and sends prices up will go scot free.

THE "EXCESS PROFITS" TAX IS A BRAKE ON THE DYNAMO OF AMERICAN PRODUCTION. Increased production is the sure road to lower prices.

If American consumers know their own interests they will protest against the imposition of this tax, however it may be disguised.

FRENCH TO PATTERN AFTER GERMAN WAYS Will Adopt Teutonic Plan to Develop Home Market.

Paris, Jan. 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Frenchmen who believe in developing the home market as the best means of promoting an economic recovery after the war, are calling for a "grand master" of raw materials, or something like the imperial office for the economic transition period in Germany.

A competent man, with sufficient legal authority and with full control of the utilization of the natural resources of France, they think, would accomplish in the restoration of general industries a work comparable to what M. Albert Thomas, the minister of munitions, has accomplished in the production of arms and projectiles.

The French colonies, it is pointed out, would be a rich field for the efforts of such a department. Algeria has petroleum, copper and zinc. Other North American colonies have rich deposits of copper, zinc and antimony, while the southern Sahara, Dahomey and Congo are rich in vegetable oils and seeds for the manufacture of vegetable fats. Of this production Germany bought and exported seventy-five per cent. before the war.

Great Britain is profiting from the blockade and from the poverty of the French merchant marine as it displaces Germany in this African trade, buying up all the goods of the French colonies for the time being. The danger of being distanced by Great Britain is a great anxiety to the French.

Suppose you have a plant worth \$100,000, capable with poor management of producing 20,000 units of goods yielding a profit of \$60,000, or \$3,000 less than 8 per cent. With efficient management the plant can produce 40,000 units of goods, yielding a net profit, let us say, of \$10,000. The relatively smaller net profit arises from the fact that when the 40,000 units of goods are put on the market the price would necessarily be somewhat decreased. It is because of this inevitable effect upon prices that the consumer is interested in having every

ITS CERTAIN EFFECT WILL BE TO INCREASE THE COST OF LIVING, not only because the tax will be passed on to the helpless consumer, but because it will discourage production.

Suppose you have a plant worth \$100,000, capable with poor management of producing 20,000 units of goods yielding a profit of \$60,000, or \$3,000 less than 8 per cent. With efficient management the plant can produce 40,000 units of goods, yielding a net profit, let us say, of \$10,000. The relatively smaller net profit arises from the fact that when the 40,000 units of goods are put on the market the price would necessarily be somewhat decreased. It is because of this inevitable effect upon prices that the consumer is interested in having every

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



CAPTIVATING MARY LARSTARE

Specifications: 1917 Model; age, nineteen; complexion, fair; eyes, blue; smile, bewitching; personality, everything plus! "Captivating" is RIGHT! The Story of "Captivating Mary Larstaire" is by Henry Sydney Harrison. It starts in next Sunday's Chicago Tribune. You'll be sorry if you miss it!

Starts in NEXT SUNDAY'S CHICAGO SUNDAY TRIBUNE

Order your Chicago Sunday Tribune serial Telephone your Newsdealer NOW! Wholesale Distributor Chicago Tribune L. R. KILLPATRICK, 816 Clinton Street. Phone, Home, 2583.

BUTLER NEWS.

Butler, Ind., Feb. 1.—Miss Ethel Hoisington arrived in Butler Wednesday from Chicago and will remain until Friday with her grandmother, Mrs. Almira Daffey. She is en route to Adrian, Mich., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Hoisington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Luce, of Waukegan, O., have been spending several days in Butler with Mrs. George Stout and daughters.

Mrs. Frank Nimmons left Wednesday for Auburn to visit her children, Dr. and Mrs. Rista Nimmons and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Western.

The remains of Miss Cora Lock of Bryan, O., were taken to Waterloo Wednesday evening for burial. Miss Cora Lock was the daughter of the late Cyrus Kelley, of Waterloo, and had been the proprietor of the "Christman hotel" at Bryan for many years.

Frederick Snellberger, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Sam Waggoner, for some time, Friday to visit a short time with Mrs. Mary Deitz.

Miss Catherine Schmidt, of Fort Wayne, came to Butler Tuesday evening to care for Charles Rathbun, who is ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Alta Topper and three children came to Butler today from Benton Harbor, Mich., to visit friends.

Mrs. A. H. Backus spent Wednesday in Fort Wayne.

Millis Mock and family left Tuesday night for their new home at Benton Harbor, Mich.

Dr. H. T. Berkey returned home from Waukegan, where he went to visit his mother, Mrs. George Berkey, the first of the week.

Mary Hill, of Kendallville, is spending the week in Butler with Mrs. Mary Haag.

George Franks returned to his home at Vicksburg, Mich., Wednesday after a week's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Franks.

Mrs. Carl Bercaw, of Edgerton, O., is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Waggoner. Mrs. Waggoner was taken quite ill Sunday and Mrs. Bercaw is assisting in caring for her.

Word was received in Butler Wednesday evening of the sudden death of Mrs. Burke of Hamilton, who died suddenly of heart failure at her home Tuesday night at 10 o'clock. She was the mother of Mrs. Ed Sheline, who left for Hamilton early Wednesday morning.

Miss Margaret Needham went to Waterloo Wednesday evening to see her cousin, Lynn Crooks, who is very ill with rheumatism.

County Treasurer S. G. Stone, of Auburn, spent Wednesday in Butler with his son, Millard Stone, and family.

Mrs. Anna Garber and son, Dr. Raymond Garber, of Edon, O., returned home after a short visit with her mother, Mrs. Jennie McCurdy, and sister, Mrs. Ona Clay.

Miss Josie Everetts, of Hamilton, is visiting her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Mount.

Fort Wayne Folk in Our Exchanges

Huntington Press: Miss Martha Brebaugh, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday here at her home.—Mr. and Mrs. Chester Kitch, of Fort Wayne, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Kitch Sunday.—Mrs. Belle Keenower and Mrs. Clarence Eppstein were the guests of Mrs. V. B. Platt in Fort Wayne Monday afternoon.

Bluffton Banner: Mr. and Mrs. Otis Folger, of Fort Wayne, who have been visiting here, returned home this morning. Miss Hazel Clark accompanied them to Fort Wayne for a short visit.

Kendallville News-Sun: Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Zimmerman returned last evening to Fort Wayne after spending Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Lydia Hosler.

Portland Sun: Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hurst, of West Walnut street, were called to Fort Wayne Monday afternoon by the serious sickness of his grandfather, William Hurst.—Mrs. John Lamp, of Fort Wayne, came Monday afternoon, called by the serious sickness of her grandmother, Mrs. Jane Donart, of West Main street.

Decatur Herald: John Gerard returned to his home in Fort Wayne Monday afternoon after attending the funeral of his uncle, Henry Fuhrman.

Mrs. Fred Kettner has returned to Fort Wayne after attending the funeral of Henry Fuhrman.—Mrs. J. R. Glancy and daughter, Nedra May Glancy, and Opal Robinson went to Fort Wayne Monday afternoon to be at the bedside of a sick relative, Mr. Baumgartner.

Miss Laura Stanley has returned from Fort Wayne after a visit with Miss Bertha Dohl.

Decatur Democrat: Thomas Burns, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with his daughter, Miss Mae Burns.—Dr. McOscar, of Fort Wayne, arrived this afternoon to attend to professional business.

Huntington Herald: Miss Jane Anderson, of Fort Wayne, came Monday evening to attend the Trierer funeral.

Columbia City Commercial-Mail: Mrs. Kate Simons, of Fort Wayne, has returned home after visiting over the week-end at the home of Mrs. Henry Shills, north of the city.

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder troubles you.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of itching, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with bicarbonates, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.—Advertisement.

ELECTRIC Light & Power
Phone 340
Complete Service

NEW HAVEN NEWS.

New Haven, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. L. Minsel went to Defiance, O., Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva McDonald, of Garrett, have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Todd.

The Ladies Aid society of the Methodist Protestant church will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Frank Repp. Mrs. Will Long will assist in entertaining. Cottage prayer meeting services will also be held that afternoon.

Mrs. N. W. Vanarsdell, of Roanoke, spent Monday and Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. B. H. Smith, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Purvis were called to Payne, Ohio, last evening by the serious illness of Mr. Purvis' brother.

Robert Vachon and Bert Guin have returned from Rawston, Ohio, where they spent several days.

Mrs. O. A. Woolver spent Tuesday in Fort Wayne.

Miss Esther Jacquay, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Miss Florence Shuckman was a supper guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jacquay.

The volume of the saline matter in the ocean is a little more than 4,500,000 cubic miles, or, according to the United States geological survey, the entire surface of the United States to a depth of 8,500 feet.

Colfax Baby's Cold Treated Externally

Internal Medicine Disturbs the Digestion of Small Children.

Wise parents everywhere realize that the less medicine you give children the better off they are. Still cough and colds must have some form of treatment. This problem was solved by Mr. R. A. Holt, of Colfax, Ind., by the use of the external treatment, Vick's VapoRub Salve, the preparation that has made such a remarkable record in the South. Mr. Holt writes: "I used Vick's VapoRub on my four months' old baby for a severe cold in his head and lungs. By rubbing VapoRub over his throat and chest and letting him inhale the vapors immediate relief follows. I find it relieves a severe cold in one night's time. Also, if your nose and head are stopped up on going to bed, by inhaling a little VapoRub you can sleep soundly and breathe freely."

No family should be without a jar of this remarkable preparation. Besides being better than internal medicine for all forms of head or chest colds, sore throat, bronchitis, or incipient pneumonia, it will be found an excellent cooling application for burns, bruises, itchings and muscular soreness. Three sizes, 25c, 50c or \$1.00.



MASTER CECIL LAVON HOLT

VICK'S VAPORUB SALVE

ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR Light, Power and Heat

"The Electric Light Co."

Light and Power Dept.
Fort Wayne & Northern Indiana Traction Co.
PHONES 298-299. 1025 CALHOUN ST.

We Furnish THE HOME on EASY Payments
PICKARD HOUSE FURNISHING CO.
1112-1114-1116 EAST CALHOUN ST.
NEW FORT-WAYNE TRADING CO.

THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE DAIRY HOUSE

Most Dairymen Realize That in Order to Produce Milk or Cream of the Best Quality it is Desirable to Have a Dairy House so Constructed and Equipped That the Products May Be Cared for in the Most Convenient and Satisfactory Manner—Details of an Excellent Dairy House.

By H. A. RUEHE, Illinois.

It is impossible to draw a plan of a dairy house that will meet the requirements of every individual case. In order to design a plan properly, it is necessary to know the size of the herd, how the product is to be disposed of (whether as whole milk, cream, or butter), the location of the barn, well, etc. However, there are a few general principles that should be followed in the building of any dairy house.

Location.—Although the dairy house should be near enough to the barn to be convenient, it should not be directly connected with the barn because it is then likely to be filled with stable odors which are absorbed by the milk or cream. It is well to leave an open air space of six to ten feet between the barn and the dairy house. Placing the dairy house on the side of the barn opposite the barnyard also lessens the chance of stable odors being absorbed by the milk. Proper drainage from the dairy house is important and must be considered when selecting the location.

Construction.—The building material may be drop siding, brick, or concrete, depending upon the investment the builder desires to make. The inside walls should be smooth. Plastered walls are preferable since board walls have a tendency to rot, especially close to the floor. Flooring can be obtained to a certain extent by plastering the walls up to a height of about three feet.

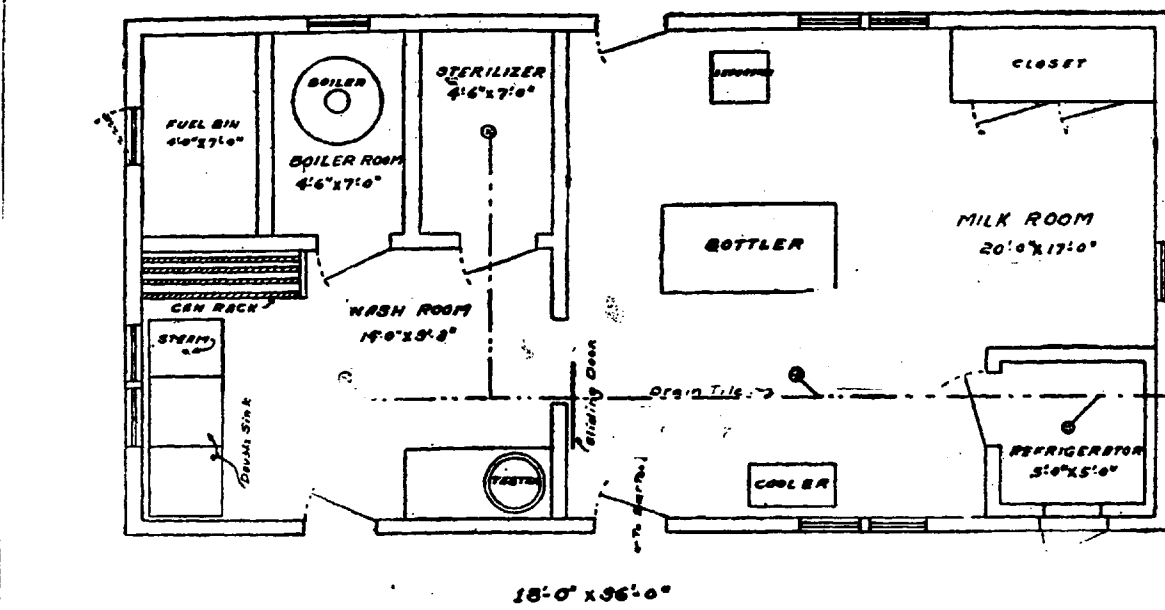
The building should be so partitioned that the milk room, wash room, and boiler room are separate. The rooms should be well lighted by windows, and ventilation should be supplied by an opening placed in the ceiling of each room. Each ventilator should be fitted with some sort of damper to regulate its action.

A solid and impervious floor is essential. A cement floor meets these requirements very well. A wooden floor is very unsatisfactory because it is not durable, does not dry quickly, collects filth, and when wet is slippery and hard to work on. The floor should have a good slope leading to drains fitted with proper traps.

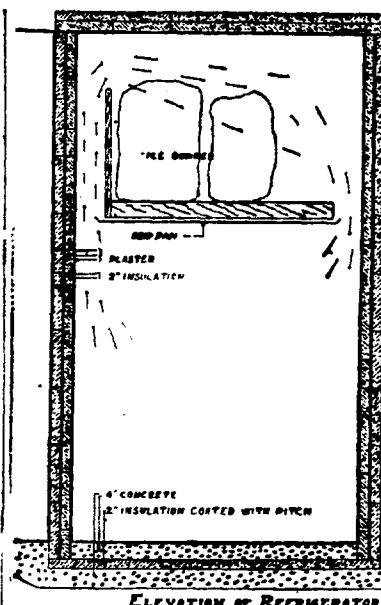
Water Supply.—An abundance of clean, cold, running water is necessary. If the location is such that water from a municipal water system cannot be supplied, it may be obtained from an elevated tank or by means of a compressed air system.

Equipment.—The dairy house equipment depends largely upon the purpose for which the house is to be used. A boiler is the most convenient means of furnishing steam and hot water for washing and sterilizing cans and utensils. An upright boiler of two to four horse-power will serve the purpose.

The wash room should contain a sink having a drain board. The drain board may be fitted with steam and water connections so that the cans and pails can be rinsed and steamed after they are washed. It is desirable to have draining racks for cans and pails, and a closet in which to keep utensils. Every dairy house should have a Babcock milk testing outfit, which may be either hand or steam driven. Further equipment will depend upon which of the following purposes the dairy house is to serve, namely: (1) selling whole milk in bulk; (2) making butter or selling cream; and (3) bottling milk on the farm.



DAIRY HOUSE FOR BOTTLING MILK



ELEVATION OF REFRIGERATOR

The illustrations shown are designed for dairies with as many as twenty-five cows in the herd. For larger herds it may be necessary to build a dairy house having larger dimensions than those submitted. If it is not intended to have the dairy house fitted with a boiler room and a wash room, it may be made smaller than suggested by eliminating that part of the building devoted to such rooms.

Dairy House for Selling Whole Milk in Bulk.

The milk room should contain a milk cooler for cooling the milk as quickly as possible after it is drawn. The milk may then be put into eight- or ten-gallon cans and set in the cooling tank, or the preliminary cooling may

be omitted and the cans of warm milk placed in the cooling tank. The cooling tank may be fitted with water connections so that the milk can be kept cold by running water, or the tank may be insulated and fitted with a lid so that ice may be placed in the cooling water. The latter is not necessary if there is a good supply of cold water which will keep the milk at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit.

A hand separator may be installed in case of the necessity of skimming surplus milk.

Dairy House for Selling Cream or Making Butter.

Selling cream necessitates the use of a centrifugal separator and a cooling tank or refrigerator. Making butter requires the additional equipment of a churn, and a table upon which to print and wrap the butter. The cooling tank may be built of a size depending on the amount of material to be kept cool. The cream should be cooled directly after skimming and kept cool until it is delivered or ripened for churning, as the case may be.

A gasoline engine may be installed in the wash room to furnish power for separating and churning. If such an engine is used, the exhaust should be piped through the roof of the building in order to avoid the possibility of the

gasoline flavor being absorbed by the cream.

Dairy House for Bottling Milk.

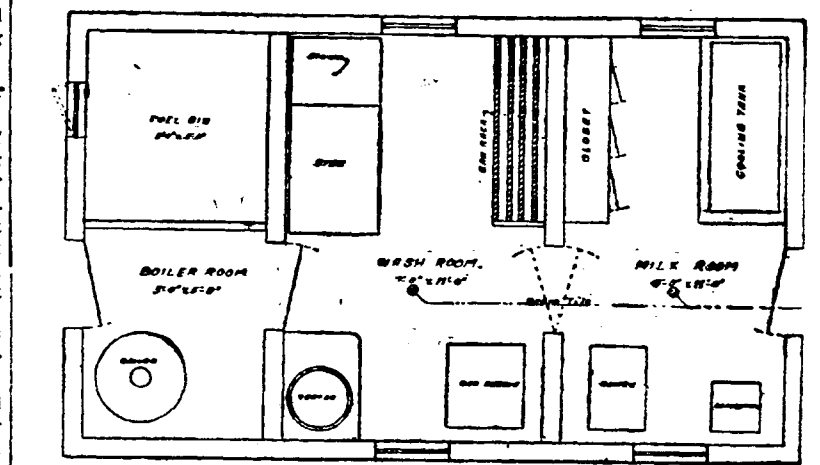
For bottling milk on the farm the dairy house should be larger and contain more equipment than is required for the two above mentioned purposes. A double compartment sink is convenient for washing and rinsing bottles. There should be a sterilizer for sterilizing all bottles before they are filled. This may be used also to sterilize the milk pails, cooler, and the bottles. The sterilizer may be constructed of hollow tile plastered with cement plaster, or of heavy galvanized sheet iron reinforced with angle iron. A drain should be placed in the floor of the sterilizer and a ventilator with a tight-fitting damper in the ceiling. Shelves may be arranged so that they will hold the bottles in an inverted position, or, if cases of the proper kind are used, the bottles can be put into the cases and the cases inverted. It is necessary to allow the bottles to cool before filling with the cold milk in order to prevent breakage, as well as to avoid warming the milk. A bottling table or small bottle may be used in bottling the milk. A well-constructed refrigerator is necessary for storing the bottled milk until it is delivered.

In constructing a refrigerator, proper insulation is extremely important in order to maintain a low temperature and to use ice economically. Either

cork board or water-proof lath makes a very efficient insulation. These materials can be obtained in sheets two inches wide, thirty-six inches long, and two inches thick. These sheets can be applied in the same way as lumber, and hence are very convenient to use. A refrigerator for storing milk, if built on the ground, should have the floor insulated with two inches of this material and the walls and ceiling with four inches. When putting on this insulation, it is best to use two layers and break the joints in each direction. A slush coat of cement plaster should be put in between the two layers and the outside covered with cement plaster. The doors should be tight-fitting and well-insulated. The ice bunker should be placed in the upper part of the refrigerator, and the air shafts should be so constructed as to obtain a good circulation of air. The illustration shows the proper method of insulating a refrigerator and also the construction necessary to give the proper circulation of air.

The milk room should have some sort of cooler for cooling the milk rapidly to a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit. As the milk is put into the cooler supply can, it may be strained through cotton outting flannel or through absorbent cotton held between cheesecloth.

A separator should be installed also for skimming surplus milk or to supply cream for the cream trade.



DAIRY HOUSE FOR MAKING BUTTER

GROWING SUGAR BEETS

Any good soil if properly worked will produce satisfactory sugar beets, provided the climatic conditions are favorable. Besides being well drained, the soil should be able to hold a sufficient amount of moisture. Even the so-called muck soils will produce good beets if they are well drained and properly worked.

Select the field for sugar beets with reference to the quality of the surface and subsoils, the condition of drainage, and their fitness to follow the preceding crop.

Plow thoroughly and deeply in the fall if possible.

Make the seed bed firm below as well as near the surface.

Plant in the spring as soon as the soil and weather conditions are right.

Use plenty of seed to insure a good stand, and do not plant too deep.

Hold the moisture in contact with the seed by the use of the press wheels and the roller.

Cultivate as soon as the rows can be seen, but do not throw the dirt over the beets.

Block and thin the beets just as soon as they are large enough to handle.

Space with reference to the strength and moisture-holding capacity of the soil.

In thinning, aim to leave the strongest and best beets.

Rotate with other crops to improve the soil condition and to eliminate pests.

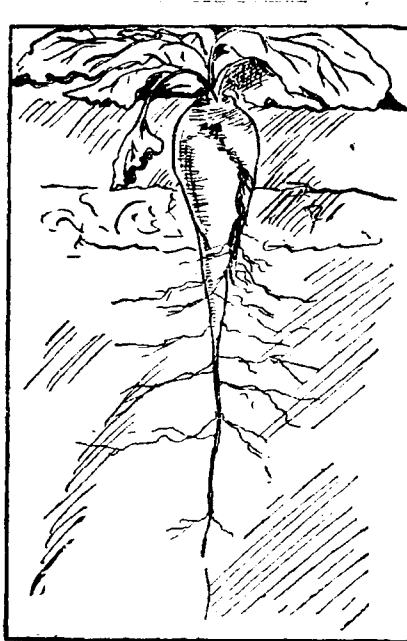
Keep plenty of live stock to utilize the beet tops and other feed and to supply stable manure.

In harvesting the beets see that they are all gathered, properly topped, and as free as possible from dirt.

Cover the beets as soon as topped to prevent evaporation.

Utilize beet tops, pulp, and lime with a view to improving soil conditions.

For the retention of sufficient moisture for crop production the supply of humus plays an important part. A soil that is well drained and at the



Sugar Beets Need Soil Through Which Air Can Circulate.

same time properly supplied with humus will not only hold enough moisture for the needs of the plants, but it will permit the air to circulate through it and enable the soil organisms to thrive and multiply, thereby liberating an abundance of plant food.

The nature of the subsoil has an important bearing upon the selection of soil for sugar-beet growing. Hardpan subsoils should be avoided, especially if they are so near the surface that they will interfere with the proper growth and development of the roots.

Likewise, the very porous or gravelly subsoils will not give the best results with sugar beets. In general, if a soil has been producing good crops of corn, potatoes, etc., it will produce good beets provided it receives the proper preparation and cultivation. In

selecting a field for sugar beets it is advisable, therefore, to note the kind of soil and its condition, especially with reference to drainage and humus, the kind and quantity of the preceding crops, and the nature and location of the subsoil.

The field selected should be reasonably free from weeds since extreme foulness of ground adds very materially to the cost of growing beets. The beet field must be kept free from weeds if one expects to obtain anything like satisfactory results. It is sometimes claimed that a beet crop is of great advantage in freeing a field from weeds. This is true if the ground is properly handled, but one should see to it that not too large a percentage of the profits of the crop is consumed in fighting the weeds, a condition which may be avoided by careful attention to the preceding crops with respect to weed growth.

An average temperature of about 60° F. during the growing period usually gives the best results in sugar content of the beets. Spring weather has much to do with the success or failure of a sugar-beet crop. A late spring freeze following a favorable period for planting will frequently destroy young plants. A well-drained soil rich in humus will tend to offset this to some extent.

Cool nights and moderately warm days in the latter part of summer and in the fall are most favorable for the storage of sugar in the beets. The great danger from extreme cold in the fall is that the beets may be frozen in the ground. This sometimes occurs and causes considerable loss to the grower. Every grower should aim to get his beets out and, if necessary, store them before the weather sets in.

If the roots themselves freeze, no great amount of damage will result, provided they remain frozen until they are worked through the mill, but if they alternately freeze and thaw, they will soon blacken, decay, and become worthless for sugar-making purposes.

HOW TO TREAT SCOURS.

If scours appear in spite of all precautions, the following treatment has proved valuable to the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station. Reduce the sow's feed, clean up more thoroughly than before, and give the sow a tablespoonful of sulphur in each feed for several days. It is also well to give the sow a good dose of Epsom salts. If practicable, each pig may be given a teaspoonful of castor oil, or Epsom salts, and charcoal should be provided in any convenient way. If no cheaper charcoal can be secured, it can be supplied by starting fires of coals, and then putting the fires out before they burn out.

UP TO THE BREEDER.

Let it be repeated—It is not the breeder but the breeder that is responsible for the heavy egg production. Neither is the breeder responsible for the low production; it is the breeder.

Before you get angry at a man be sure your anger will hurt him as much as it will hurt yourself.

The silo is the best solution of the problem of short pastures.

Ox Warbles Damage Cattle

The characteristic bumps or swellings which may be found under the skin on the backs of many cattle from January until April contain grubs. If these grubs are allowed to remain, they will complete their growth, drop to the ground and transform to heel flies which may reinfest the cattle during the spring and summer, according to T. J. Talbert of the University of Missouri College of Agriculture. The grubs weaken the cattle, cause them to fall off in flesh and milk, and decrease the value of the hide. The beef in the immediate vicinity of a grub becomes slimy and of a greenish color, and is known to the butcher as "licked beef." On an average, the damage to the hides is placed at one-third their value and the loss of beef to each infested animal ranges from \$3.00 to \$5.00.

The grubs may be pressed out through the opening at the top of the swelling. A sharp knife and a pair of tweezers will often facilitate the work of removing the grubs. Care should be taken to crush all the grubs removed, to prevent their further development and transformation into flies. It is advisable to examine the cattle for lumps or swellings over the back every two or three weeks during late winter and early spring to detect the pest. Various oils are often used. The lotion is often smeared over the infested region, or applied to the mouth of the breathing hole of the grub. One or two applications will usually be sufficient. The objection to this method is that the wounds do not heal readily unless the grubs are removed.

Some have claimed that the arsenical and coal tar dips can be used in the case of large herds which can not readily be treated by direct removal of the grubs. It still remains to be determined, however, whether practical means of eradication can be made by the use of dips. Dips applied during spring and summer will no doubt kill many maggots, and eggs which are attached to hairs on the animals' bodies.

INCREASED USE OF MILK.

That the high cost of living may be reduced by the increased use of milk, a highly nutritious and digestible food, is the opinion of A. E. Perkins, dairy chemist at the Ohio Experiment Station. He says that a quart of milk is equal in food value to three-fourths of a pound of beefsteak, eight eggs, fifteen pounds of oysters, two pounds of fish, six pounds of tomatoes, or three pounds of apples, and the milk is more easily digested and far more economical than any of the other foods.

SAVE MANURE VALUES.

I have found that the most satisfactory way to handle manure is to haul it directly to the field just as soon as it is made. None is lying around the barn. If it is, its most valuable fertilizing elements are going to waste.—W. H. U., Illinois.

FROZEN ONIONS.

If onions are frozen in storage they should remain frozen until used. Freezing and thawing will soften them enough to make them unsalable.

ALFALFA FOR DAIRY COWS.

Prof. J. C. Kendall says: "Where alfalfa is available for dairy cows the amount of protein that it is necessary to feed in the form of expensive concentrates is materially and profitably reduced. For cows that do not give large yields of milk, a balanced ration can be made by feeding alfalfa hay and ensilage. This makes a home-grown ration that can be produced cheaply, a very important factor in the economical production of dairy products."

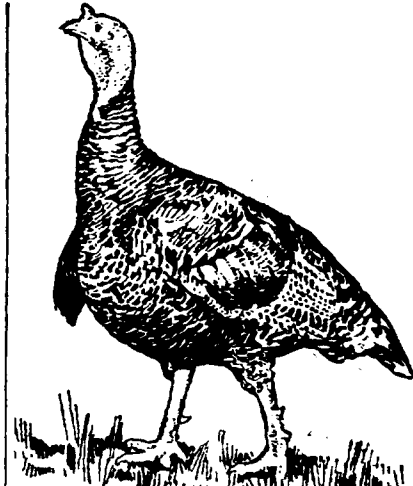
VARIETIES OF STAR BOARDERS.

The only star boarder on the farm is not the one which does not make sufficient returns for her keep. The hog or the chicken which does not make proper profits for the owner are star boarders.

PREPAREDNESS.

The poultryman who works on the preparedness plan and has bred up a flock of hens that give a lay of at least 50 per cent all winter has the laugh on the other fellow, who has acted on the principle that there were no such hens.

HOW TO RAISE TURKEYS



Bronze Turkey.

patch of weeds, tall grass or thick brush and often wander a half mile or more from home before they find locations that suit them. To find these stolen nests often proves to be a long and tedious task, the usual method being to follow each turkey hen as she separates from the flock and starts toward her nest, care being taken that she does not know she is being followed. A much easier and quicker method than this is to confine the hens early some morning soon after they have come down from roost and let them out late in the afternoon. Those that are laying will then head for their nests in order to lay the eggs they have been holding.

If many turkeys are kept, the use of a breeding pen will be found a great convenience. This pen should cover a sufficient area to allow the turkeys some exercise, an acre for fifteen birds being none too large. A hog-tight wire fence three feet high will hold most turkeys, and if any persist in flying out, the flight feathers of one wing should be clipped. Nests should be scattered about the pen, every day.

those which turkey hens take readily being barrels turned on sides and nests shaped in them with straw.

Turkey hens, chicken hens and incubators are commonly used to incubate turkey eggs. During the early part of the laying season it often happens that one has on hand a number of eggs that should be incubated before any of the turkey hens are through laying the first litter, and also "broody." In such cases, and also when it is desired that the turkey hens lay more than one litter, some of the eggs have to be incubated under chicken hens or in an incubator. About a week before the poulters are due to hatch, turkey hens enough should be allowed to sit to take all the poulters hatched. They can be given a few eggs from the incubator or from under the chicken hens and allowed to hatch the poulters themselves, or at night a newly-hatched poult can be slipped under each turkey hen that is to be given a brood of poulters and by morning she will be glad to take them.

Lies are a great annoyance to steers, hens and are one of the worst enemies of young poulters. To prevent their getting a foothold, dust the hen thoroughly with some good lice powder before she is placed on the nest and once a week thereafter while she is sitting. The nesting material should be kept clean, and if the eggs become dirty, they should be washed with lukewarm water.

If the weather is warm and dry no shelter is required, as the poulters do better in the open. Should it be rainy, however, they need to be protected, for nothing is more injurious than for them to become wet and chilled. The most satisfactory plan is to confine the poulters to a coop and allow the poulters to run in and out when rain does not prevent. This coop should be placed in a field where they can run out and find grasshoppers, green vegetation, and other feed. The coop should be moved to fresh ground every day.

ARGENTINE WOOL.

The Argentine republic annually produces in the neighborhood of 300,000,000 pounds of wool, 75 per cent of which comes from white-faced, long-wool sheep, Lincolns and Leicesters, and is known in the world markets as Argentine crossbred. When sorted, this wool grades largely into coarse and medium crossbred, corresponding to domestic commons and domestics, one-fourth bloods in the United States. The fine crossbred of Argentina is known in the United States as domestic three-eighths blood. Merino fleeces form 20 per cent of the yearly total, producing wool that is graded as domestic fine in the United States. The remaining 5 per cent is wool of black-faced and domestic sheep. The average weight of the fleece is 5.3 pound.

A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE PLANT.

The calla lily makes a good winter house plant. Some of the market gardeners who have greenhouse force it in quantities for market. The bulbs must be "rested" or kept dormant several months each summer.

The low-headed apple trees have shown themselves.

FRESH FRUIT IS ALIVE.

The results of fruit-handling investigations during the past few seasons show that the most important factor in determining the condition of either fruits or vegetables in transit and after arrival on the market is the temperature maintained in refrigerator cars during transportation. All fresh fruit is alive, and the life activities continue with greater or less rapidity until it goes into consumption; the temperatures maintained in transit determine to a great degree both the rate of ripening and the development of fungi and other decay-producing organisms.

THE LIBERALLY FED HEN.

A productive hen requires from 70 to 80 pounds of feed a year. If she gets only 40 to 50 pounds, she will simply satisfy her body requirements. She will not lay eggs. The scantily fed hen is a poor investment. It is only the liberally fed hen that yields the profit.

Extremes of cold and heat injure hogs more than any other class of domestic animals, and it is especially necessary to furnish good shelter for the breeders.

FRUITS WITHOUT STONES AND PITS.

Luther Burbank believes that pits, stones and seeds in fruits will be done away with entirely in the course of time. Nature developed these things for the purposes of propagation, but man uses cuttings and graftings and the necessity for them has passed.

Put all tools and machinery in repair for next season's use.

WATER USED BY PLANTS.

It is estimated that for every ounce of organic material formed by a growing tree or plant from 15 to 20 pounds of water is used, which passes off mostly by evaporation.

FEED CATTLE COCOA SHELLS.

Cocoa shells are being fed to cattle in a course of experiments by French dairymen.

ADVERTISING PUTS DOLLARS IN BUSINESS \$UCCESS

Use THE SENTINEL, a clean and sure road for clean and sure results. Get busy and advertise that bargain you have by THE SENTINEL ROUTE. Phone 173.

ANOTHER DIME DROPS FROM WHEAT PRICES

Decline Surpasses All Expectations of the Grain Dealers.

The prediction given out by grain dealers Wednesday that another decline in wheat would hit the local market soon was correct, but not strong enough. When the prediction was made a drop of 3 or 4 cents was expected. When the fall became a reality it amounted to 10 cents or one dime. This now marks the total drop in wheat for the week 23 cents, and it is impossible to say whether or not that will be the end. Flour prices were not lowered immediately Thursday, but new quotations will be given out Friday. Corn also weakened somewhat, the bottom price dropping to 94 cents, while the top remained at 98 cents as on Wednesday. Eggs went up 1 cent in the wholesale department and are now quoted at 35 and 37 cents. Porkers retained their equilibrium and it is impossible to get any prediction as to what may happen in the live stock.

Thursday was another good day on the city scales, thirty-seven loads passing over the Toledo. Twenty-four loads of hay were sold and the price once more reached the standard height of \$10.00 to \$12.00. Ten loads of corn changed hands at the slightly reduced prices of 34 to 38 cents and three loads of oats were on deck, being bought for 54 and 55 cents.

THE MARKETS.

TWELFTH DISTRICT PRICES.

Grain, Hay and Feed.
Wheat—\$1.60 bu.
Corn—96¢@1.00 bu.
Oats—53¢ bu.
Barley—70¢ bu.
Corn—94¢@95¢ bu.

RETAIL STREET MARKET.

Eggs—Strictly fresh (candled), 42¢ doz.
Butter—Country butter, 35¢ lb.
Poultry—Chickens, 18¢@24¢ lb.
Potatoes—\$2.30 bu.

Wholesale Barr Street Market.

Eggs—35¢ doz.
Chickens—15¢@16¢ lb.
Lard—16¢@17¢ lb.
Butter—25¢@26¢ lb.
Hogs—10¢@11¢ lb.
Wool—Unwashed, 38¢@40¢.
Wheat—\$1.60@1.62 bu.
Oats—55¢ bu.
Corn—94¢@95¢ bu.
Hay—\$10.00@12.00 ton.
Potatoes—\$2.15 per bu.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Eckers Packing Co.
(Corrected Daily by E. A. Walker.)
170 to 250 lbs. \$11.25
120 to 150 lbs. 11.00
120 to 130 lbs. 10.25

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

C. Fessett & Co.
Wheat—\$1.62 bu.
Rye—\$1.25 bu.
Oats—50¢ bu.
Corn—90¢@91¢ bu.
Barley—75¢ bu.
Flour—Winter wheat straight (Hungarian), \$3.00@3.50 per bbl; winter wheat, patent (silver dollar), \$3.50@4.00 per bbl; Little Turtle Flour—\$3.50@4.00 per bbl.
Lard—Pure lard, 16¢@16.50 per lb.
Beans—\$2.00@2.50 per ton.
Shorts—\$2.00@2.50 per ton.
Middlings—\$3.00@3.50 per ton.
Chopped—\$4.00@4.50 per ton.
Cornmeal—Bolted, \$2.50@2.70 per cwt; coarse, \$2.50@2.60 per cwt.
Cracked Corn—\$2.50@2.60 per cwt.
Screenings—\$2.50@2.60 per ton.
Small Wheat—\$2.50 per cwt.

MAYFLOWER MILLS.

Wheat—\$1.72 bu.
Corn—85¢ bu.
Oats—53¢ bu.
Rye—\$1.35 bu.
Barley—75¢ bu.
Flour—Winter wheat (straight), \$5.00@5.50 bbl; Neweno flour, \$3.40@10.00 bbl; Silver Dust flour, \$3.80@10.00 bbl; Middlings—\$3.50 ton.
Chopped—\$3.50 ton.
Cornmeal—\$2.50 ton.

GLOBE MILLS QUOTATIONS.

Wheat—\$1.60 bu; corn, 90¢@94¢ bu; oats, 47¢@50¢ bu; rye, \$1.10@1.25 bu; barley, 75¢ bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00@40.00 ton; salt per bbl, \$1.25.
Straight winter wheat, \$3.20; bleached straight winter wheat (Holiday), \$3.20 per bbl; Cold Lake, \$3.40 per bbl; Graham flour, \$4.00@9.00; Pumpkin seed flour, \$7.50 bbl; Bran, \$3.40@35.00 ton; cornmeal (bolted), \$2.75 cwt; cornmeal (coarse), \$2.50 cwt.

HIDES, WOOL, ROOTS, ETC.

(Well Bros. & Co.)
Hides—Green, 12¢@20¢ per lb; cured, light and heavy, 22¢@24¢ per lb; green calfskins, 25¢ per lb.
Wild Ginseng Root—\$8.00 down.
Tallow—94¢@11¢ per lb.
Greases—8¢@10¢ per lb.
Beeswax—30¢ per lb.
Sheep Pelts—50¢@55.00.
Unwashed Wool—40¢.

MAIER HIDE AND FUR CO.

No. 1 green hides—18¢ per lb.
No. 1 calfskin, cured—28¢@30¢ lb.
No. 1 calfskin, cured—38¢ lb.
No. 1 calfskin, green—30¢.
No. 1 horsehides—\$9.00 and down.
Pelts, according to quality, 50¢ to \$2.00.
Wild Ginseng—\$3.00@9.00.
Golden Seal Root—\$1.50@5.00.

Wool—38¢@40¢ per lb.

FEED QUOTATIONS.
(Corrected by W. D. Henderson & Co.)
New Timothy—\$10.00@12.00 ton.
Corn—96¢@1.00 bu.
Oats—53¢ bu.
Barley—70¢@75¢ bu.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.
(Ackerman-Weiner Co.—Corrected by C. M. Weiner.)
Butter—Country roll, 28¢@30¢ lb.
Fresh eggs, per doz, 35¢@37¢.
Potatoes—\$5.40@5.50 per sack.
Chickens—Young or old, 15¢@16¢ lb.

BEVER BROTHES QUOTATIONS.
(Corrected Daily by George Crouse. Subject to change without notice.)
Michigan potatoes, per 10-peck bag, \$4.50@4.75.
Apples—Fancy No. 1 Michigan, \$3.00@4.00 bbl.
Onions—No. 1 yellow, per cwt, \$2.50@3.00; No. 2 yellow, per cwt, \$1.50@2.00.
Lemons—300, California, per box, \$8.00.
Oranges—\$6.00@6.50 box.

CITY SCALES.
Hay—Receipts, 21 loads; \$10.00@12.00 ton.
Corn—Receipts, 10 loads; 94¢@98¢ bu.
Oats—Receipts, 3 loads; 54¢@55¢ bu.

POULTRY PRICES.
(Sherman White Co.)
Hens—4 lbs and over, 17¢.
Springers—17¢ lb.
Old roosters—3¢ lb.
Butter fat—35¢ lb.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Germany's move for unrestricted sea war caused far greater effects on the wheat market today than did the first opening of hostilities or any event since. An extreme break of 15½¢ in values took place in the first minute of trading and excitement was at such a pitch that transactions of 7 cents apart were made at the same instant in different parts of the pit.

Rallies of 6¢ from the lowest level reached at the start were made by wheat within five minutes after the opening, and although wild fluctuations intervened in the next quarter of an hour, 3¢ more of a recovery was shown. Fresh declines, however, then ensued. Opening prices today ranged all the way from 94¢ to 15½¢ down, as compared with yesterday's finish, May starting at \$1.66 and 15¢ and July at \$1.36 1/4.

On the succeeding rallies in the first half hour May rose to \$1.65 and July \$1.42, but new declines of 2¢ or more followed. Coarse grains took downward plunges less sensational than wheat. Corn was not affected as much as oats, the former falling 4¢ and oats 5¢.

After opening 2½¢ to 4½¢ lower the corn market mounted slowly to 3¢ to 1½¢ above the top of the initial range. Extraordinary rumbles were witnessed in provision prices.

Toledo Closing Prices.

Toledo, O., Feb. 1.—Close: Wheat—Cash, \$1.72; May, \$1.75 1/4; July, \$1.47 1/4. Corn—Cash, \$1.00; May, 99 1/4; July, 98 1/4. Oats—Cash, 55 1/2; May, 55 1/2; July, 54 1/2. Rye—Cash, \$1.43.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

East Buffalo Market.
East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 3,200 head; shipments, 350 head; official shipments to New York yesterday were 2,000 head; hogs closing steady; medium and heavy, \$12.40@12.50; Yorkers, \$12.75@12.80; pigs, \$10.75@11.00; roughs, \$11.40@11.50; stags, \$9.00@10.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 125 head; market was steady.
Sheep—Receipts, 3,000 head; market was steady; top lambs, \$14.55.
Chicago Market.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 35,000 head; market was 15¢ to 20¢ above yesterday's average; bulk, \$11.75@12.00; light, \$11.40@12.00; mixed, \$11.55@12.15; heavy, \$11.60@12.30; rough, \$11.60@11.75; pigs, \$9.75@11.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 6,500 head; market was weak; cattle, \$7.75@11.55; western steers, \$7.75@10.15; stockers and feeders, \$6.00@9.10; cows and heifers, \$5.00@10.75; calves, \$10.50@14.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 10,000 head; market was strong to 10¢ higher; wethers, \$11.25; lambs, \$11.85@14.50.
Pittsburg Market.
Pittsburg, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 2,000 head; market was 20¢ higher; hedges, \$12.25@12.50; heavy Yorkers, \$12.15@12.35; light Yorkers, \$11.50@11.75; pigs, \$10.50@10.75.
Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 500 head; market was higher; top sheep, \$11.50; top lambs, \$14.75.
Calves—Receipts, 150 head; market was lower; top, \$14.50.

Indianapolis Market.
Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 7,500 head; cattle, 1,400; calves, 450; sheep, 400.
Cattle—Prime corn fed steers, \$15.00@15.50; good to choice steers, \$10.00@10.50.
Hogs—Best heavies, \$12.00@12.35; medium and mixed, \$12.00@12.15; good to choice lights, \$12.00@12.15; common to medium lights, \$11.00@12.00; roughs, \$10.50@11.25; best pigs, \$10.50@11.00; light pigs, \$9.00@10.25; bulk of sales, \$12.10@12.15.

PRODUCE AND POULTRY.

Chicago Market.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Butter market was unchanged; receipts, 1,255 tubs.
Eggs—Market was higher; receipts, 1,500 cases; first 42¢; ordinary firsts, 40¢@42¢; at mark, cases included, 40¢@43¢.

Political Announcements.

To the Editor of The Sentinel:
Kindly announce through the medium of your newspaper my candidacy for republican nomination for City Judge at the March primary.
ROBERT A. BUHLER,
1-1-1f Attorney, Room 4, Swinney Bldg.

Help Wanted Male

WANTED—Boy with bicycle for drug store delivery. Riley Pharmacy, 2012 Fairfield Ave. 1-30-1f

WANTED—POSITION.

WANTED—Position, have had 5 yrs. general office and cost experience, can furnish A1 reference. Call H. P., 6552 bluc. 1-31

Potatoes—Market was unchanged; receipts, 32 cars.
Poultry—Alive, unsettled; fowls, 13¢; springs, 21¢; turkeys, 18¢.

New York Market.

New York, Feb. 1.—Butter market was firmer; receipts, 6,131 tubs.
Eggs—Market was firm; receipts, 6,092 cases, extra firsts, 45 1/2¢; firsts 44 1/2¢.
Poultry—Dressed, firm; chickens, 20¢; fowls, 17¢@24¢; turkeys, 20¢@24¢; alive, steady; chickens, 20¢@21¢; fowls, 22¢@23¢; turkeys, 25¢.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.

Many other severe losses occurred in the first half hour, especially in highly speculative issues, such as Pittsburgh Coal, Columbia Gas, Airbrake and Butte and Superior, which fell 8 to 11 points, while Bethlehem Steel reacted another 10 points, or 36 in all. Recoveries were most quickly effected in coppers, Utah, for instance, rallying 10 points. Declines of 4 to 6 points in high grade rails, like Readings, Baltimore & Ohio, New York Central and Norfolk & Western, were made up in fair proportions. United States Steel and shipplings rallied 5 to 10. Dealings slackened in the second hour, but another selling movement ensued at midday, materially reducing recoveries in leading stocks. Transactions up to noon were approximately 1,200,000 shares. Bonds were weak.

New York Sugar Market.

New York, Feb. 1.—Raw sugar, unsettled; centrifugal, 4.89; molasses, 4.02; refined, quiet; fine granulated, 6.75; futures, unsettled.

"BONE DRY" LAWS MADE IN TENNESSEE

Wholesalers Get Respite But Clubs Must Shut Off at Once.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 1.—Such liquor as is already in the state may go through the process of being closed out until July 1, but otherwise Tennessee is "bone dry." No more can be brought in. So much for the effect of the United States supreme court ruling in support of the Webb-Kenyon and the West Virginia anti-shipment laws and the sentiment of members of the general assembly now in session.

When the liquor question came before the legislature it found conditions highly propitious for the "dry" element. The lower house very promptly adopted bills abolishing liquor clubs, prohibiting storage and the individual receipt of liquor and making bootlegging a felony with the penalty of one year and a day in state prison.

Under plea from the wholesale liquor dealers that the anti-storage law be not made effective until July 1, in order that they might have time to close out their stocks, the house named that as the date. When the bill was before the senate committee the same night it was pointed out that between this time and the date stated there could be restocking and closing out sales almost without number and

Help Wanted Female

FREEMAN'S SCHOOL of Cutting and Dressmaking; day and night classes; pupils admitted any time. Phone 3280 red. 308 Madison street. 1-17-1f

WANTED—Girls over 18 for light manufacturing work; steady positions. Apply Supt. Wayne Paper Goods company, Calhoun and Jefferson. 21-25

WANTED—Girls to strip tobacco, experienced and inexperienced. Smack Cigar Factory, 606 Clinton St. 1-31-1f

WANTED—Power machine operators to make waists. Foster Waist Factory, 417 E. Columbia. 1-20-1f

PLUMBING WORK.

PLUMBING WORK, 60¢ an hour for labor, material furnished at cost, small or large jobs, jobbing a specialty, will furnish estimates for new or old work, all work guaranteed, prompt service, minimum charge 30¢. City Plumbing Co., 8 Swinney block. Phone 1404 black. 2-1-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. CHAS. ZIEGLER—Wall paper, window shades, picture frames and mouldings; paper hanging, painting, repairing shades, cleaning wall paper. Will cheerfully call with samples of any above mentioned line and give estimates. Your remembrance will be greatly appreciated. Residence, 1332 Zolara Ave. Phone 6433 blue. 26-2f

H. GOLDSTINE—Umbrellas and parasols repaired and recovered. Fancy parasols made to order. Work called for and delivered. Telephone 2428. 230 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-1-1f

WANTED—Watch, clock and jewelry repairing at reduced prices. Wayne Litchfield jewelry store, successor to Dallas F. Green, 208 West Berry street. 5-9-1f

WANTED—Second-hand pianos in exchange for Columbia Gramophones. Jacobs Music House, 1021-1023 Calhoun street. 7-11-1f

WANTED—To buy your rags, rubber and magazines. Telephone 7823 black. 1-27-1f

WANTED—Plain or family sewing to do at home. Inquire at 1302 Boon St. E. L. Green. 1-21

WANTED—To buy bicycles and parts; skates sharpened. E. J. Wilkinson, 617 Clinton St. 12-30-1f

FOR SALE—Proof press and stand; sale cheap. Apply Sentinel office. 1-28-1f

that there probably would be a flood of liquor pouring through that loophole. This view of the situation led to the enactment of the West Virginia law, in its main details, thus stopping shipments into the state.

Another plea for time was made on behalf of social clubs. Among these was the Chickasaw club of Memphis, which, its representatives said, was in debt and probably could not readjust itself to the condition imposed by the abolition of liquor under the locker system before July 1. To this Dr. J. D. McAllister, superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon league, and in charge of the bills under request by Gov. Rye, who was ill at the time, said: "Somehow or other I am in doubt about some of these social clubs. For instance, I happen to know the Chickasaw club buys liquor by the barrel. It does not occur to me there are any lockers in that club large enough to hold a barrel, nor that any individual member of that club buys liquor by the barrel."

"I don't believe a club that gives dances and has Tennessee women and girls there ought to buy whiskey by the barrel."

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HOMES.

FOR SALE—Six-room modern house on paved street, in the highest class residential section of the south side; tile roof, hardwood floors and finish; fireplace, built-in buffet, soft water plumbing, large lot, paved alley, \$5,500.00. Payments. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—Seven rooms, bath and large garage, all new, modern improvements, inside and outside; no better location on south side; No. 2708 South Wayne avenue, second door south of Swinney avenue; lot 59 by 150 feet. Inquire at Nuttman & Co.'s bank, 125 East Main street. O. S. Hanna. 10-11-1f

FOR SALE—A two-family flat, in the southwest; good location for electric works employees. Flats now rent for \$12.00 each. Small cash payment required; your rent will take care of the balance. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—Seven-room modern house, on paved street, within 2 squares of two car lines, close to Bowers, Western Gas and east yards; can give immediate possession; \$300 cash, balance monthly. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—\$500 cash, balance 5 yrs. at 5 per cent, a modern residence, East Berry St., lot 50x150 ft.; rare chance to buy future business property with small payment. Address "W." Sentinel. 1-30-eod-3f

FOR SALE—Fine modern home, in South Wayne, convenient to Electric Works, 7 rooms, tile roof, fine lot with fruit, owner leaving city, \$3,250. Call 2105. 6-9-1f

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, block and a half from Bowers, thoroughly modern, downstairs finished in oak, \$2,200.00. Payments. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—6-room house, with lights, gas, bath and good barn, large lot on paved street, near Electric works; now \$2,800, \$400 cash. Kitchen, phone 74. 1-3-Tues-Thurs-Sat-1f

FOR SALE—By owner, 7-room cottage, modern except furnace; \$200.00 cash, balance same as rent. 1717 E. Pontiac. Phone 7144 blue. 1-20-eod-1f

FOR SALE—One acre, 7-room house, with lights, large barn, good henry, all kinds of fruit bearing trees. Call Suburban 63 2 short 1 long. 30-3f

FOR SALE—Six-room house, paved street, Bloomington, \$2,500, \$250 cash, balance as rent. Address K. M. Sentinel. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—My home near Electric Works; six rooms, modern in every way; garage; payment plan. Dr. Gruber, phone 2165. 1-29-2-1-2f

FOR SALE—Five-room semi-modern cottage, paved street, near Electric Works, \$1,900, \$300 cash, balance as rent. Address M. C. D., Sentinel. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—New six-room modern house, on paved street, near Bowers. Payments, \$2,750.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—\$2,250 for 6-room house, bath and furnace, 9th block, E. Wayne. H. Goldstine, 14 Bank block.

FOR SALE—Six-room house, on John St., all modern except furnace, \$2,300.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

LOTS.

FOR SALE—Small lot, 9 blocks east of court house, on paved street, from owner, some improvements, \$1,050.00. Address Box 2, Sentinel. 29-2f

FOR SALE—Beautiful lot on Kinnard Ave. All improvements, including pavement, in and paid for, \$1,300. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-1f

FOR SALE—WISCONSIN FARM LANDS

LANDOLGY—A magazine giving the facts in regard to the land situation. "Three months' subscription free. If for a home or as an investment you are thinking of buying good farm lands, simply write me a letter and say: 'Mail me Landology and all particulars free.' Address Editor, Landology, Skidmore Land Co., 287 Skidmore Bldg., Marinette, Wis. 1-5-50f

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOW is the time to buy a desk. Come in and see what we have to offer. G. E. BURSLEY & Co. 19-tues-thur-sat 1f

STORAGE.

PETTIT'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO. Fireproof private rooms, equipment and service for storage unexcelled in any of the cities. 414 East Columbia street. 6-22-1f

INSURANCE.

AUTO, FIRE and Liability Insurance. L. H. SHOREY, 628 Calhoun. Phone 378. 11-12-1f

RUBBER STAMPS.

SEALS, Stencils, Trade Checks. WAYNE STAMP CO., 111 East Columbia street. 9-29-1-1f

Steel trough decking invented for concrete flooring or roofing by an Englishman is so formed that it can be riveted from one side with water-tight joints.

An English patent has been issued for a process of rolling hollow steel bars from ingots that are drilled and filled with heat-resisting sand.

A method by which metals which have been absorbed by a human body can be withdrawn by electrolysis, has been developed by an Englishman.

REAL ESTATE.

BARGAINS ON LINCOLN HIGHWAY WEST AS WELL AS EAST

2 acres with 7-room house, barn and other outbuildings; all in good repair. Price, \$2,900.00.
ON LINCOLN HIGHWAY EAST—2 acres with modern home. Also have 3 acres with 8-room house, fine barn or garage for \$5,500.00.
4 acres with the new buildings, 4 miles east of Fort Wayne, on Lincoln Highway. Also have 4 acres in same location with no improvements except that the whole is improved.
See MONROE W. FITCH & SONS, The Earth and Insurance Men. Opp. P. O. Surety Bonds. 5% Money.

We give you the most for your money in building service. Build a House on That Vacant Lot Then you'll have an income from it. You can't afford to let it lie idle. We plant and build houses that are easy to rent. Get in touch with us now. City & Suburban Bldg. Co. Second Floor, Shoen Bldg.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—HOMES.

FOR RENT—Brick house on West Superior street, corner lot, modern except furnace. Phone 501 or 1999. 1-31

FOR RENT—A complete modern house. Inquire at 730 W. Creighton Ave. 27-5f

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—124 Nelson St., lower flat, partly modern. SCHRADER & WILSON, Main and Court, first floor. 8-18-1f

FOR RENT—Seven-room modern flat, 1618 Calhoun. Inquire 450 Montgomery. Phone 2570. 30-3f

FARMS.

FOR RENT—Poultry and garden farm, 18 acres. N. H. Horn, 424 3d St. Phone 3693 red. 1-30-eod-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Warehouse, suitable for storage or repair shop. Phone 2106. 1-30-1f

Rooms for Rent

FOR RENT—Rooms suitable for office or flat, first-class, 130 W. Wayne St.; also office room at 820 Harrison St. Inquire at Dr. Havice. 1-24-1f

THE WEATHER.

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach or bowels.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coat—of your child is thick, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftentimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company—Advertisement."

COMMITTEES NAMED FOR MIZPAH SHOW

Annual Event Will Be Given
at Palace on Feb. 15,
16-17.

Committees have been named by the Divan of Mizpah Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine for the annual show which will be given at the Palace theatre, February 15, 16 and 17. Every member of the order is entering into the full spirit of the affair and will make this annual show as good and even better than those of the past.

The committees are composed of the following: Program, Byron H. Somers, Arthur F. Hall and Charles E. Reed; tickets, Charles H. Gumpfer, Charles A. Meigs and Edward A. Wagner; publicity, C. J. Suedhoff, H. L. Askew, C. F. Bickness, Herman Mackwitz and L. G. Ellingham; treasurer, Frank H. Cuthall; decorations, Edward H. Merritt, Walter E. Cook and E. H. Kilbourne.

The proceeds of this event will be used to send the patrol and band to the Imperial council which will be held in Minneapolis next June.

Other Lodge Notes.
The annual roll call meeting of Mecheannochqua tribe No. 108, Improved Order of Red Men, was held Wednesday evening in Aldine hall. Many short talks were made in answer to their names when called.

Fort Wayne Order of Moose, will give a dance at the Moose auditorium Thursday evening.

Mooseheart legion meets in regular session Sunday afternoon.

Woodmen of the World, Fort Wayne camp No. 129, meets Thursday evening in App's hall.

To permit the outside of windows to be warmed by persons inside of rooms is the purpose of a recently patented wire frame into which cloths can be clamped.

Mrs. Visconti, Woman of Mystery in the "Leak" Case, is a Figure Like Romance

Russell, Describing Elusive
Woman Who Has Capital
Guessing, Calls Her Latest
of Famous String of "Pet-
ticoat Diplomats."

(By Charles Edward Russell.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Ruth Thompson Visconti, who made such a dramatic entry in the great American farce comedy entitled "The Leak, or Quick, Watson! the Needle," would be worth untold gold to a romantic writer of the good old school of intrigue and mystery!

She is small, attractive, quiet, silent, mysterious and elusive. She arrives and departs and none knows whence nor whither. She baffles detectives, subpoena servers and reporters, and when you feel sure she is here she guides for a moment into view some-where else.

This used to be great stuff on the stage and in fiction, and may be again. Some of it isn't so much fiction at that. Everybody that knows government as it really is, knows that it is largely a puppet play for the delight and diversion of a large and undiscriminating audience. It is performed by a variety of pleasing and well-dressed figures that move about the stage in a series of most life-like and refreshing stunts as if they did everything of their own will, but all the time they are pulled around with strings, cords and wires not exhibited to the entranced spectators.

Sometimes the hands that pull these strings are a woman's small hands that make history and pass away and are forgotten. But the results of their manipulation, maneuvers and secret designs last always thereafter. Madame de Maintenon, the duchess of Marlborough, Rens of Harwick, the fair Gabrielle, and all that sort of thing, I mean. They show still in a fashionable avenue in Paris the house where a red-haired woman in the days of the second empire used to settle treaties and determine the policies of Europe, and all the time she no better than she ought to be!

It's more of a European plot than an American, but there have been some women in our own history. President Arthur was a widower, but General Adam Badeau charged that it was a petticoat administration, although the woman he said dominated everything was never brought before the public. Badeau lost his job in that administration and charged his troubles to the same fair lady of Washington.

The secret of the whisky ring scandal, which clouded the closing years of Grant's second administration were understood to have been betrayed first by a woman, the discarded friend of one of the ringsters.

In the fiftieth congress one of the republican leaders, a senator, made up his mind that he would deliver a speech on a pending question of national policy that would shake the nation, because it would put his party into a position from which it could hardly escape except by doing the thing the senator wanted to have done. His secretary, with whom he prepared the speech, had formed a friendship with a certain catty, red-haired lady that spent her time in mysterious pursuits in Washington. She had a friend of her own that the secretary never suspected. The secretary showed her the copy of the speech two or three days before it was to be delivered. She showed it to her other friend. He tipped off certain interests in Washington and the speech vanished forever into the discard.

Sometimes the fair diplomat works quite openly and makes no effort to conceal her influence. The ablest



MRS. RUTH THOMPSON VISCONTI

Washington has ever seen in legitimate fields of endeavor was Madame De Lome, the wife of the Spanish minister in the stormy days before the Spanish-American war. Very strong influences were at work long before the blowing up of the Maine, to induce this government to recognize the Cuban republic and there were incessant complications growing out of the American filibustering expeditions. Minister De Lome had a difficult job. He was immeasurably helped by his wife, who left the reputation here of a woman of most extraordinary ability as well as of charm. It was said that so long as she was on the job the senate foreign committee never took a step that she started out to beat and it was due to her most clever, able work that many a hostile action was side-tracked. For years she made a point of winning the friendship of each successive chairman of the committee.

The female lobbyist used to be a familiar figure to every one that knew Washington from the other side of the footlights. About ten years ago there were two exceedingly handsome women, sisters, whose influence was said to be powerful in legislation, but their efforts were confined to killing anti-corruption bills and they never mixed up in other affairs.

The case of Madame Caillaux, which is not yet ended, by the way, is an illustration. In this instance she ruined her own husband instead of another woman's, which is not according to Hoyle and tradition. He had been prime minister and a brilliant career seemed to lie before him and she pushed the whole thing over.

The case of Mrs. Cornwallis West, recently condemned by a British war board for interfering with the conduct of the war, was merely symptomatic. She is not the only woman whose influence has been powerful in the affairs of the British government since Aug. 4, 1914. There was last

summer a continuous growl going on in army circles about "petticoat government" and women that had strings on the war office or thereabouts. The fate of Mrs. Cornwallis West may have put an end to this sort of thing, but I don't believe it, for the reason that it began long before this war and will probably last long after it.

SOUTH BEND MAY TRY RULE BY COMMISSION

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 1.—Preliminary to conducting a campaign whereby the commission form of government may be introduced in South Bend, H. W. Waite, city manager of Dayton, O., delivered two addresses before a joint meeting of the chamber of commerce and all the leading men and women's clubs of the city. Mr. Waite devoted his time to explaining the operation of the Dayton plan. Among other things he said:

"Politics can not enter the administrative end of Dayton. In fact, do not play an important part in city management at all. Separating the legislative and administrative portions of the city is a dividing line, and this line likewise prevents politics from creeping into the administrative end. Even the commissioners are elected on a non-partisan basis. Dayton has a commission form of government. Five commissioners are elected at large from the city. They compose the legislative body and in turn appoint a city manager."

DECATUR NEWS.

Decatur, Ind., Feb. 1.—Funeral services for Burley Bros., 70, a Geneva thirty-second degree Mason, were conducted there today. The body was taken to Indianapolis for burial.

C. D. Bieberich went to Fort Wayne to be with his daughter, Clara, while she was operated upon at the Lutheran hospital for injury to her arm.

J. S. Bowers left for Cuba, where he will spend a couple of weeks touring about the islands, after which he will go to Jacksonville, Fla., for an indefinite stay.

John D. Hale returned from a two weeks' visit with his daughter, Mrs. B. E. Parker, at Marion.

Charles Knapp has returned from Chicago, where he attended the auto show.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Turner, of Washington, who visited here with Mrs. Mary Eley, left for St. Louis and from there will go to New Orleans. They are making a tour of the United States.

The Euterpean club will entertain their friends at a "guest night entertainment" this evening at the Masonic hall.

Mrs. John Niblick has received word that her niece, Mrs. Harriet Morrison Wallace, was buried at Englewood cemetery, Los Angeles, yesterday afternoon. On account of the health of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Morrison, who was not able to make the long trip, the body was not brought back here.

Miss Veronica Anker, who has been quite ill, is able to be out again.

A fine baby boy was born yesterday afternoon to Mr. and Mrs. William Sowers on the C. D. Lewton farm.

Mrs. Amelia Worthman and daughter, Louise, of Magley, went to Fort Wayne for a visit and from there will go to Pleasant Lake to visit with a daughter.

Mrs. T. V. Johnston went to Fort Wayne to visit with relatives, while her husband is at Fort Wayne attending a tractor school.

Mrs. Rachel Burdick, who is serving her third year as most excellent chief of the Pythian Sisters, was presented with a souvenir spoon and a plant during a surprise social after the lodge session.

Miss Gertrude Moses is at Attica, where she is taking the mud bath treatment for rheumatism.

Miss Lucile Smith has returned to her school teaching at the Handebush school after a few days' illness occasioned by the grip.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

WOLFE & SASSAUER

All Remaining Children's Coats

\$1.98 \$2.98 \$3.98 \$4.98

—Sizes 2 to 6, and 6 to 14—Many of the prettiest models of the season—made of the wanted fabrics. —All splendidly tailored.

—Now offered at prices far less than half.

The Prettiest of Frocks For Little Girls

\$1.00 \$2.00 \$3.00

WORTH UP TO \$12.50.

—Lingerie Models, liberally trimmed with fine laces and embroideries, with ribbon girdles.
—Pretty little dresses of soft wool challies, with full pleated skirts and simple blouses, lace trimmed.
—And a few party dresses of light colored silks, more elaborately designed than the other frocks in this special collection.

HOOVER IN PLEA FOR RELIEF TO BELGIANS

American Gifts Thus Far
Have Been Comparative-
ly Insignificant.

New York, Feb. 1.—The first public address which Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the American commission for the relief of Belgium, has made in the United States since the war began was delivered today before the cham-



HERBERT C. HOOVER.

ber of commerce of the state of New York, with an effort to impress upon the American people how comparatively insignificant have been their contributions for Belgian relief.

As compared with a profit of \$30,000,000 which has come to America through the spending here of \$150,000,000 by the relief commission in the purchase of supplies for Belgium, the public benevolence in America towards Belgium has amounted to only \$9,000,000. Such were the figures Mr. Hoover presented.

"Gentlemen, Europe has begun to take stock of us," said he, "in comparing the figures with the evenness of idealism, devotion to humanity, and great benevolence."

It was true that Americans had opened the door to Belgium, but time and again the door had been threatened to close, and Mr. Hoover declared that the financial future of the organization gave untold anxiety.

"Today," he said, "we must have \$17,000,000 to \$18,000,000 a month—an additional \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 over the subsidies which are now being received through the allied governments."

"Five months ago we appealed to the American people and only \$1,000,000 a month towards the cost of the extra imports needed for little children, but despite the efforts of thousands of devoted supporters in the United States the apathy of the country caused us to fall far short of our moderate sum. Yet within a month I have stood ashamed before a thousand Belgian children who, on my entrance upon their daily meal warbled the opening stanza of the Star Spangled Banner."

Mr. Hoover concluded by asking the American people for a truly "proper representation" in the provision of \$6,000,000 a month with which to support the destitute, and added: "I want the American people to be prepared in emergency to loan another \$10,000,000 a month which will be repaid."

"We never have seen a day," he declared, "when our finance was certain for sixty days ahead, nor in two years' time when our contracts did not exceed our assets from five to twenty million dollars. The Belgian relief is a constant drain upon our treasury, and the strain is a constant drain upon our treasury."

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

gium and have founded and sustained this enterprise in its administrative and in its political phases. We felt that it was the national duty for America, who stood out unharmed in this vast swelter, to keep alight the lamp of humanity. Of the \$250,000,000 spent in this work approximately \$30,000,000 has come to our hand from the public benevolence of the world and less than \$9,000,000 of this sum have come from the American people. And with the exception of our great gift of \$1,000,000 it has been the little rills of charity of the poor towards the poor. The great bulk of this expenditure has been furnished by the allied governments and has been debited to the Belgian government or to the communes or municipalities in northern France which have received its benefits. They have yet to repay all of this expenditure and they assume this burden cheerfully and with the dignity of free men.

"Of this vast sum of money we have spent over \$150,000,000 in the United States in the purchase of supplies and of this sum America has made a war profit of at least \$30,000,000. Gentlemen, Europe has begun to take stock of us. We had claim to idealism, a devotion to humanity and to great benevolence."

"Now, finally, gentlemen, I wish to put to you a phase of the matter which I regard as of deep national importance and one vastly wider than the relief. The result of this war will be that America will be rich, prosperous, wealthy, and will have made untold millions of this wealth out of the woe and swelter of Europe. It is true enough that we were not responsible for this war. On the other hand, we have made large profits out of this misfortune. The justification of any rich man in the community is his trusteeship to the community for his wealth. The justification of America to the world community today is her trusteeship to the world community for the property which she holds."

"The ownership of this wealth carries serious dangers in times to come and it behooves its trustees to take account of its responsibilities. There is growing up and there has grown up in Europe a note of bitterness which will seriously affect our whole relations with Europe for years to come. The only amelioration to this bitterness possible is for this country to properly assume its burden towards the helpless in Europe. It is not for us to question the cause of their misery; it is our duty to save. The money which has come to us from these people is money in trust and unless Americans recognize this trust she will pay dearly and bitterly for its possession."

"The justification of American riches can only be her repudiation of the obligation which comes with riches, and this repudiation should not be alone her duty but should be the duty of Gentlemen, if I and my colleagues are to carry the weight of this organization in its direction and vast administration."

"Today," he said, "we must have \$17,000,000 to \$18,000,000 a month—an additional \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 over the subsidies which are now being received through the allied governments."

"Five months ago we appealed to the American people and only \$1,000,000 a month towards the cost of the extra imports needed for little children, but despite the efforts of thousands of devoted supporters in the United States the apathy of the country caused us to fall far short of our moderate sum. Yet within a month I have stood ashamed before a thousand Belgian children who, on my entrance upon their daily meal warbled the opening stanza of the Star Spangled Banner."

Mr. Hoover concluded by asking the American people for a truly "proper representation" in the provision of \$6,000,000 a month with which to support the destitute, and added: "I want the American people to be prepared in emergency to loan another \$10,000,000 a month which will be repaid."

"We never have seen a day," he declared, "when our finance was certain for sixty days ahead, nor in two years' time when our contracts did not exceed our assets from five to twenty million dollars. The Belgian relief is a constant drain upon our treasury, and the strain is a constant drain upon our treasury."

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

istrative detail we have not the time even had we the capacity to arouse the hostility of our countrymen. The American ambassadors, Page, Whitlock and Gerard, my colleagues and myself, have done our duty. It is up to our country to say whether or not this work, the greatest work which America has ever undertaken in the name of humanity, shall through its pretensions become a word of contempt. We have fought a good fight. We have tried to keep the lamp of humanity alight and to implant true Americanism in Europe. If we fail it will be the failure of the American people."

MUNTON COMES OUT FOR PROHIBITION

Says He Will Vote for Dry
Bill if Chance is Given
Him.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—C. J. Munton, nominated for senator by the republicans of Noble, Steuben and LaGrange counties at their convention here Monday, has issued a signed statement saying that if he is elected next Tuesday he will support the state-wide prohibition bill. The statement reads:

"I have been considerably surprised to hear myself accused of pussy-footing in the matter of my vote on the prohibition bill, should I be elected to the state senate to represent the LaGrange, Noble and Steuben district, an accusation which is based entirely on the failure of the convention which named myself to declare itself on the bill."

"No declaration was made by this convention for the simple reason that the temperance question has not this year been made a party issue in Indiana. The state platforms of both parties were silent on the subject, and it was the expressed request of the leaders of the 'dry' movement that no such declaration be made."

"In view, however, of the fact that my attitude is now challenged I wish to state explicitly and frankly that if I am elected I shall vote for the prohibition bill, if it comes up during my services."

"I make this declaration, not only because it expresses my personal views, but for the reason that the sentiment of my district is overwhelmingly 'dry.' In my judgment it is the duty of a representative to represent."

C. J. MUNTON.

A statement from Munton on the liquor question was not surprising, since it was known that he was in exceedingly hot water, due to the prohibition sentiment in his district, and particularly in Steuben county.

DRUGGIST PRAISES DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

I have handled Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for twenty years and there is not a single remedy on the market that enjoys such an excellent reputation. My father took it and was much pleased with the results obtained. I do believe that it is all that you claim for it and I heartily advise any one to give it a trial who is suffering from the ailments for which it is recommended.

Very truly yours,
JAS. H. BRYAN, Druggist.
Oct. 7, 1916. Charlotte, Michigan.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for You.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a simple size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Fort Wayne Daily Sentinel. Regard to the fact that all drug stores carry Swamp-Root for sale at all drug stores.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.

Scratch pads, 3c and 2 for 5c. Just the thing for pencil work in school. Sentinel Office, 114 W. Wayne St.

SENTINEL WANT
ADS. ALWAYS
GET RESULTS.

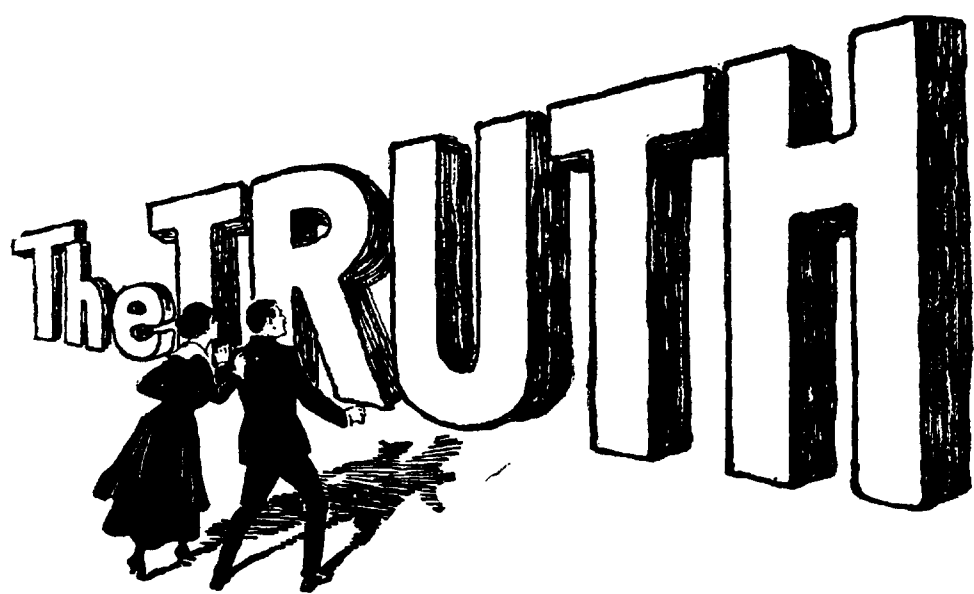
Fruit House Prices

Quaker Corn Flakes, 10c pkg. 7c
Red D Cut Macaroni, 12c pkg. 10c
Evaporated Milk, large can. 22c
Egg Hominy, special. 15c
California Seedless Raisins, 1/2c pk. 12c
Sun Maid Seedless Raisins, 1/2c pk. 12c
Mrs. Austin's Buckwheat Flour, 10c
Extra Pie Peaches, large can. 12c
Golden Rio Coffee, 17c; 3 lbs. 50c
California Red Beans, 10c can
White Navy Beans, 14c lb
Small Lima Beans, 12c lb
Smoked White Fish, 25c lb
Lake Erie Gray Bass, 10c lb
S. & H. Stamps—No charge.

White Fruit House

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power and a pump for farm use were recently donated to the Red Cross by the local chapter.



Coffee does disagree with many. And in these days of accurate scientific knowledge there's no virtue in appearing astonished when this truth is faced.

Caffeine (the drug in coffee, and in tea also) leaves the system in an overworked and debilitated state, and is responsible for various serious ills and discomforts.

Thousands who desire an appetizing hot table beverage with none of coffee's drawbacks, find a most delightful cup—one containing no deleterious substance whatever—in

POSTUM

—the pure cereal food-drink

Nourishing, economical and wonderfully delicious.

"There's a Reason"

FIRST
SECTION

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Only Evening Newspaper in Fort Wayne Receiving the Associated Press Dispatches

ESTABLISHED 1833.

THURSDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.

-16 PAGES. -2 CENTS.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR
FORT WAYNE AND
VICINITY.

GENERALLY FAIR TONIGHT AND FRI-
DAY; SEVERE COLD WAVE TONIGHT.

BREAK WITH BERLIN NEAR

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED BY U. S., IS BELIEF

President and Secretary Lansing Go
Over Situation But Refuse to
Talk Regarding Action

Belief in Washington That American Course
in Dealing With New Unrestricted Sub-
marine Warfare Plan of Germany Has
Been Decided Upon.

Washington, Feb. 1.—Following the conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing today on the new German declaration for unrestricted submarine warfare, the opinion became generally prevalent in official quarters that a break in diplomatic relations with Germany seemed inevitable.

The view was taken widely in official quarters that the United States would not allow the situation to stand unchallenged, although it was believed probable that an ultimatum or warning to the Berlin government might precede the actual severance of diplomatic relations.

President Wilson and Secretary Lansing discussed the submarine situation after Mr. Lansing had worked all morning on a document which he took with him to the white house.

Lansing Refuses to Talk.

After the conference, Secretary Lansing refused categorically to say what had been decided upon.

A warning to Germany that a severance of diplomatic relations will follow the putting into effect of such a campaign of ruthlessness as she has announced, or an actual severance on Germany's announcement as it stands are among the possibilities.

There is no official ground for stating that either of these courses had been followed although one of these courses is expected. It is thought a course of action has been decided upon but it is thought certain steps must be taken before it is announced.

After an hour's conference between President Wilson and Secretary Lansing it became known today that the German situation is viewed with extreme gravity and that the American government had already begun to formulate definite steps.

Step Already Taken?

It is regarded as not impossible that action of some kind had already been taken, but there was no indication of its nature.

There also were indications that no announcement of the course of the government would be made until certain steps had been taken through the navy department and the treasury for safeguarding American ports and other interests.

Awakens With Shiver.

Washington awoke this morning with a shiver at a realization of this situation. It had come so suddenly in the midst of lingering hopes for an early peace in Europe and speculation over what might be the president's next move toward that end that there had been little time for deliberation.

In fact every member of the foreign relations committee of the senate read for the first time in the morning newspapers the text of the warning note handed yesterday to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin and delivered to the state department by Count von Bernstorff.

Sends for Col. House.

President Wilson, upon whom lies

the burden of determining the nation's course, was alone in his study at the white house until late in the night with a copy of the German note. He saw no callers, but it is understood to have held several telephone conferences with members of the cabinet and to have sent a summons to Col. M. House, his close friend and constant adviser on foreign affairs. Col. House, leaving his home in New York after midnight, reached here early this morning.

Action Is Coming Quickly.

There is every indication that whatever the America does will be done quickly.

Apparently it is agreed that there are but three courses open: Handing Count von Bernstorff his passports without further ado, sending at once a warning to Germany that she will violate American rights at her peril or awaiting the development of the new starvation campaign against England, announced to begin today.

The president has given no intimation of the trend of his thoughts since he expressed incredulous amazement yesterday when informed of what was coming through the Associated Press dispatches from Berlin.

So far as could be learned early today no arrangement had been made for him to appear before congress, as he did last year, to announce the dis-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 4.)

Crash! Boom! Bang! Go
Cannon Crackers in Fire

Spirit of '76 was prematurely released when several crates of stored fireworks were ignited in a blaze which wrought \$75 loss to the storeowner at rear of Christen Brothers drug store, 1302 Calhoun street, Thursday morning.

Firemen arrived just as the series of explosions started. There was the crash of giant crackers which shook the building and sent heaps of crepe paper and letter files tumbling. Din of torpedoes joined the cannonade. Flare of roman candles lit up the little room. Whiz of skyrocket caused firemen to dodge and the inquisitive bystanders to flee.

Position of firemen was dangerous for a time because of continuous explosions and flying missiles. Boxes of fireworks were hurled into the office of Dr. J. H. Hosford, which adjoins the room. One of the ignited "nigger chasers" bounded through the doctor's office and finished its journey on Douglas avenue with a clatter that sent small boys running.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the fire apparatus shot past the moving street car.

Blaze in the drug store was extinguished in twenty minutes. Loss is set at \$75. Many of the shelves in storage room were torn away. Water damaged goods, including the Fourth of July paraphernalia.

Origin of the fire is given as crossed electric wires. Clerk in the store was choked by the dense smoke when he chanced to enter the place. He called firemen.

Firemen used chemicals to extinguish the blaze. Bundle of several hundred paper napkins which had started to burn were thrown upon Douglas

avenue by clerks in the store before firemen arrived. Wind soon scattered the fluffy, many colored sheets over all the neighborhood, especially along Calhoun street.

Almost in a Wreck.

Truck from No. 3 engine house narrowly averted a wreck at corner of Washington and Calhoun streets while making the run to the blaze. Motorist on a Lakeside street car proceeded across Washington street apparently not hearing the clanging gong on the approaching motor truck. The big fire auto ran ahead of the car. Front wheels were turned sharply to miss the car vestibule. There were two inches leeway when the

STOCKS TAKE HEAVY SLUMP

Big Losses Develop as Result of New German War Policy.

EARLY DROPS RANGE UP TO 13 POINTS

Cotton Prices Follow the Big Stocks in Wave of Selling.

New York, Feb. 1.—Opening prices in the stock market today showed big losses. They ranged from 1 1/2 to 13 points.

Atlantic Gulf fell 13 points, Mexican Petroleum 11 1/2, Central Leather 8 1/2, Republic Steel 12 1/2, Cuba Cane 7 1/2, and General Motors 10 1/2. United States Steel common opened with a sale of a block of 35,000 shares at 105 to 100, representing a loss of 7 to 12 points.

The support, however, did not prove effective. United States Steel, for the first time in many months dropped below par.

The market was in a demoralized condition. Rails, as well as industrials suffered. Union Pacific dropping 7 points, Reading 5, Erie 3 1/2, with losses of 2 to 3 for other active rails. Gains of 2 to 10 points were recorded within the first fifteen minutes; however, with signs of support in some of the leading stocks. Selling, nevertheless, was of the most urgent character.

Cotton Prices Break.

Cotton prices broke wide on the call in the future market today under a tremendous wave of selling. March contracts dropped three hundred and seventy-three points.

This break amounted to more than \$25 a bale and the market was absolutely demoralized.

May contracts broke to 1250 within ten minutes, 516 points under last night's closing figures, making the biggest break in such a short time in the history of the market. Reports of conditions in the stock market increased the excitement, but after the most violent liquidation had somewhat subsided May contracts rallied to 14 cents in covering.

Before the end of the first half hour May contracts had rallied to 17 cents or 4 1/2 points from the lowest and within 16 points of last night's closing figures. The sensational break brought in fresh buying as well as covering by shorts but the shock of the unprecedented rapidity of the decline was still evident in the confusion and excitement.

BIG BREAK IN WHEAT.

Chicago Grain Slumps Heavily on New War Decree.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—The wheat market broke an extreme 15 1/2 cents at the opening today under the influence of the German submarine note.

Corn, oats and provisions also slumped heavily. The excitement largely went itself out in the first hour with prices 4 to 6 cents above the bottom.

A week ago May wheat closed at \$1.34 1/2 a bushel. Last night it closed at \$1.79 1/2. The first quotation this morning was posted at \$1.60, but when the ticker clerks were able to check up on what actually happened, it was found that opening prices ranged from \$1.63 to \$1.56. July wheat which closed yesterday at \$1.46 1/2 to \$1.46 1/2, opened with sales from \$1.40 to \$1.38.

On the break no heavy purchases were made, supposedly for the account of the big shorts who were embracing the moment to take their profits. Quotations jumped 1c and 2c without a break. May shot up to \$1.64 and July to \$1.41.

SPECIAL CAR FOR TOURISTS.

A large party of home-seekers out of the city will go over the G. R. & I. next Tuesday morning bound for Fort Pierce, Fla. From Cincinnati the tourists will go over the Louisville & Nashville and two agents of that company, F. D. Bush and Ira F. Schweigel, have been in the city a day or two working up the party. They will have a special sleeping car attached to G. R. & I. train, which will be carried also over the Louisville & Nashville to the end of the route.

Kryptok Lens fitted properly to your eyes without paying a down town price.

VOIROL'S, 1518 Calhoun.

MAY BUY A PAPER MILL.

Columbus, O., Feb. 1.—At the closing session of the Ohio Dailies here last night a committee was named to investigate the feasibility of buying a news print paper mill. This action followed the discovery that Ohio publishers are paying widely varying prices for paper. The prices ranged from \$2.15 to \$7.00 per hundred pounds, a poll of the nearly 100 members present showed.



ROGERS

SPED. FT. WAYNE OFFICE LIMA, ILL. ANTHONY HOTEL BLDG. OHIO

LOANS

\$5 TO \$100.

On your own note if you are a householder, or have a steady position. We are reliable, reasonable and responsible. Quickly—privately.

Indiana Loan Co., 211 Shoaff Bldg.

HE WANTED MONEY WITHOUT ANY DELAY

James Pucket Had Expected to Recover Stolen Twine from Store.

James Pucket, driver for the A. C. Bergman company, needed money right away on Monday evening. He stopped at the Himmelstein grocery and sold a bale of twine, taken from one of the wagons and valued at \$44, for \$3.12. He expected to recover the twine next day, he testified in police court Thursday morning.

But the Eagle Laundry, where the twine was to be delivered, reported to the Becker Paper company, from whence the cord was sent, that their shipment was short. Investigation followed. Police were called. Pucket was afraid to go after the bale of string, he said.

Detective Sergeant Junk made the rounds of the pawnshops and general stores. He located the stolen goods. Pucket was arrested on Wednesday. The teamster admitted disposing of the goods, but pleaded "not guilty" to the grand larceny charge. He was bound to circuit court under \$300 bond. Police claim that he has been in trouble twice before for larceny. He was convicted in 1913 of stealing a watch and in 1915 of taking a bicycle, police say.

Other Police Court Cases.

Case of Jim Jones and Jim Roy, charged with associating with two women, who were convicted on a similar charge last week, will be tried Saturday. Attorney for the men is out of the city. Both of the defendants have posted \$50 bond. Police do not expect the men to appear in court. It is claimed that Jones and Roy are not the real names for the defendants.

Cases of public intoxication were George Ziegler and Sam Marlan, both released.

Morton Nicholas, charged with loitering, will be tried on Feb. 6. Joe Logvin, Charles Brown and Charles Wagner, charged with vagrancy, will have a hearing on Saturday.

AMERICAN EXPORTS DOUBLED IN VALUE

Manufactures Sent Abroad Last Year Counted High in Value.

Washington, Feb. 1.—American manufactures sent abroad last year were double in value those of 1915. Manufacturers ready for consumption were valued at \$2,525,686,208, the commerce department announced today, compared with \$1,315,195,562 in 1915. They formed more than half of the year's increase in exports which aggregated \$5,421,269,162 against \$3,492,230,722 in 1915.

Crude materials for use in manufacturing exports amounted to \$719,760,877, an increase of \$152,000,000 over 1915; foodstuffs in crude condition and food animals were valued at \$421,279,670, a decrease of \$39,500,000; foodstuffs partly or wholly manufactured totaled \$64,059,813, an increase of \$97,500,000, and manufactures for further use in manufacturing were valued at \$812,202,829, an increase of \$446,000,000. Horses exported were valued at \$62,762,926, and mules at \$28,099,048.

LETTERS SMUGGLED IN LOAVES OF BREAD

AMERICAN 15 MILES AHEAD OF HIS RIVALS

Hartman in Dog Derby Sends Animals on While Competitors Sleep.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1.—Letters smuggled out of Russia in the center of loaves of bread were in the American mail today, placed there by Mrs. C. Goldberg, who was visiting friends here today after a thirty-one-day journey through the Russian war zone. The letters, she said, were hidden in the bread that uncensored pleas for help from her neighbors in Zablun, Kurland, might reach their American relatives. Mrs. Goldberg said the passports upon which she left Russia was that of a woman who died several years ago and that she had been aided in her flight by Russian officials.

TURKISH DELEGATE HAS REACHED GENEVA

Paris, Feb. 1.—Djavid Bey, former Turkish minister of finance, has arrived at Geneva, according to the Matin, as a delegate from the Turkish ministry commissioned to get in touch with the entente powers. Djavid was selected, the Matin says, because he was the only Ottoman minister who refused to sign the trade proclaiming the opening of hostilities.

Another Turkish politician, Noury Bey, is at St. Moritz and is said to have declared openly that the partisans of Talat Bey, one of the triumvirates in charge at Constantinople, are nationalists before everything else and do not intend to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for Germany.

SEEKS NEGRO'S REPRIEVE.

Kentucky Colonel at Chicago to Intercede for Colored Man.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Col. Wm. Wallace of Irvine, Ky., is here today to obtain a reprieve from the scaffold for Ernest Wallace, a negro, convicted by a jury last July of killing two men in a saloon holdup. The negro's father was an aged servant of the Wallace household in Kentucky before the war and Col. Wallace has interested a number of Chicago business men in the case.

\$10,000 FIRE AT GARRETT

Two Business Buildings Reduced to Ashes in Blaze at Night.

STARTS IN PAPER AND PAINT STORE

Firemen in Narrow Escape When Wall Gives Way Without Warning.

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Garrett, Ind., Feb. 1.—Fire starting in the rear of the paint and paper store belonging to George J. Spindler at 10 o'clock last night destroyed two partly frame and brick business buildings and did damage to the extent of about \$10,000, according to latest estimates.

Both the buildings, belonging to B. Hunsel, a partly frame and brick structure, and George W. Pente, of Marion, were burned to the ground. Discovery of the blaze was made in time to save most of the stock of the tenants, with the exception of the Spindler wall paper and paint store, which was damaged to the extent of \$500, with no insurance. The Hunsel building was valued at \$5,000, with \$2,000 insurance, and the Pente building at \$2,000, with \$1,000 insurance.

Tenants in the Hunsel building were: George J. Spindler, wall paper and paint store; Style's pool room; Hunsel's confectionery store, with the Knights of Columbus lodge room on the second floor. Mr. Hunsel and family also lived on the second floor. Phil Walters' restaurant and pool room occupied the Penten building.

Firemen worked all night and late today the ruins were still smoldering. Splendid work on the part of the firemen prevented the flames from spreading to surrounding buildings, notwithstanding a high wind that was blowing, making fire fighting much more difficult. The firemen were also greatly handicapped, because of insufficient water pressure demonstrated by the need, officials declare, of larger mains and a reservoir. However, the charge that the water supply was inadequate is denied.

Firemen's Narrow Escape.

Several of the firemen had narrow escapes when one of the brick walls of the Hunsel building came crashing to the ground within a few feet of the Spindler residence.

Little's hardware store was threatened for a time and some little damage was done to the stock by smoke.

Cause of the fire has not been ascertained to a certainty. It is known to have originated among the oils and inflammable materials lying so rapidly because of the flames spreading to other buildings had passed and the firemen felt certain the fire was under control. Intensity of the heat burned off the wires and poles of the Fort Wayne & Northwestern Traction company. Necessary repairs were made in time not to interfere with the service this morning.

Garrett never saw a more spectacular fire. Flames leaped high into the air illuminating the surrounding territory for a great distance.

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED

BY U. S., IS BELIEF

(Continued From Page 1.)

patch of the Sussex note informing Germany that unless the imperial government abandoned the conduct of submarine warfare without regard to the principles of humanity and the rights of neutrals the United States would be obliged to break off diplomatic relations.

Back to Old Status.

The new German warning carries the situation back practically to where it was upon the original proclamation by Germany two years ago of a war zone around the British Isles. That proclamation called forth the famous "strict accountability" note from the United States. It was followed by the sinking of the Lusitania and the virtual ultimatum from the United States which resulted in the German pledge not to sink "liners without warning" and provision for the safety of those on board. Then came the long series of alleged violations of this pledge, culminating in the attack upon the channel passenger steamer Sussex.

The Final Sussex Note.

In her final note in the Sussex case, Germany extended her pledges to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but gave notice that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade was maintained, a new situation would be created in which she would serve full liability of action. The exchanges closed with the United States accepting the new assurances in a terse note in which it informed the German government that it was taken for granted that observance of American rights was not contingent upon the outcome of negotiations between the United States and another nation.

The new situation has arisen and the reserved liberty of action is to be used. According to information from Teutonic sources here Germany has ready from 300 to 500 submarines to wage relentless war upon shipping in the proscribed area, a great section of the high seas stretching almost the whole of the Mediterranean sea.

Held Night Conference.

It was disclosed that President Wilson's conference last night, although it was then denied they had conferred at all. It was indicated today that before the course of the United States was made public certain necessary steps were to be taken.

Senator Hitchcock, democratic member of the senate foreign relations committee, was at the white house early today, but said he did not discuss the submarine question.

Passports for Count von Bernstorff, order for recall of Ambassador Gerard, solemn warnings to Berlin that breach of her pledges means severance of diplomatic relations, or tense waiting for an overt act which would sweep aside diplomacy and bring the American government to the point of action are among the contingencies which will follow today.

President Wilson conferred with Col. E. M. House, his friend and adviser, who was hurriedly summoned from New York. He had not called any meeting for the cabinet or any conference with the foreign committees of congress who have been assured of being taken into the president's confidence before diplomatic relations are broken off.

Naval officials do not believe that a material increase in the damage to allied commerce is to be expected. Officers think it quite possible that Great Britain will assemble fleets of merchantmen and take them through the danger zone under heavy guard of light swift submarine destroyers. A cruise of such boats against the merchantmen, it was said, would make it exceedingly dangerous for a submarine to operate and while an occasional big ship might be torpedoed the greater number could be protected. William H. Phillips, the assistant secretary of state, was summoned by telegram to return to Washington immediately. He is in Boston, and was not due here until next Tuesday.

Come as a climax.

Germany's sudden declaration of her intention without warning, to destroy all shipping over a wide area comes as the climax to a long series of aggravated cases in which the United States has gathered evidence that her pledges to respect international law at sea have been broken.

A score of American lives have been lost since the slate was wiped by Germany's promises in the Sussex case. But in each instance there were conflicting influences and in each case repeated assurances from the German government here that nothing would be permitted to disturb relations with the United States. After each of the new sinkings came informal assurances that Germany was ready to make amends if her submarine commanders had violated orders. In fact the em-

USE OUR FUNDS

when you want a loan. Any amount from \$5 to \$100 on YOUR OWN NOTE, if you are a householder or hold a steady position.

Interest 2 per cent—small charge for services. Licensed and bonded by the STATE.

Take your own time to repay in small weekly or monthly payments or to suit. This reduces both principal and interest.

Confidential and courteous attention to all has been our slogan for 23 years, under one management, which has built up our business to its present proportions.

Loans made in towns on steam and interurban roads.

Indiana Loan Company
211 Shoaff Bldg., 2nd Floor.

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED

BY U. S., IS BELIEF

(Continued From Page 1.)

patch of the Sussex note informing Germany that unless the imperial government abandoned the conduct of submarine warfare without regard to the principles of humanity and the rights of neutrals the United States would be obliged to break off diplomatic relations.

Back to Old Status.

The new German warning carries the situation back practically to where it was upon the original proclamation by Germany two years ago of a war zone around the British Isles. That proclamation called forth the famous "strict accountability" note from the United States. It was followed by the sinking of the Lusitania and the virtual ultimatum from the United States which resulted in the German pledge not to sink "liners without warning" and provision for the safety of those on board. Then came the long series of alleged violations of this pledge, culminating in the attack upon the channel passenger steamer Sussex.

The Final Sussex Note.

In her final note in the Sussex case, Germany extended her pledges to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but gave notice that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade was maintained, a new situation would be created in which she would serve full liability of action. The exchanges closed with the United States accepting the new assurances in a terse note in which it informed the German government that it was taken for granted that observance of American rights was not contingent upon the outcome of negotiations between the United States and another nation.

The new situation has arisen and the reserved liberty of action is to be used. According to information from Teutonic sources here Germany has ready from 300 to 500 submarines to wage relentless war upon shipping in the proscribed area, a great section of the high seas stretching almost the whole of the Mediterranean sea.

Held Night Conference.

It was disclosed that President Wilson's conference last night, although it was then denied they had conferred at all. It was indicated today that before the course of the United States was made public certain necessary steps were to be taken.

Senator Hitchcock, democratic member of the senate foreign relations committee, was at the white house early today, but said he did not discuss the submarine question.

Passports for Count von Bernstorff, order for recall of Ambassador Gerard, solemn warnings to Berlin that breach of her pledges means severance of diplomatic relations, or tense waiting for an overt act which would sweep aside diplomacy and bring the American government to the point of action are among the contingencies which will follow today.

President Wilson conferred with Col. E. M. House, his friend and adviser, who was hurriedly summoned from New York. He had not called any meeting for the cabinet or any conference with the foreign committees of congress who have been assured of being taken into the president's confidence before diplomatic relations are broken off.

Naval officials do not believe that a material increase in the damage to allied commerce is to be expected. Officers think it quite possible that Great Britain will assemble fleets of merchantmen and take them through the danger zone under heavy guard of light swift submarine destroyers. A cruise of such boats against the merchantmen, it was said, would make it exceedingly dangerous for a submarine to operate and while an occasional big ship might be torpedoed the greater number could be protected. William H. Phillips, the assistant secretary of state, was summoned by telegram to return to Washington immediately. He is in Boston, and was not due here until next Tuesday.

Come as a climax.

Germany's sudden declaration of her intention without warning, to destroy all shipping over a wide area comes as the climax to a long series of aggravated cases in which the United States has gathered evidence that her pledges to respect international law at sea have been broken.

A score of American lives have been lost since the slate was wiped by Germany's promises in the Sussex case. But in each instance there were conflicting influences and in each case repeated assurances from the German government here that nothing would be permitted to disturb relations with the United States. After each of the new sinkings came informal assurances that Germany was ready to make amends if her submarine commanders had violated orders. In fact the em-

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

USE OUR FUNDS

when you want a loan. Any amount from \$5 to \$100 on YOUR OWN NOTE, if you are a householder or hold a steady position.

Interest 2 per cent—small charge for services. Licensed and bonded by the STATE.

Take your own time to repay in small weekly or monthly payments or to suit. This reduces both principal and interest.

Confidential and courteous attention to all has been our slogan for 23 years, under one management, which has built up our business to its present proportions.

Loans made in towns on steam and interurban roads.

Indiana Loan Company
211 Shoaff Bldg., 2nd Floor.

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED

BY U. S., IS BELIEF

(Continued From Page 1.)

patch of the Sussex note informing Germany that unless the imperial government abandoned the conduct of submarine warfare without regard to the principles of humanity and the rights of neutrals the United States would be obliged to break off diplomatic relations.

Back to Old Status.

The new German warning carries the situation back practically to where it was upon the original proclamation by Germany two years ago of a war zone around the British Isles. That proclamation called forth the famous "strict accountability" note from the United States. It was followed by the sinking of the Lusitania and the virtual ultimatum from the United States which resulted in the German pledge not to sink "liners without warning" and provision for the safety of those on board. Then came the long series of alleged violations of this pledge, culminating in the attack upon the channel passenger steamer Sussex.

The Final Sussex Note.

In her final note in the Sussex case, Germany extended her pledges to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but gave notice that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade was maintained, a new situation would be created in which she would serve full liability of action. The exchanges closed with the United States accepting the new assurances in a terse note in which it informed the German government that it was taken for granted that observance of American rights was not contingent upon the outcome of negotiations between the United States and another nation.

The new situation has arisen and the reserved liberty of action is to be used. According to information from Teutonic sources here Germany has ready from 300 to 500 submarines to wage relentless war upon shipping in the proscribed area, a great section of the high seas stretching almost the whole of the Mediterranean sea.

Held Night Conference.

It was disclosed that President Wilson's conference last night, although it was then denied they had conferred at all. It was indicated today that before the course of the United States was made public certain necessary steps were to be taken.

Senator Hitchcock, democratic member of the senate foreign relations committee, was at the white house early today, but said he did not discuss the submarine question.

Passports for Count von Bernstorff, order for recall of Ambassador Gerard, solemn warnings to Berlin that breach of her pledges means severance of diplomatic relations, or tense waiting for an overt act which would sweep aside diplomacy and bring the American government to the point of action are among the contingencies which will follow today.

President Wilson conferred with Col. E. M. House, his friend and adviser, who was hurriedly summoned from New York. He had not called any meeting for the cabinet or any conference with the foreign committees of congress who have been assured of being taken into the president's confidence before diplomatic relations are broken off.

Naval officials do not believe that a material increase in the damage to allied commerce is to be expected. Officers think it quite possible that Great Britain will assemble fleets of merchantmen and take them through the danger zone under heavy guard of light swift submarine destroyers. A cruise of such boats against the merchantmen, it was said, would make it exceedingly dangerous for a submarine to operate and while an occasional big ship might be torpedoed the greater number could be protected. William H. Phillips, the assistant secretary of state, was summoned by telegram to return to Washington immediately. He is in Boston, and was not due here until next Tuesday.

Come as a climax.

Germany's sudden declaration of her intention without warning, to destroy all shipping over a wide area comes as the climax to a long series of aggravated cases in which the United States has gathered evidence that her pledges to respect international law at sea have been broken.

A score of American lives have been lost since the slate was wiped by Germany's promises in the Sussex case. But in each instance there were conflicting influences and in each case repeated assurances from the German government here that nothing would be permitted to disturb relations with the United States. After each of the new sinkings came informal assurances that Germany was ready to make amends if her submarine commanders had violated orders. In fact the em-

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

USE OUR FUNDS

when you want a loan. Any amount from \$5 to \$100 on YOUR OWN NOTE, if you are a householder or hold a steady position.

Interest 2 per cent—small charge for services. Licensed and bonded by the STATE.

Take your own time to repay in small weekly or monthly payments or to suit. This reduces both principal and interest.

Confidential and courteous attention to all has been our slogan for 23 years, under one management, which has built up our business to its present proportions.

Loans made in towns on steam and interurban roads.

Indiana Loan Company
211 Shoaff Bldg., 2nd Floor.

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

NEW SEA DECREE NOT TO GO UNCHALLENGED

BY U. S., IS BELIEF

(Continued From Page 1.)

patch of the Sussex note informing Germany that unless the imperial government abandoned the conduct of submarine warfare without regard to the principles of humanity and the rights of neutrals the United States would be obliged to break off diplomatic relations.

Back to Old Status.

The new German warning carries the situation back practically to where it was upon the original proclamation by Germany two years ago of a war zone around the British Isles. That proclamation called forth the famous "strict accountability" note from the United States. It was followed by the sinking of the Lusitania and the virtual ultimatum from the United States which resulted in the German pledge not to sink "liners without warning" and provision for the safety of those on board. Then came the long series of alleged violations of this pledge, culminating in the attack upon the channel passenger steamer Sussex.

The Final Sussex Note.

In her final note in the Sussex case, Germany extended her pledges to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but gave notice that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade was maintained, a new situation would be created in which she would serve full liability of action. The exchanges closed with the United States accepting the new assurances in a terse note in which it informed the German government that it was taken for granted that observance of American rights was not contingent upon the outcome of negotiations between the United States and another nation.

The new situation has arisen and the reserved liberty of action is to be used. According to information from Teutonic sources here Germany has ready from 300 to 500 submarines to wage relentless war upon shipping in the proscribed area, a great section of the high seas stretching almost the whole of the Mediterranean sea.

Held Night Conference.

It was disclosed that President Wilson's conference last night, although it was then denied they had conferred at all. It was indicated today that before the course of the United States was made public certain necessary steps were to be taken.

Senator Hitchcock, democratic member of the senate foreign relations committee, was at the white house early today, but said he did not discuss the submarine question.

Passports for Count von Bernstorff, order for recall of Ambassador Gerard, solemn warnings to Berlin that breach of her pledges means severance of diplomatic relations, or tense waiting for an overt act which would sweep aside diplomacy and bring the American government to the point of action are among the contingencies which will follow today.

President Wilson conferred with Col. E. M. House, his friend and adviser, who was hurriedly summoned from New York. He had not called any meeting for the cabinet or any conference with the foreign committees of congress who have been assured of being taken into the president's confidence before diplomatic relations are broken off.

Naval officials do not believe that a material increase in the damage to allied commerce is to be expected. Officers think it quite possible that Great Britain will assemble fleets of merchantmen and take them through the danger zone under heavy guard of light swift submarine destroyers. A cruise of such boats against the merchantmen, it was said, would make it exceedingly dangerous for a submarine to operate and while an occasional big ship might be torpedoed the greater number could be protected. William H. Phillips, the assistant secretary of state, was summoned by telegram to return to Washington immediately. He is in Boston, and was not due here until next Tuesday.

Come as a climax.

Germany's sudden declaration of her intention without warning, to destroy all shipping over a wide area comes as the climax to a long series of aggravated cases in which the United States has gathered evidence that her pledges to respect international law at sea have been broken.

A score of American lives have been lost since the slate was wiped by Germany's promises in the Sussex case. But in each instance there were conflicting influences and in each case repeated assurances from the German government here that nothing would be permitted to disturb relations with the United States. After each of the new sinkings came informal assurances that Germany was ready to make amends if her submarine commanders had violated orders. In fact the em-

ACCEPT CHALLENGE, SAYS CHANCELLOR

Ways and Means Committee of Reichstag Discusses War Situation.

Berlin, Jan. 31.—(Via London, Feb. 1.)—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and other ministers attended an important meeting of the ways and means committee of the reichstag today, at which the entire war situation was gone over and new steps planned by the central powers were considered. The chancellor opened the sitting with a speech of which the keynote words were:

"We have been challenged to fight to the end. We accept the challenge. We stake everything and we shall be victorious."

The chancellor was followed by the secretary of state for the admiralty, who spoke of the situation from the technical, military and naval viewpoint. Detailed statistical data in regard to the economic position of the world was supplied by the secretary of the interior and Foreign Secretary Zimmerman replied to several special questions. After the ministers had spoken the committee went into secret session, which speeches were made by representatives of the centrists, national, liberal and progressive parties.

USE OUR FUNDS

when you want a loan. Any amount from \$5 to \$100 on YOUR OWN NOTE, if you are a householder or hold a steady position.

Interest 2 per cent—small charge for services. Licensed and bonded by the STATE.

Take your own time to repay in small weekly or monthly payments or to suit. This reduces both principal and interest.

Confidential and courteous attention to all has been our slogan for 23 years, under one management, which has built up our business to its present proportions.

Loans made in towns on steam and interurban roads.

Indiana Loan Company
211 Shoaff Bldg., 2nd Floor.

HOLD UP MAN RATED AS DANGEROUS MAN

John Jackson, Held for Circuit Court, has Long Police Record.

John Jackson, black, tall and bearing a long scar across his right cheek, is a "mighty dangerous nigger," reads word from the "south," where Jackson "grewed."

Jackson is held for the circuit court on charges of holding up one of his fellow workmen at the Oage street subway shanty a month ago. Jackson was boss of a gang of men. It had spent his pay for drink, it was charged. He walked into the little shanty and asked one of the men for \$25, it is alleged. He carried a large revolver, it is said. Other negroes, who were slouching about the place, rushed for the open. A wild-eyed colored man, who was one of the crew, ran until he found a policeman. Jackson was arrested.

The negro said he had never been in trouble before. He pleaded his innocence by all the adjectives known to his race when in trouble. He said it was an outrage to be sent to jail.

But Detective Sergeant Joseph Brennan, in charge of the berrillon department of Fort Wayne police, had Jackson's picture taken. Likewise, the negro's finger prints and measurements. He sent the list of identifications to police officials of several states.

From Nashville, Tenn., came two other photographs and lists of measurements Wednesday afternoon. They were of Jackson. Across the right cheek of the negro in the pictures from the south, was the dusky crescent placed there by a negro who had reached for Jackson's throat in a Nashville "cuttin' scrape."

Several Convictions.

"He is a mighty dangerous nigger," commented police of Nashville. Record shows that he was convicted of assault, with intent to kill, in 1906. He was convicted of larceny on July 25, 1908, when he was fined \$10 and sent to jail for twenty-nine days. He was convicted of burglary on Sept. 13, 1909, and served a short term. His sentence was one to fourteen years, when he was found guilty of burglary again in 1911, the record states.

Jackson is not a pariah violator, as he has served in all sentences. Yet police think that his fellow negroes had a perfect right to be "afraid" when Jackson toyed with the "38" and asked for money on December 29.

Joseph Brennan has also been able to identify Charles E. Miller, white, sent to the state farm on a burglary charge, as a parole violator who has been wanted for the past ten years. Miller is also known as Claude Clark and R. Strickler. He has an unexpired term to serve in the Illinois penitentiary at Menard.

Miller, as he is known here, has changed so much in recent years that he was in charge of Fort Wayne police and federal authorities in 1911 and not identified as the man wanted in Illinois since 1908.

He gave himself up here in 1911 as an army deserter. He was sent to Leavenworth and served an eighteen months' term. Last December he returned here.

Miller took a set of carpenter's tools belonging to George Lee, from a house on Howell street. He was captured when he tried to sell the property at a pawn shop. He was fined \$10 and sentenced to 150 days at the state farm. His picture was taken and Brennan set about to compare records.

Squint of the eyes, lobes of the ear, wart at the top of the nose, proved Miller's undoing. Brennan has written Illinois officers and told them where Miller may be found. He will probably be removed from the state farm to serve a few years in our sister state.

HOLD UP MAN RATED AS DANGEROUS MAN

John Jackson, Held for Circuit Court, has Long Police Record.

John Jackson, black, tall and bearing a long scar across his right cheek, is a "mighty dangerous nigger," reads word from the "south," where Jackson "grewed."

Jackson is held for the circuit court on charges of holding up one of his fellow workmen at the Oage street subway shanty a month ago. Jackson was boss of a gang of men. It had spent his pay for drink, it was charged. He walked into the little shanty and asked one of the men for \$25, it is alleged. He carried a large revolver, it is said. Other negroes, who were slouching about the place, rushed for the open. A wild-eyed colored man, who was one of the crew, ran until he found a policeman. Jackson was arrested.

The negro said he had never been in trouble before. He pleaded his innocence by all the adjectives known to his race when in trouble. He said it was an outrage to be sent to jail.

But Detective Sergeant Joseph Brennan, in charge of the berrillon department of Fort Wayne police, had Jackson's picture taken. Likewise, the negro's finger prints and measurements. He sent the list of identifications to police officials of several states.

From Nashville, Tenn., came two other photographs and lists of measurements Wednesday afternoon. They were of Jackson. Across the right cheek of the negro in the pictures from the south, was the dusky crescent placed there by a negro who had reached for Jackson's throat in a Nashville "cuttin' scrape."

Several Convictions.

"He is a mighty dangerous nigger," commented police of Nashville. Record shows that he was convicted of assault, with intent to kill, in 1906. He was convicted of larceny on July 25, 1908, when he was fined \$10 and sent to jail for twenty-nine days. He was convicted of burglary on Sept. 13, 1909, and served a short term. His sentence was one to fourteen years, when he was found guilty of burglary again in 1911, the record states.

Jackson is not a pariah violator, as he has served in all sentences. Yet police think that his fellow negroes had a perfect right to be "afraid" when Jackson toyed with the "38" and asked for money on December 29.

Joseph Brennan has also been able to identify Charles E. Miller, white, sent to the state farm on a burglary charge, as a parole violator who has been wanted for the past ten years. Miller is also known as Claude Clark and R. Strickler. He has an unexpired term to serve in the Illinois penitentiary at Menard.

Miller, as he is known here, has changed so much in recent years that he was in charge of Fort Wayne police and federal authorities in 1911 and not identified as the man wanted in Illinois since 1908.

He gave himself up here in 1911 as an army deserter. He was sent to Leavenworth and served an eighteen months' term. Last December he returned here.

Miller took a set of carpenter's tools belonging to George Lee, from a house on Howell street. He was captured when he tried to sell the property at a pawn shop. He was fined \$10 and sentenced to 150 days at the state farm. His picture was taken and Brennan set about to compare records.

Squint of the eyes, lobes of the ear, wart at the top of the nose, proved Miller's undoing. Brennan has written Illinois officers and told them where Miller may be found. He will probably be removed from the state farm to serve a few years in our sister state.

MILKING A COW OR FRAMING LAW EASY

Western Woman Demonstrates She is Adept at Either Task.

Farm Yard Duties and Care of Babies Didn't Make Work Enough for Mrs. Williams, so She Went to Legislature to Help the Solons.
Olympia, Wash., Feb. 1.—"The lady who milks the cow!"
That's how Mrs. Ina P. Williams, Washington's lone woman legislator, is known here among her fellow law makers.
The day before she came to Olym-



Representative Ina P. Williams.

plia to take up her public duties, Mrs. Williams not only milked the cow but baked twelve loaves of bread, fed the chickens, did the washing and ironing and all the chores around her country home at Yakima.

These things have made a deep impression upon her mere men associates. A lady who can perform the barnyard rites as well as she can draft a bill or distribute patronage is an awesome personage.

She hails from Missouri. She's for the home first, but her own home didn't keep her busy enough.

"Not long ago a neighbor of mine told her friends she bet I henpecked my husband," confided Mrs. Williams, during a lull in the lower house. "She said she was sure I was a 'man-killer.'"

"But let me tell you, I'll wager she's the 'man-killer.' If she has a pain in her toe at night, I'll bet hubby has to get up and rock the babies as well as 'baby' her."

"With all my children, I'm proud to say that my husband never had to get up at night to rock the baby."

"I figure that if he can earn the money for the household I can hold up my end of the game around the house."

"That's what I mean by equal responsibility. And when I say equal rights for women, I mean the same thing."

When Mrs. Williams first ran for office in 1910 the men folks told her to "go home and mind your own business." But she's brought them down a notch. In her last campaign she led the ticket after a fight on a non-partisan platform, with the backing of republicans, progressives, democrats and socialists.

One of Mrs. Williams' bills proposes to legitimize all children, regardless of parentage.

When the men legislators refer to her as "the lady who milks the cow" they say it with all deference and respect.

ANTWERP NEWS.

Antwerp, O., Feb. 1.—Deo Kercher, who has been visiting here the past month as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Yager and family, left Tuesday for Sidney, O., where he will visit his sister, Mrs. John Hay and family for several weeks.

Mrs. Nobert Parrot and little son, Walter, who have been visiting at this place the past week, the guests of her parents, George W. Johnston and family, departed for her home at Jackson, Mich., Tuesday.

A distressing accident happened at the George Murphy farm, Tuesday, resulting in the loss of the right hand of the proprietor. With John Radenbaugh as helper, he was shredding fodder, the machine becoming clogged he attempted to loosen it up and his hand was caught and drawn into the knives. He was taken to Fort Wayne by the family physician, Dr. E. D. Murphy, in an automobile, to Hope hospital, where Drs. Murphy and Porter of Fort Wayne, dressed the injured member, which was badly mutilated, the thumb and three fingers being so badly mangled that they had to be amputated.

Miss Fay Pettley went to Fort Wayne Wednesday where she will visit several days among friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Pugh, among our prosperous farmer folks southwest of town, were passengers to Wabash, Ind., Wednesday, where they will remain for a week's visit with relatives.

Mrs. Cora Wentworth went to Fort Wayne Wednesday.

Mrs. Vesty Bruner, of Fort Wayne, visited here Tuesday, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cofflet, at the farm home just east of town.

John Burdine, of Peru, Ind., visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Burdine, at this place a few days this week, called here by the illness of his mother who is now 88 years of age and suffering from the infirmities of old age. His father is now 91 years of age, and also quite infirm.

John Derick was a business caller at Defiance Tuesday.

Quire Terwilliger was a passenger to Defiance, Tuesday.

C. A. Doering was an over the Sabbath visitor at Defiance, the guest of his son, John Doering and family.

Mrs. Rose Kinkle, of Paulding has been called to this place to the bedside of her mother, Mrs. M. Burdine, who is quite ill.

Rev. and Mrs. G. B. Sessions are the happy parents of a sweet baby girl, born Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Ida Carr, accompanied by her sister, Miss Clara Mulburg, were To-

ledo visitors, Wednesday, where they visited their sister, Nora.

Mrs. John Hughes, of Emmett, O., spent Wednesday at this place, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Pearl Longberry and family.

The friends of Henry Wiswell, formerly living at Cecil, but for some time employed at the Studebaker Automobile works at Detroit, were shocked to hear of his death, which occurred at the latter place, Monday, of pneumonia. He was aged 22 years.

Mr. and Mrs. David Ater were passengers to Defiance, Wednesday, where they will remain this week as guests in the home of their son, Daniel Ater and family.

Mrs. John Lutz, of Cecil, was a visitor here Tuesday the guests of her sisters, Mrs. George and Thomas Cofflet.

Miss Ulala Tester went to Knoxville, Wednesday, called there by the illness of her grandmother, Mrs. Lavina Tester.

Will Wilkinson, of Elkhart, Ind., better known here in his boyhood home as "Bink" Wilkins, was a visitor here Tuesday, having driven over to this place from Hicksville.

Mrs. Hannah Starr, of Fort Wayne, was a visitor here several days this

week, the guest of her daughter, Mrs. S. D. Merchant, and family.

Miss Lucella Borgman, of Fort Wayne, visited here over the week's end, the guest of Miss Emma Foster, returning home Tuesday, accompanied by her hostess.

William Smith and L. O. Duval, two of our farmer folks, were business visitors at Fort Wayne, Tuesday.

Alonzo Banks, of Telford, Alberta, Canada, is visiting here after an absence of thirty-two years. He says things have changed some, and is not interrupted now when talking to a resident by having that individual remark: "Got to go home, child is coming on." He will remain several weeks as the guest of his brother, Edward Banks, and family, out at the farm home just east of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Fields are the proud parents of a bright baby boy, born Tuesday.

According to a report on the Cranbrook forest district, British Columbia, it is estimated that the timber cut for 1916 will be from 150,000,000 to 160,000,000 feet. In 1913, which is the year in which the previous largest cut was made, it amounted to 148,000,000 feet.

The first fire caused a loss of \$40,000.

ALL HE WANTED WAS GOOD, LONG VACATION

Youth Confesses Setting Fire to College to Delay Exams.

Philadelphia, Feb. 1.—Following his arrest Joseph Bashewski, a student at the Holy Ghost Apostolic college, Cornwall, Pa., made a written confession that he set the college buildings afire last December 15, and again on January 9.

By the first attempt he said he hoped to cause a postponement in the examinations at the college, which he feared he could not pass. The second time he wanted to give himself and his fellow students "a long vacation."

Bashewski, who is eighteen, has been a student at the college for four years. His home is in Philadelphia. The first fire caused a loss of \$40,000.

The youth says he started it by throwing a lighted match in a box of paper in the basement.

"The second fire," his confession says, "I started shortly before 1 o'clock in the morning. I retired about 9 o'clock the previous evening and remained awake until midnight. Then I put on my old clothing and went to the east end of the dormitory and walked down the stairs."

"I took a can of oil from the painter's materials and saturated the wood-work of the corner of a closet and set a match to it. Then I ran upstairs to the dormitory door and crawled on my hands and knees back to bed again, where I waited to see if the fire had made any headway."

"By this time most of the students were up and I jumped out of bed, and after telling the students not to go down the east stairway, but to go down the west stairway, I assisted the brothers and boys to put out the fire. While they were doing that and the fire companies were at work downstairs, I ran up to the third floor and set fire a third time to a mattress in a room."

Detective McCarthy, of this city, and Constable Harry A. Becker, of Bensalem, made the arrest, and Bashewski

was held without bail for trial in the Bucks county court at Doylestown.

LARWILL NEWS.

Larwill, Ind., Feb. 1.—A large crowd attended the farmers' institute for Richland township Wednesday at the school building and the principal speakers, W. B. Anderson, of Delphi, and Miss Nancy Barr, of West Lafayette, delivered excellent addresses. Owing to the institute the high school and eighth grade did not have classes Wednesday.

Mrs. M. J. Friedline, accompanied by her husband, arrived home Tuesday evening from Fort Wayne, where she recently underwent an operation and she is considerably improved in health.

Mrs. E. E. Rindfusz and daughter, Marjorie, spent Tuesday in Fort Wayne.

The W. C. T. U. meeting to have been held Tuesday has been postponed to Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Dan Dietrich.

Mrs. Dan Dietrich.

Mrs. Dan Dietrich.

Tom Reese spent Tuesday in the county seat.

Perry Sweeney will move to the Clinton Wixcox farm in Troy township and Earl Norris will move to the farm vacated by Mr. Sweeney, known as the Alex Norris farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Whiteleather are ill with grip.

Mrs. Gus Thompson and daughter, Thelma, spent Wednesday in Columbia City.

Did you know that we are moving today to the new store at the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets? Tell your friends about it.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

Dr. J. A. Chapman, Osteopath, removed to 520-21 Shoaff Bldg.

SUBSCRIBE

For The Sentinel. Phone 173.

12-5-17

French aviation experts have perfected a ten-cylinder motor that produces 100-horse power.

A LUCKY PURCHASE

Over 400 Men's and Young Men's Overcoats

Made to Retail at

\$15

\$20

and

\$25

for

\$1050

One of New York's Best Manufacturers needed the money; he had over four hundred Overcoats on hand. Our New York Buyer made him a proposition for the entire lot---he accepted his offer and the coats came to us this week by express.

This maker's product retails all over United States at \$15 and up to \$35 and are exceptional at these prices. We will absolutely guarantee that the \$15 quality of this year is fully up to what \$20 will buy one year from today.

There Are Sizes and Models for Every Man

Long Coats, Medium Lengths, Loose Fitting, Form Fitting and Conservative Models--Velvet Collars, Self Collars, Single and Double Breasted Styles With

Over 200 Young Men's Pinch Back Models

In a Great Variety of Plain and Fancy Fabrics

Sale Starts Tomorrow "Friday"

Morning at 8:30 O'Clock

Every Window Will Be Devoted to the Display of These Coats Tonight

Lehman's

808-810 CALHOUN STREET

DAILY BIBLE READINGS FOR THE HOME

Luke 18:9-14.

9 And he spoke this parable unto certain which trusted in themselves that they were righteous, and despised others:
10 Two went up into the temple to pray; the one a Pharisee, and the other a publican.
11 The Pharisee stood and prayed thus with himself, God, I thank thee, that I am not as other men are, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even as this publican.
12 I fast twice a week, I give tithes of all that I possess.
13 And the publican, standing afar off, would not lift up so much as his eyes unto heaven, but smote upon his breast, saying, God be merciful to me a sinner.
14 I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel

Entered as Second-Class Mail Matter at the Postoffice at Fort Wayne, Indiana.
PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY
(BY ESTATE OF E. A. K. HACKETT).



For Week, 10c. Weekly, Per Year, \$5.00
Vol. LXXXIV No. 117

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1917.

Grave With Possibilities.

It is manifestly useless to attempt to minimize the gravity of the situation for the United States which has been precipitated by Germany's announcement of a future policy of unrestricted submarine warfare. So far as America is concerned, the fact that the step has been taken because of the flouting of German peace proffers by the allied governments, or because of the German belief that retaliation for the English blockade is held imperative as a means of national preservation does not mitigate its possible consequences. The portent is wholly ominous so far as America is concerned. It is a cancellation of the pledge which Germany gave President Wilson at the termination of harrowing negotiations earlier in the war, and an utter rejection of the claim of neutral and civilian rights to the seas for which the president has contended.

It is now recalled that in her final note governing the Sussex case Germany extended her pledges of immunity to cover all peaceful merchant craft, but coupled it with the declaration that if what she termed Great Britain's illegal blockade were maintained, the resultant situation might be one in which she would reserve full liberty of action. Germany's present course signifies that she believes that time has arrived, and she has taken the step. The test is to come. The outcome no man can foresee. No American will ask more or expect less than a proper maintenance of national dignity, honor and justice. Again and again since the world war began we have been drawn perilously near the brink, yet happily there has been found a means of avoiding a rupture. It may still be so. In this new crisis we believe Washington may be trusted to calmly and dispassionately address itself to still another of the monumental problems which conflict abroad has forced upon us.

The fight for constitutional revision is won. The state senate, by a vote of 34 to 14, has passed the bill for a constitutional convention to be held next year, which had already gone through the house, and it is known that Governor Goodrich will sign the measure as soon as it is presented to him. The Sentinel believes the legislature has acted wisely in paving the way for the re-writing of the state's charter, to the end that Indiana may have a more modern form of government. But in its action the legislature has placed upon the people an exacting responsibility—that of selecting delegates to the constitutional convention. Whether the new constitution to be submitted shall be good or bad depends wholly on the calibre of the men who compose the constitutional convention. From the outset it should be insisted that these places as delegates are not political honors to be contested for after the manner of political office. There is call for the sanest, the brainiest and the most substantial citizenship in this capacity. It is not too early to begin thinking about the men who will measure up to the job and who will most fitly represent the counties in the performance of the exacting task of framing a new constitution for Indiana.

Total recommendations of \$1,024,140 made by the legislative vitiation committee for the operation of the various state institutions during the coming period is \$91,975 under the figures appropriated by the 1915 legislature. The committee, of course, invariably trims down the requests made by the institutions, and its advice is usually followed by the legislature. If it shall prove possible to operate them at a lesser cost than has been entailed during the past two years, well and good, but the man who is forced to meet steadily advancing costs in the conduct of his own affairs may be excused for wondering how they're going to be able to do it without seriously hampering the development and the usefulness of the institutions.

Mr. Perkins and Mr. Colby still believe the republican national organization is out of tune with the spirit of the times and they have asked for a meeting of the full committee "to discuss fully and openly the important questions that confront our country today." In short, Mr. Perkins and Mr. Colby desire to know in advance whether the progressives are to be given a show for their lives, or whether they are to be promptly kicked down stairs again. It will be admitted, too, that their desire for information on this subject is neither surprising nor unreasonable.

One of the women witnesses in the Mooney trial at San Francisco, resenting the queries and the mannerism of an assistant state's attorney, rose in her seat and attacked him with her fists. Of course, the woman's judgment was atrocious and in the end she will be the sufferer for her outbreak, and yet a lot of witnesses who have been subjected to the tactics of some attorneys will secretly cherish the hope that she managed to get in at least one good punch before the fistic encounter was halted.

Major General Wood has given emphasis to his belief that the national guard system is "vicious and indefensible," but, in order to be absolutely impartial, insists also that the war department system for handling guardsmen isn't any better than it ought to be. General Wood may draw the fire of some of the war department officials, but he is at least not open to the charge of pussy-footing in connection with the question of national defense.

Having bethought himself on the subject, Mr. Munton, candidate for the place in the state senate made vacant by the death of Senator Green, comes out with a declaration for state-wide prohibition. Mr. Munton should be grateful for the fact that somebody jogged his memory on this just now especially live issue.

Sketches from Life :::: By Temple



More Than Bread

Wasting Money— or Is It Waste?

(Indiana Daily Times.)

Henry Clay Frick has spent a quarter of a million dollars for a picture. The Philadelphia Public Ledger calls this a "waste of money." The Louisville Courier-Journal, upholding Frick, contends money can not be wasted. "Even the gilded youth who kills himself trying to spend his money," the Courier-Journal argues. "The only thing he can do is to transfer it to others."

Here is speculation for amateur economists. The Courier-Journal contends money can not be wasted. The Courier-Journal is right so long as it holds to a narrow definition of money. Certainly silver dollars and bank notes do not perish merely because the gilded youth casts them about. They remain in circulation, of course, and are saved and spent over and over again.

But while money is printed bank notes and stamped pieces of gold and silver, it has no significance except as a symbol for other things—for labor, food, clothing, shelter and transportation. Can labor, food, clothing, etc., be wasted? If they can, then surely money can be wasted. Is a dollar spent in buying labor power to carry cocktails in and out of hotel dining rooms invested as wisely as a dollar spent in buying labor power to help build a railroad?

The Courier-Journal's gilded youth can run through \$1,000,000 in a year or he can build a factory, put 500 men and women to work and manufacture an article of commerce that will add to the comfort of mankind. It can be contended that \$1,000,000 spent for champagne, chorus girl dinners, taxi-cab hire and theater parties makes employment for vintners, caterers, chauffeurs and actors. That is true; but the money goes to maintain a parasitical

class that could be dispensed with in case of emergency.

The world has a genuine need of actors, caterers and chauffeurs, but railroads are of more social value than champagne, clothing factories are of more value than theaters; telephones are more valuable than taxicabs.

A million dollars is stored up labor, stored up capital and stored up land. Labor, capital and land can be used to add to the world's wealth and comfort. Labor, capital and land also can be used to corrupt society, maintain parasites and spread misery and degradation. There is such a thing as waste.

Senator Works and His Foolish Fears

(Toledo Blade.)

Senator Works of California, must be a grumpy old person. He denounces the ceremony of inaugurating a president as a "silly pageant." He calls it a "coronation." He would have presidents installed in office with ceremonies "suitable to a democracy."

Why are flying flags, prancing horses, uniforms bright with gold, unsuitable to a democracy? A republic isn't a drab institution. It isn't made up of people who abhor color, despise music, and are prepared to stop up their ears when the sound of feet marching in unison comes to them. For a democracy is supplied with human nature like all other peoples. And human nature likes color. It likes pageants. We would be willing to wager that the average American city has more parades in a year than the average city of the most autocratic of governments. We would be willing to go farther and bet there are more red neckties in congress than in any other parliamentary body under the stars.

Senator Works is trying to annul human nature. He might as well try to cancel sunsets on the ground that they suggest the trappings of royalty. When

a democracy gets fearful of pageantry, it had better give up. It will get afraid of the dandelions in its lawns next.

SHORT ONES.

Labor for Labor's sake is against nature.—Locke.

"How do New York men distinguish between grandmothers and granddaughters?" inquires Gilda Darby, French tragedienne. We suppose they ask 'em.

"Preventative steps have cut down the number of smaller fires," we read. Why not cut down the big ones?

No forcible feeding will be necessary in Belgium or Poland.

The race for position as fifth city in the country seems to be an annexing contest. That city has the advantage that is situated in the largest state.

For humorous reading we refer you to last election time's predictions of "soup houses" in event of Wilson's re-election.

"If Lloyd-George can't win for England, no man can," says T. P. O'Connor. But wasn't that what they said of Kitchener?

MONROEVILLE NEWS.

Monroeville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. J. W. Edwards and daughter, Eva, have returned home from an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Lower, at Toronto, Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Rhodes and babe, of Detroit, Mich., spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rhodes.

Thomas Taylor fell on the slippery walk at his home a few days ago and fractured three ribs, which will confine him to his home for a few weeks.

The W. C. T. U. met at the home of Mrs. D. A. Woolford Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. Ida Youse gave her report of the state convention, and this being a special meeting, there was no regular program.

Grandma Mooney, who makes her home with her son, Benj. Mooney, fell Sunday and fractured her limb. She is past ninety years of age and has been an invalid for some time, so her recovery is doubtful.

Miss Nettie Zerberich, of Fort Wayne, and Clyde Crabill, of Gary, Ind., were guests of Benj. Crabill and family over Sunday.

Ronald, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. B. I. Friedline, former residents of this place had an operation for the removal of his tonsils at St. Joe hospital Monday and is getting along nicely. His father left Tuesday afternoon to resume his work at New York city.

Mrs. Chas. Krick was hostess for the

5% MONEY

To loan on improved city and farm property. Long time loans.

WAYNE MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,

LINCOLN LIFE BUILDING.

Twentieth Century club Monday evening. Mrs. D. E. Kauffman read a well prepared paper on "Late Discoveries in Medical Science and Surgery," after which she gave a recitation entitled "The Little Bug (germ) Will Get You." Mrs. Krick served a dainty lunch. Invited guests were Mrs. Harry Culp and Misses Alma Dixon, Ella Mull and Miss Addie Jarnell, of Fort Wayne.

Mrs. N. Mull is recovering from a recent attack of catarrhal fever.

Mrs. Letta E. Winter entertained the newly organized Band of Home Guards at a sunflower party at her home Saturday afternoon. This band of young people is to be a branch of the Woman's Home Missionary society and will take up work similar to that of the regular society, only in a more simplified manner, and will meet once a month. A general outline of the work was given, games were played and music was enjoyed. Mrs. Winter served a dainty lunch. There were sixteen members enrolled and the following officers were elected: President, Elizabeth Wherry; recording secretary, Olivia Gardner; corresponding secretary, Marvene Isenberger; treasurer, Mildred May; pianist, Pauline Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Vera Krohn, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Krohn.

Mrs. Henry Smith has been seriously ill with catarrhal fever the past three weeks, but is somewhat improved, although unable to be up and around.

ONLY GOVERNOR'S SIGNATURE NEEDED

New Constitution Bill is Passed by Senate, 34 to 14.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—The bill providing for the holding of a convention in Indianapolis next January to revise the constitution of Indiana was passed in the senate at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon following three hours of debate. The vote was 34 to 14. Seven republicans and seven democrats cast the opposing votes.

The bill, having already passed the house of representatives, now awaits only the signature of Governor Goodrich to make it a law. The governor has been a strong advocate of a constitutional convention and he will sign the bill as soon as it reaches him.

How Senators Voted.

The vote on the constitutional convention was as follows: Democrats—Beardsley, Dobay, Gemmill, Grant, Hudgins, James, Kinder, McConaha, McKinley, Mercer, Metzger, Negley, Robinson, Signs, Smith, White, Wolfson; total, 17.

Democrats—Bracken, Chambers, Culbertson, Dorrell, Elmer, Hagerty, Hempbill, Humphreys, Jackson, Laney, Martin, Norman, Riedelbach, Retherford, Simmons, Summers, Thornton; total, 17.

Noes—Republicans—English, Lanz, McCray, Nejd, Porter, Reser, Spain; total, 7.

Democrats—Bird, Erskine, Fleming, Hazen, Hirsch, Kolsen, VanAuken; total, 7.

Absent—Armstrong, democrat. One seat vacant by death. The fight they knew their pleadings would be in vain, the opponents of the bill, led by Senator English, of Indianapolis, kept up their fight till the last and pointed out in speeches many reasons why the constitution, if amended at all, should not be revised by the legislative plan.

Hundreds Hear Speeches.

The fact that it was known that the bill was certain to be passed by a substantial majority did not prevent a flood of oratory, and the hundreds of spectators who packed the senate chamber and galleries found interest in the lively debating. The possibility of action of some kind on the state-wide prohibition bill, however, accounted for the record crowd rather than an interest in a constitutional convention.

Senator Hazen, democrat, pleaded with the minority side to vote against the convention, and he warned the republicans that they were digging their political graves in proposing to revise the constitution "in these times of excitement."

"We are on dynamite today!" shouted the senator. "Excitement and sentiment are running riot in Indiana. When people are stirred up is no time to revise such an instrument as our constitution. Look at this crowd here today. Excitement brings it here."

SERVICE

From the greatest essential to the smallest detail is what you may expect, and surely will get it, if you invest in

App Shoes

M. APP

916 Calhoun St.

Members of this body are being bombarded by telegrams, letters and petitions, and one of the senators was made ill yesterday by the language used in some of the communications he received and he was almost ready to resign. Excitement has changed men who, two weeks ago, were not for the bill. In excitement men are not capable of doing their duty and exercising judgment that should be required in a convention tampering with a constitution."

English Pleads Earnestly.

He said that Governor Goodrich had given as his reason for favoring a new constitution by the convention plan that we now have telegraph and telephone companies, electric lights, interurban lines, etc., that we did not have when the last constitutional convention was held, and charged that this reason is to help the corporations."

"I warn your republicans who are forcing the passage of this bill that you are digging a political grave for the sainted Governor Goodrich—a grave to which the sweet-scented Frank Hanly was committed," said Senator Hazen. "You may vote to support a pet hobby of the governor. I'll vote to support the great mass of common people whom I love. This is a hobby to help the corporations."

Senator English made an earnest, logical speech against the constitutional convention. He said that the people of the state are to be given no more voice in the matter of holding a convention to revise the constitution than they would have been given by the Marshall constitution.

FOR SALE—20 shares Old National Bank stock. C. F. Pfeiffer. 1-22-D&W-U.

Agriculturists have succeeded in raising a brown cotton in Egypt that is stronger than any heretofore produced there.

On account of the high cost of materials, Tayter-chips are now 15c a package at all grocers. 31-2t

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



1860

1917

Rode's

HERE IT IS!

The Sale of All Sales!

FRIDAY - SATURDAY

Big After Inventory Clean-Up Sale of Our Entire Stock of Ready-to-Wear

COATS	DRESSES	SUITS	Utility Dresses	THIS BIG SALE	SEE THE MARVEL- LOUS VALUES IN SKIRTS	WAISTS	During this sale we will sell ALL FURS AT
Some astonishing values at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 \$12.50, \$16.50, \$18.50 VALUES UP TO \$45.00	A most important disposal of high-class gowns, for street, after- noon or evening wear at \$7.50, \$12.50, \$15, \$18.50 & \$25 VALUES UP TO \$50	Don't miss this chance to buy a styl- ish suit, suitable to wear for early spring at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$10.00 VALUES UP TO \$35	The dress that slips on like a coat. You practice economy if you purchase this dress at the following prices: \$1.00 Values.... 75c \$1.25 Values.... 85c \$1.50 Values.... \$1.10 \$2.00 Values.... \$1.45	includes a lot of \$5.00 and \$6.50 Raincoats. We will sell these at \$3.65	\$6.50 val- ues \$2.95 \$10.00 val- ues \$5.00 DON'T MISS SEE- ING THESE SKIRTS.	Three lots to choose from Values up to \$5.70.... \$1.95 Values up to \$1.50.... \$1.00 Values up to \$1.25.... 50c	HALF- PRICE

Grasp This Opportunity to Buy An Early Spring or Summer Dress

VALUES UP TO \$25

These Dresses are Slightly Soiled and Mussed. Therefore This Wonderful Cut in Prices.

\$1.50 - \$3.75 - \$5.75 - \$7.75

COAL AND WOOD.

PHONE 6034
Olds Coal Co.
BEST COAL ON EARTH

Best Grades of Coal—
COKE, CHARCOAL, WOOD AND
KINDLING AT
Fort Wayne Coal Co.
Phones 1082 and 1905.
WEIGHTS GUARANTEED

**REED BROS. COAL
& FEED CO.**
CORNER SIXTH AND NORTH
CALHOUN.
Phone 2874.

NIEZER & CO.
HIGH GRADE COAL
PHONE 550

Wm. Kaough Coal Co.
Call for Nut Stove and
Egg Hard Coal
502 — Phones — 502

**PLEASANT LAKE
SAND**
Prompt Delivery
DUNN COAL CO.

UNDERTAKERS.

KLAERN & MELCHING
UNDERTAKERS & EMBALMERS
221-223 East Washington Boulevard
OFFICE—HOME PHONE 228
Best of Service at Reasonable Prices
MOTOR AMBULANCE.

J. C. Peltier & Son
UNDERTAKERS
60TH PHONES NO. 25.
117 WEST WAYNE STREET.

MEN TO NEED BOTH COURAGE AND CASH

If They Propose to Follow
Late Styles Exhibited
in New York

New York, Feb. 1.—After a casual review of the prices to be charged for next season's styles in clothes which were exhibited here in all their naked glory, it is certain last season's garments are going to be generally worn for the next year or so. The luxury lover who simply must be well dressed may save up enough to buy a pair of trousers, but generally speaking swimming promises to be popular as a measure of economy late into next winter, says the Herald.

The bravery displayed on the price marks pales beside the daring breathed into the designs of the modest shrouds which the male is expected to wear this coming summer, autumn and winter. Everything properly in the way of a military finish, except the casualties, is included in the various garments, which a solemn visaged young man wore for the edification of visitors.

There are ached chests, suppressed waists, cute little flaring tails and disappearing slashed pockets litter and thither on the coats which promise to make perfect figures common in Broadway. The contemplation of the sartorial delights, which tend to make dressing up a real pleasure, is dimmed by the knowledge of the cost.

But to go back to the styles, "the tide has turned," so to speak, meaning that the high-class trade for the swell dresser who wants class, and not the common cut garment that he sees everywhere, is going in for military lines. There is the "trench coat," which has an aggravated sort of belt that holds the overcoat in place and is buckled in front. This "trench coat" promises to be popular with the young man who likes the wan moustache and consumptive stagger and who can drink tea without sniffling into his cup. The belt is ingeniously arranged so it can be instantly hidden inside the coat in case an infuriated populace still clad in last year's unimpaired garb should run amok.

The designer has taken the good old pocket, which suffers so in moving every year, and slashed it. That is now a vertical opening somewhere near the shoulder. Any ascot can get into it without straining a tendon. The mere sack suit has undergone certain changes about the shoulders and waist. The coat is built up with a super-foundation about the chest and then slips tightly about the waist, gripping it coily and fluttering down around the hips in a barrel shaped skirt. This results in a perfectly darling garment that is recommended as the greatest shape producer that ever escaped the chorus costumer.

The materials are to be neutral in tone because there are only a few dyes and little imported woolsens. As an indication of what genius was at work; there are to be some clothes made of "art-cloth," which is just a nom de plume for burlap with social aspirations.

On account of the high cost of materials, Taylors are now 15c a package at all grocers.

"LADY BARTENDERS" OFFICIAL BOOZE DISPENSERS IN DRY SEATTLE—WOMEN LIBERAL CUSTOMERS.



Miss Irene Ide (at right) and Mrs. N. W. Tucker, county "bartenders" at Seattle, issuing permits for liquor shipments to women applicants under the Washington state partial prohibition system. The dry law permits importation from without the state of two quarts of distilled liquor and 12 quarts of beer every twenty days, upon registration at the county recorder and the payment of 25 cents.

The establishment of a separate department for women applicants has greatly increased the orders for booze by the fair sex.

20,000 CROWD SEES ANCIENT CEREMONY

"Casting the Stone of Anathema" at the Absent Venizelos.

Athens, Jan. 15.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—A crowd of about 20,000 persons recently witnessed the ancient ceremony of "Casting the stone of anathema" at the absent Venizelos. The ceremony was organized and conducted by the famous Pan-Hellenic Reservists league, which, under the brief title "Reservists," has won much notice since the king and Venizelos have been wrangling over the internal and external affairs of Greece.

The cabinet is said to have been strongly opposed to the revival of the obsolete custom of "anathema" in the case of Venizelos, and the opponents of the rite asserted in the newspapers that "only harm can result to the king's cause from this uncouth piece of political savagery, owing to the painful impression which it will produce upon the civilized world."

But the reservists would not hear of the abandonment of the idea, and insisted not only on the civil and military, but also on the ecclesiastical authorities attending the ceremony. It is stated that the metropolitan, who is the Archbishop of Athens, was reluctant to participate, but he finally yielded, and in the end, the whole synod of the Church of Greece not only

DRAWING HIS FAMILY CLOSELY ABOUT HIM

Attacks on King Constantine Showing Plainly in Effect.

Athens, Greece, Jan. 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The attacks upon King Constantine are serving to draw the members of his family more closely about him. Princess Alice of Battenberg, Prince Andrew's wife, who is an English Princess and whose two brothers are in the British navy, is as loyal and devoted to her brother-in-law as are his blood-relations.

"Those who today are engaged in the revolutionary movement will return to loyal allegiance the moment the for-

sign influence is lifted from them," declared the princess to a correspondent of The Associated Press.

"My brother-in-law," she continued, "is precisely what the Greek people need as king. He is a brave, and inspired soldier, who has led them to victory; and they adore him for it. You saw the king at the Champ de Mars ride among his people without guard, the people pressing about him, clinging to his saddle, touching him, running along beside his horse. I doubt that if in any other country in the world monarch or president would have been given so wonderful a reception."

"Some of the Entente newspapers said my brother-in-law was trying to commit suicide by taking such risks. That shows just how much they know about it. The people of Greece almost worship their king, and the great mistake the Entente has made has been to assume the contrary, and to protect and foster a revolution against him. Had they spent a quarter the time and good will seeking to come to an understanding with the king that they have spent in helping to build up a revolutionary movement directed against him, none of the sad events of the last few months would have occurred; and he and they would have been working in perfect harmony long since."

"No," the English princess declared, "I cannot believe that my own people are so misinformed of the real conditions in Greece as to consider for a moment any attempt to take King Constantine from the throne. But if they should countenance it, I am positive that they would realize in a very short time what they should realize now, that no one but King Constantine is capable of leading Greece safely through this world crisis; and that should he go, the Greek people as one man would call him back."

GERMAN WARNING TO ALL SEA TRAFFIC WITHIN BARRED ZONES.

Berlin, Feb. 1.—(Via Sayville.) Germany has formally served notice on America and on the neutral nations of the world that she has been forced "to do away with the restrictions that have been imposed upon her fighting means on the sea." Following is the official announcement:

"From Feb. 1, 1917, within barred zones around Great Britain, France, Italy, and in the eastern Mediterranean, as outlined in the following, all sea traffic forthwith will be opposed. Such barred zones are:

"In the North sea, the district around England and France which is limited by a line twenty nautical miles; the district along the Dutch coast as far as the Terschelling lightship, the degree of longitude of the Terschelling lightship to Uldir; a line from there across the point 62 degrees north latitude, 5 longitude, westward along 62 degrees to a point three nautical miles south of the south point of Farover (Faroe Islands?); from there across the point 62 degrees north, 15 degrees west to 61 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then 57 degrees north, 20 degrees west; to 47 degrees north, 20 degrees west; further, to 43 degrees north, 15 degrees west; then, on degree latitude 43 degrees north to the point twenty nautical miles from Cape Finisterre and twenty nautical miles distance along the Spanish north coast as far as the French frontier.

"Concerning the south, in the Mediterranean: For neutral shipping there remains open the south district west of a line from Pt. de les Paquet to 30 degrees 20 minutes north and 6 degrees east, as well as north and west of a zone sixty sea miles broad along the North African coast, beginning on 7 degrees west longitude.

"In order to connect this sea district with Greece, the zones lead twenty sea miles in width north or east, following this line: 38 degrees north and 6 degrees east, 38 degrees north and 11 degrees 30 minutes east to 34 degrees north and 11 degrees 30 minutes east to 34 degrees 30 minutes east. From there it leads to a zone twenty sea miles broad west of 22 degrees 30 minutes east longitude into Greek territorial waters.

"Neutral ships plying within the barred zones do so at their own risk. Although precautions are being taken to spare neutral ships which, on Feb. 1, are on the way to ports in the barred zones, during an appropriate delay, yet it is urgently to be advised that they should be warned and directed to other routes by all means available.

"Neutral ships lying in ports of the barred zones can with the same safety abandon the barred zones if they sail before Feb. 5 and take the shortest route into the open district.

"Traffic of regular American passenger steamers can go on unmolested if:

"A—Falmouth is taken as the port of destination, and if,

"B—On the going and returning journey the Scilly Islands, as well as the point 50 degrees north, 20 degrees west, be steered on. Along this route no German mines will be laid.

"C—If steamers on this journey

AUCTION SALE Of entire stock of gent's furnishings and clothing; also fixtures of L. Rittoff, bankrupt, will be made at 10:00 a. m., February 2nd, at 1321 Calhoun street.

CITIZENS TRUST CO. Trustee. Jan 27-29-31 Feb 1

ALBION NEWS.

Albion, Ind., Feb. 1.—The monthly business meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the United Brethren church was held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. Joseph Gatwood.

Mrs. J. J. Martin was painfully hurt in a fall on the ice the forepart of the week. No bones were broken, however.

Mrs. E. S. Ray has received word of the death of her oldest brother, Carl Knox, which occurred in the epileptic hos pital at Newcastle, Ind. He was 28 years old and formerly lived in this city. The body was taken to Converse for interment. Mrs. Ray attended the services.

The Sewology Club was entertained yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Zadel Fitch.

Keith Baughman has gone to Detroit, where he has accepted a position in the office of the Studebaker Automobile company.

If you want to lose a customer and a friend, sell him goods on credit; wait six months before you ask him for the money, and then see him get mad. That is not the way we do our credit business. We agree with our customers on the terms of sale, and they pay weekly or monthly, as they prefer; they pay as they agree and everybody is satisfied. Foster's.

SOCIETY

The regular open meeting of the Woman's Club League will be held at 2:30 Saturday afternoon, February 3, at the ballroom of the Anthony hotel. The meeting is in charge of the educational department of the club league which has joined forces with the Grade Teachers' association and the board of school trustees to bring to the city Dr. William Heard Kilpatrick, a noted educator of teachers' college, Columbia university. Dr. Kilpatrick's standing in the educational world is indicated by his having been sent by Columbia university to visit Madame Montessori's school in Rome to study and evaluate her methods. His subject will be "Democracy and Education."

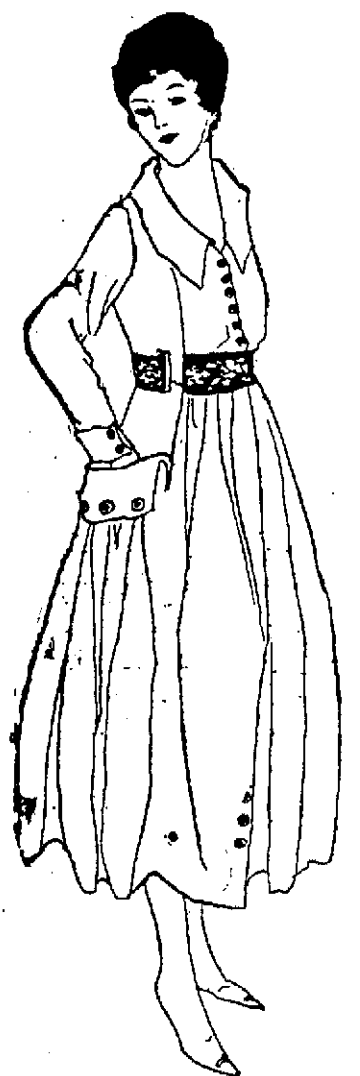
The hostesses for the meeting are the Fortnightly club, the Shakespeare club and the Library Table.

The following musical program was arranged by Miss Lucille Vail for the meeting of the Woman's Club League in the ballroom of the Anthony hotel Saturday afternoon:

"Mammy's Song".....Harriet Ware
"O Heart of Mine".....Riley
Miss Jessie Gifford, Soprano.
"Valse Chromatique".....Godard
Robert Sinclair.
Violin Solo, Selected.....
.....Mr. Gaston Bailhe

George Bailhe will lecture at Packard hall this evening on "Apprecia-

Makes a Yo San Gown Unique



(By BETTY BROWN.)

Most of the wool jersey dresses are made on very simple lines. To give them a distinctive value, hand embroidery and bead work are employed. The modest design of the illustration becomes decidedly striking by an addition of a broad belt of bead work done in Indian red, purple, gold and dull green.

Welker's

116 EAST BERRY STREET.
OPP. COURT HOUSE.

Big Savings on These Special Items for Friday and Saturday.

Closing Out All Our Entire Stock of Suits, Coats and Skirts—Every Garment Priced to Sell No Matter What the Loss—Real Bargains.

Closing out \$22.50 Ladies' Suits at.....**\$7.75**
Closing out all Ladies' Coats at \$7.95 and.....**\$5.00**
\$5.00 Children's Coats, 2 to 5 years, at \$2.50 and.....**\$1.98**
\$7.50 Children's Coats; 8 to 14 years at only.....**\$2.98**
A lot of \$5.00 Dress Skirts at.....**\$1.98**
Skirts worth to \$8.50, now \$3.98 and.....**\$2.98**
Closing Out All Furs at Half Price.

\$1.50 and \$1.25 Percale House Dresses at.....**98c**
\$1.50 and \$1.25 colored and Black Petticoats at.....**\$1.00**
Broken Lines of Corsets worth up to \$3.50; closing out prices.....**\$1.00**
\$1.50 and \$1.00 Scarf and Cap Sets at 98c and.....**89c**

\$1.50 Flannelette Long Kimono at.....**\$1.00**
Lined Hosiery 25c Piece.....**19c**
Lined Hosiery 25c Piece.....**35c**
1 case Ladies' Vests and Pants, a garment.....**79c**
1 case Men's \$1.00 value Union Suits.....**29c**
1 case Ladies' Silk Hose; all colors.....**98c**
Children's \$1.50 Gingham Dresses.....**98c**
Big Ribbon Sale at 25c, 19c and.....**10c**

tion of Music." Miss Leah Gardner, one of his piano pupils, will assist him and will play Liszt's "Rhapsody."

Mrs. Clara Zollars-Bond will present her soprano pupil Miss Freda Winegart, 15 years old, in a song recital, Wednesday evening, February 7, at Packard hall.

Mrs. Simon Ackerman entertained at bridge this afternoon at her home on West Wayne street.

The benefit entertainment at the Lyric theater this morning, given by the Mothers' club for the purpose of raising funds with which to promote the proposed mothers' pension bill, which members of the club are hoping to have introduced at this session of the legislature, was largely attended. The picture presented was that of "Silas Marner" and was particularly appealing to the children. Members of the Rotary club distributed a large number of tickets among the newsboys. It is understood that a goodly sum was realized by the club.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Miss Bessie Baldwin an amateur dramatic club was organized. The members are to be directed by Miss Baldwin. The name selected for the organization is "Old Fort Players," and the charter members are Miss Baldwin, Miss Marijorie Bohan, Miss Phyllis Randall, Miss Virginia Randall, Miss Virginia Cary, Miss Mildred Bowser, Miss Marjorie Kilgore, Miss Catherine Vesey, Miss Maribel Olds, Miss Marie Centlivre, Miss Helen O'Rourke, Mrs. Frank Bohn and Mrs. Fred McCulloch. Miss Bohan was elected secretary and Miss Phyllis Randall, treasurer.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Becker are visiting in Chicago.

Miss Virginia Cary will attend the dance of the junior prom at Ann Arbor next week.

Mrs. Albert Pfeiffer, of Fairfield avenue, is the guest of relatives and friends in Convo, Ohio.

Mrs. John A. Thiene is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Cooke and family, at Whiting, Ind.

Mrs. James R. Meriwether attended the meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis league in South Bend this week.

Miss Helen Peters will leave in a few days for Ann Arbor to visit with her sister, Mrs. Philip Bursley and family.

Mrs. Ben Meeker and son, Melvin, have gone to Mansfield, Ohio, for a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. S. W. Shannon.

The last of the series in the auction bridge tournament will be held Friday afternoon at the Anthony hotel, starting at 2:45 o'clock.

The Fortnightly Sewing club will be entertained at the home of Mrs. Charles B. Hughes, on Rockhill street, Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Stella Bookwalter has returned from Akron, Ohio, where she attended the funeral of her niece, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Wirth.

N. R. Hench is here from San Francisco and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. L. E. Trout. He expects to remain in Port Wayne indefinitely.

Mrs. Annie Bell has returned from Baltimore and is visiting with Mrs. J. P. Connelley before leaving for her home in Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Adolph Geismar, of Toledo, is visiting with Mrs. S. M. Foster, of Fairfield avenue. Mrs. Foster entertained her sewing club yesterday afternoon in honor of her guest.

Mrs. S. B. Rohrer and little daughter, Laura Louise left today for Kansas City, Mo., where they are moving from Newton, Kan. They will stop at Lafayette for a short visit.

The Ladies' Mutual Benefit club will give a social at the Lincoln Saturday school building north of the city, Saturday evening, February 3. A program of moving pictures has been arranged. Refreshments will be served.

At a meeting of the Sophie B. Wright circle of the King's daughters last evening at the Y. W. C. A., it was decided to give a dance soon after Easter. The Wright saxophone orchestra of Columbus, O., will be engaged to furnish the music.

The Little Turtle Athletic club, composed of six young boys, will banquet at 6 o'clock Thursday evening at the home of Fred C. Schneider, 1204 Webster street. This is an annual affair and the boys do all the work connected with it. The club has a fund and all expenses are taken care of in this way. The members of the club are Frank Travers, Fred Schneider, Louis Brown, Alfred Brown, Killeen Baker and Clarence Fox.

The dance given by the Friar club in Elmhurst last evening was a most delightful affair and was attended by fifty couples. All of them appeared in costume and there was much merriment and no little guessing before the masks were removed. Music was furnished by the Gnomes orchestra. Miss Violet Flower and Earl Pierson won the prizes for being attired in the most unique costumes. Miss Flower was dressed as a "hula hula" girl and Mr. Pierson was dressed in a colonial costume.

Cook—Iverson.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Ella Cook at Arcola, when her daughter, Gertrude Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Mr. Roy C. Iverson, of Valley City, N. D., the Rev. E. M. Foster, of Lenox, a friend and former pastor of the family, officiating.

A sister of the bride, Miss Mildred Cook, played the wedding march while the bride and groom took their places, and also played very softly during the service.

The large living room, in which the ceremony was performed, was prettily decorated with smilax, carnations and roses and lighted entirely with pink candles.

The bride looked charming in an evening gown of white net and tulle. She wore a veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. There were no attendants.

A three course wedding supper was served immediately after the ceremony, to about thirty guests, being the immediate relatives and close

friends of the bride. The long table in the dining room was prettily arranged with pink and white roses and pink candles. A large wedding cake adorned the center of the table.

The bride and groom will spend a week with relatives in this city and Arcola, after which they will leave for their future home in Valley City, N. D., where the groom has a position with the Northern Pacific Railroad company.

Those present at the wedding were: Mr. and Mrs. John Grosjean, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Steigmeier, Mrs. Wm. Yergens, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shaffer, Misses Lotie and Maude Shaffer and Irving Cook, of this city; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lemon, of Maysville; Mr. and Mrs. Stouder, Mr. and Mrs. Bellamy, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Long and family, Mrs. Elmer Miller and Charles Felger, of Arcola.

Schramm-Kramer.

The wedding of Miss Laura Kramer and Mr. Dominic Schramm was solemnized Thursday morning at 9 o'clock at St. Mary's Catholic church, the Rev. Father George Schramm, brother of the groom, officiating. The bride and groom were attended by Miss Rose App and Mr. Clem Kramer. The bride wore a very pretty gray suit with hat to match. The wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Catherine Kramer, 407 Madison street. After a short wedding trip they will return to this city and make their home with the bride's mother.

Pleasantly Surprised.

Mrs. Mary Todd, of 828 Eliza street, was pleasantly surprised on her eighty-third birthday, which was celebrated last Sunday, by the children of her brother, Joe Harrod. The guests came with baskets well filled with good things to eat. Those present were: Mrs. Jane Harrod Rodabush and husband, Mrs. Ella Harrod Holmes and husband, Newton Harrod and wife, LaOotto; Enos Harrod and wife, from Hoagland; Mrs. Maleny Harrod Henry and husband, Decatur. In the afternoon Mrs. Laura Crawford, of Hoagland, and Mrs. Lucy Spencer, of Port Wayne, came to attend the celebration. Mrs. Todd is the only living member of the William Harrod family of fourteen children, and is one of the old pioneer settlers of Allen county, coming from Knox county, Ohio, to Maples, Ind., fifty-seven years ago. She had lived in this county most of the time since then. She now makes her home with her daughter, Mrs. David Barto, of 828 Eliza street.

AT THE PALACE.

"GIRL IN THE GOWN SHOP."

Smart Little Novelty Hit Features New Palace Bill.

In these piping days of smart frocks for ordinary wear and elaborate evening creations for the formal wear of midcity, the gown shop holds a charm not only for the fair ones, but also for the alleged sterner sex. This charm is much more potent than any ever exerted by the old-fashioned dressmaker and it is only natural that this being true vaudeville should appropriate the gown shop, thus accounting for the daring little lingerie diversion, "The Girl in the Gown Shop," which is to feature the bill for the remainder of the week at the New Palace, is a monistic dream of midcity's frills and fancies.

Patricio and Meyers, the dancing phool and the girl will be remembered by local vaudeville lovers, especially the dancing of the man of the team, whose agile legs can wrap themselves through some amazing eccentric stunts. O'Neil and Gallagher, the "Misfit Couple," will uncoil ten minutes of laughter; while others on the bill are Rawson and Claire in an episode of childhood entitled, "Yesterday," Jura, the little melody maid in charming songs; and the Leach Wall trio of iron jawed athletes.

AT THE MAJESTIC.

"For the Man She Loved," Starting Tonight.

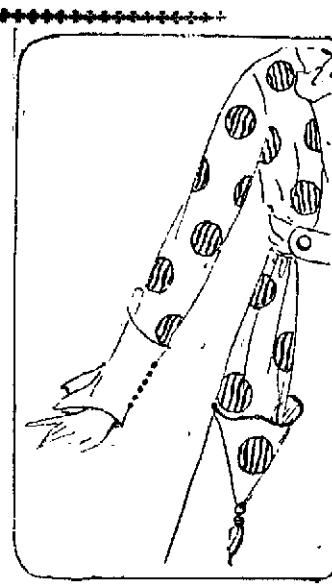
"For the Man She Loved," a melodrama which was originally produced a few weeks ago by the Keith Players at the Hudson theater with notable success, will be given its first local showing at the Majestic theater for three days, and from trustworthy reports it may be expected to disclose plot and story of unusual strength and originality, as well as the elements of mystery, suspense and emotion so dear to the admirers of melodramatic plays. As suggested by the title, the theme of the story has to do with the sacrifices made and trials endured by a woman in behalf of the man she loves. In this particular instance the man in the case is entirely worthy of the devotion shown him, and is only unfortunate in that circumstances have conspired to fasten upon him a crime of which he is innocent. In her efforts to clear away the stigma that rests upon him, the woman who loves him is herself accused of an even greater crime, the murder of her lover's father. The mystery that attaches to the killing of Colonel Worthington is not cleared away until just before the final curtain and is then done in a most dramatic scene that takes place in the office of the chief of police.

AT THE LYRIC.

Art Drama, "Infidelity," With Stellar Cast at Lyric.

A really notable cast of players is seen in the Art drama, "Infidelity," which will be the feature at the Lyric theater to day. The photoplay is a remarkably dramatic production and gives the entire

Frock Has Belt of Beaded Work



(By BETTY BROWN.)

The pocket is no longer a convenience only; it is the chief feature of many a charming frock. The cowl pocket is the newest and oddest of all. It hangs like an open pouch on the side of the skirt at the end of an elongated waist breadth.

Combined with a sleeve and made of gorgeous rainbow disked shantung, it is the only decoration required to convert a perfectly plain Yo San gown into a unique creation.

east splendid opportunity to display its ability.

Although Anna Q. Nilsson and Eugene Strong are starred in the picture, all of the other important parts are played by actors and actresses who have been featured themselves in productions of other companies. Miss Nilsson is remembered of course, for her work in Pathe's serial "Who Pays?" in which she achieved a great success. She was also featured in a number of productions by George Kleine, the Fox company, and others.

Eugene Strong, the other star of "Infidelity," is considered one of the most popular of leading men on the screen.

"Kick In," one of the most famous melodramas produced on the stage in the past twenty years, has been made into a photoplay and will be presented at the Lyric tomorrow and Saturday. Four days, beginning Monday, "The Witching Hour," a special attraction starring C. Aubrey Smith, Jack Sherrill and Robert Connors, will be shown.

BELIEVE IT WOULD AID THE WORKINGMAN

See Pleasure for His Family in St. Joe Pleasure Resort Plan

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE DAM FUND.

Previously acknowledged \$6,300.00

W. C. Schuler.....25.00

Louis Schlaudroff, Jr.....100.00

E. F. Yarnelle.....100.00

Louis Fox.....200.00

Klaehn & Melching.....100.00

Van B. Perrine.....100.00

H. C. Rockhill.....100.00

Gustave Berghoff.....250.00

Mr. Fisher.....100.00

Total.....\$7,375.00

It developed at the meeting last evening of boosters for the creation of a great river pleasure resort, just outside the city limits at the north, that there is a general belief among the working people of the city that the project will bring to them a blessing in the form of a modern pleasure resort within such easy reach that the cost of time and money will be so small that they may enter into it with great freedom.

This condition has prompted several of the labor organizations to enter actively into the project, not only by the giving of money to the project, but by the appointment of active committees to solicit funds.

The attendance at last evening's meeting showed a spreading interest in the plan. "As soon as a man finds out just what the plan is," said William Breuer, president of the St. Joe Dam and Park association, "he is heartily in favor of it. But it is difficult sometimes to explain the plan and all it means to the people of Port Wayne."

Committee is Named.

A committee composed of Richard Bull, M. E. Hawkins and Frank Fry, with Mr. Bull as chairman, has been named to bring the story of the project before the various labor organizations. Mr. Bull states that the workers are heartily in favor of the project because there is in it no apparent personal gain for the men who are promoting it, except the gain which comes to all through the improvement of general conditions.

"The natural question that comes to me," said Mr. Bull, is this: "Who is to benefit from the improvement?" I have always given a candid answer to the question. And that is that I know of no one who is promoting this plan for personal gain. The great benefit, as we all see it, is to come to the families of the workmen who cannot afford to go away for even a day or two to the lake resorts and is thereby prevented from the enjoyment of the privileges of those who are more substantially fixed. But when this dam is placed across the river near the State street bridge it will create the upper river and its banks into a great summer resort, providing innumerable camping and picnic grounds, capable of accommodating thousands of people. With boats on the river, every part of this resort would be within reach of all. Think of the hundreds who can thus enjoy the privileges of a summer resort within a few minutes' distance from their homes and at little or no cost. I am very sure that as soon as the people of Port Wayne understand what we are trying to do they will lend their full



Quaint and Smart are the

NEW SPRING DRESSES

That novelty is the keynote of effectiveness in the new Spring Dresses, cannot be gained and this is especially true of the quaint, smart and decidedly new examples that we cordially invite you to look at now. The materials are serge, poplin, wool crepe, crepe de chine and taffeta. The prices are extremely low at.

\$9.95 \$12.50 \$15.00

Stunning Styles in Spring Skirts at Very Attractive Prices

To induce early buying we are offering for Friday and Saturday's selling our complete line of new Spring Skirts embracing the most advanced styles in the new materials. Below are quoted prices which afford you a saving of two or three dollars.

\$3.95 \$5.95 \$7.95 \$9.95 \$12.50

The Paris
WOMENS WEAR EXCLUSIVELY
920 Calhoun Street
The New Under Muslins Are Very Pretty.

New Arrivals in Spring Blouses.

support and encouragement to our efforts.

WATER RATE FIGHT AT RICHMOND ENDS

Compromise Between City and Utility Approved by Commission.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—A compromise agreement between the city of Richmond, Ind., and the Richmond City Water Works company as to water rates was accepted by the public service commission yesterday. The company will give up its right to charge a meter rental, losing thereby approximately \$7,500 annually, it is said.

Since this amount would make the annual revenue fall below the minimum allowed the utility by the commission, the city will pay for hydrant service not heretofore paid for and other advances will be made up to allow the \$7,500 deficit to be made up. Most of these advances will fall upon the large consumers, it is said.

The minimum meter charge a month is 50 cents for the ordinary sizes. A minimum readiness-to-service charge of 75 cents a month will be made on one-inch connections to private fire protection arrangements.

The first 10,000 gallons of water will cost 20 cents a thousand for one month; the next 40,000 gallons will cost 15 cents; the next 250,000, 10 cents; the next 700,000, 8 cents; the next 2,000,000, 7 cents; the next 7,000,000, 6 cents, and the next 10,000,000, 5 1/2 cents.

The compromise was submitted to the commission by Mayor Robbins and City Attorneys Bond for the city and Howard A. Dill, manager of the utility, and Henry C. Starr of Indianapolis, attorney for the water company.

The acceptance of the compromise by the commission ends a long series of misunderstandings between the city, utility and commission, due, it is alleged, by the city officials, to a bungling decision made by Thomas Duncan, chairman of the commission, in the original case several years ago and marked since by some bitter feeling.

MUCH WORK AHEAD FOR BIG SHOW COMMITTEE

Local Auto Dealers in Attendance at Chicago Automobile Show.

A great deal of work remains for the local dealers and others interested in the show which will be held in the Concordia college gymnasium, February 13 to 17 inclusive, because no effort will be spared to make this the best show Port Wayne has ever witnessed. Among the things of interest to the auto men is the arranging of the details necessary for the elaborate opening on the night of February 13.

Some big ideas direct from the Chicago automobile show are going to be used in the Port Wayne show in connection with some splendid ideas that the auto show committee has on tap. Many of the dealers on the various committees left for Chicago to see the premier event of the middle west which is in progress there this week. In the matter of shows Chicago is second only to New York, consequently the committees will get acquainted with some of the biggest things doing at the auto shows this season. Many of the cars that were exhibited at the New York show, and which are now on display at the Chicago show, will be shown here.

Everyone an Enthusiast.

Those who are in a position to know state that more people are interested in this show than ever before, and everyone is a booster. Visitors are coming from northern Indiana, southern Michigan and northwestern Ohio. Dealers and their prospects are coming to see the advance models that were shown in the New York and Chicago shows. The show is being advertised throughout a wide territory surrounding Port Wayne, and the interurbans are co-operating with the advertising committee to give wide-

spread publicity to the event. Arrangements are being made for special car service to the East Main car line which brings the visitors to the door of the big gymnasium.

Many accessories will be shown along with the greatest collection of pleasure cars Port Wayne has ever seen at one time. There will be 100 different models ranging in price from \$350 to \$5,000 and upwards, including many novelties such as a dual-power car which runs on either gasoline or electricity or both at the same time. Factory representatives will be here in abundance to give demonstrations in the finest points of the new cars. Taken all in all, the Port Wayne show is going to be one of the best, if not the best given in cities many times its size.

An acre of banana trees is said to produce food that will support twenty-five times as many persons as an acre of wheat.

Florida and New Mexico are thunder storm centers. The Pacific coast is freest from them.

Happenings of Interest in Schools of the City

JEFFERSON SCHOOL.

(Mildred Fruechte and Stewart Hulse, Reporters.)

Pupils in all of the classes are anxiously awaiting Friday morning when the report cards are to be distributed.

The Jefferson school has forty-four candidates for graduation.

Eighth Grade.

Miss Macphail's Eight B two's had a special program of dancing, singing, instrumental selections and recitations in honor of themselves and as a farewell to the Eight B.

Miss Auten, instructor of mathematics, has returned to school after having the lagrippe. During her absence her place was filled by Miss Moering, who delighted the children with stories.

It was announced in the literature class of the Eighth grade that the following students had submitted the best autobiographies: Larry Bello Jackson, Esther Moll, Mildred Fruechte and Irwin Deister.

Seventh Grade.

Ned Averill, of the 7A, was nearly late to school Monday noon. It is said that Ned was in a hurry and just as he neared the school his feet went in the air and he was forced to return home and change clothes.

Fifth Grade.

Someone in the class has lost a pet dog. At least an advertisement appeared on the blackboard a few days ago, that a white dog with black ears and a collar inscribed "L. A." had been lost.

Second Grade.

Henry Humphries, aged 7 years, shows exceptional ability in drawing and spelling. He is the pride of the class. His grandfather, who was an artist, was killed in the present European war. Louise Long, aged 8 years, also possesses these same talents. Their drawings on the blackboard have found many admirers.

First Grade.

Junior Drayer said goodbye to his

classmates. He leaves February 2 for an indefinite stay in Florida.

Kindergarten.

John Astrom has been named the best leader of the kindergarten band. The teachers think the band is the best one out. The boys like to play the drums best because it makes the most noise.

Students Present Play.

The auditorium of the Harmon school was filled to overflowing Wednesday evening when the students of the eighth grade presented the play, "Miles Standish." The second performance will be given Thursday evening. The proceeds from this affair will be used to liquidate the debt on the grand piano which the school purchased. It is estimated that 550 people were present on Tuesday evening and all declared the entertainment to be of a high calibre.

Every one of the members of the cast played their roles in a superb fashion. The principal parts were taken by Master Robert Kuerber, who represented Miles Standish; Calvin Burkett, as John Alden, and Miss Carol Horman as dainty and sweet Priscilla. Others who deserve honorable mention are: Irvin Kaiser, Merrill Johnson, Walter Kleeburg, Paul Rodenbeck, Walter Saylor and those who danced, Irene Ferris, Margaret Henry, Martha Barth, Audrey Stickley, Ruth Gombberger, Ho Rieck, Ruth Millhouse and Margaret Pfeiderer.

Prof. and Mrs. Justin N. Study were among the audience Wednesday night.

Children Have Vacation.

The various public school buildings were deserted Thursday morning in so far that there were no scholars present. They are enjoying a two day and a half vacation while their teachers are hard at work making out the report cards, which will be given out Friday morning at 11 o'clock.

From available sources comes the report that the number of failures at the close of the first semester of work is very few.

FLORIDA

Three All Steel Through Trains Daily

Completely equipped with Pullman sleeping cars, comfortable day coaches and dining cars serving all meals.

Cincinnati to Jacksonville

ROYAL PALM		OHIO SPECIAL		FLORIDA SPECIAL	
Leaves Cincinnati	(Queen & Crescent Route)	6:50 a. m.	Leaves Cincinnati	(Queen & Crescent Route)	8:10 a. m.
Arrives Chattanooga	(Queen & Crescent Route)	4:50 p. m.	Arrives Chattanooga	(Queen & Crescent Route)	6:30 p. m.
Arrives Atlanta	(Southern Railway)	9:45 p. m.	Arrives Atlanta	(Southern Railway)	11:20 a. m.
Arrives Jacksonville	(Southern Railway)	7:40 a. m.	Arrives Jacksonville	(Southern Railway)	8:50 p. m.

For fares, Florida booklet and sleeping car reservations, call on Local Ticket Agents or address:

A. R. HERBERT, District Passenger Agent - Queen & Crescent Route
711 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis.

W. A. BECKLER
General Passenger Agent
Cincinnati, Ohio

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

(C. N. O. & T. P. R.)

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

NEWS OF FORT WAYNE'S NEIGHBORS

STATE RESTS IN CASE.

Damaging Testimony Presented by Prosecutor Against John Spahr.

Huntington, Ind., Feb. 1.—That John Spahr, under the impression that he had only seriously injured R. A. Littler, said "I'd do the same thing under the circumstances," was the testimony of Lewis Johnson, town marshal of Markle, Wednesday morning in the Spahr murder trial. The state rested its case Wednesday afternoon.

The second direct evidence bearing on the intimacy between the two families, and the alleged friendship of Spahr with Mrs. Littler, came with the testimony of A. L. Gusman, in whose house Littler lived at the time of the tragedy. Gusman's home is next to the Littler home. Gusman told of seeing Spahr visit Littler home frequently when Littler was away, and at times talk to Mrs. Littler at the front of the house or on the sidewalk.

He told further of seeing Spahr come out of the back door as Littler and his father-in-law, Mr. Clue, drove up on Lee street in an automobile. After Littler and his father-in-law entered the house, he said, Spahr went back into the house.

READY TO QUIT.

Ray Druggist Declares He Will Sell No More Booze.

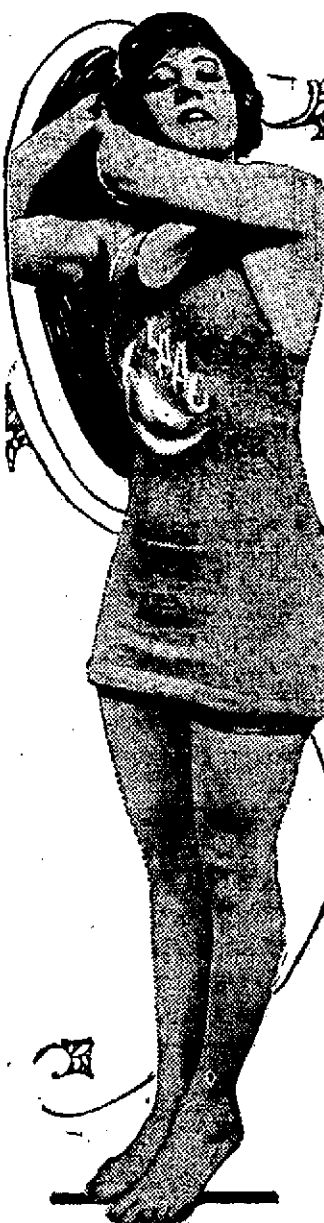
Ray, Ind., Feb. 1.—John Zimmerman, the local druggist at Ray, made quite a sensation in the Methodist church in that village one night recently, when he announced that there would be no more liquor sold in Ray, so far as he was concerned. After the sermon when a number of people were given testimony, John arose and said he was "brought up a Christian by his parents, confirmed in the German Lutheran church and tried to live a good life until about five years ago, when he got into the drug business. The liquor selling part of the business is not right and I tried to quit it in my own strength but failed. Now I am going to quit by the aid of a higher power than I have possessed." He tried it out on Monday of last week before he made the confession, and said: "This would have been a good day, but I denied every customer, even the oldest."

BURNS CAUSE DEATH.

Myrtle Gregory, Aged 10, Horribly Burned in Explosion.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—As the result of burns which she suffered in an explosion when she poured kerosene on the kitchen fire, Myrtle Gregory, aged 10 years, died Wednesday at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gregory, who reside six miles southwest of this city. The little girl returned from school Tuesday evening. She wanted to start a fire quickly and poured kerosene in the stove. Contrary to the presumption that there were no live coals there, gas was formed and a minute later the stove exploded. The girl's dress caught fire. Neighbors heard the screams and the cry for help from her aged grand-

Woman Diving Champ is Ready for Hawaii



Alleen Allen, national woman diving champion of Los Angeles, who will compete in the Mid-Pacific swimming meet at Honolulu on Washington's birthday. With Dorothy Burns, this famous mermaid will leave San Francisco for the Hawaiian islands on February 7. Five other California girls will accompany them.

The Honolulu water festival will be one of the greatest ever held. It is a meet of champions. Francis Cowells, western coast champion in the fifty; Dorothy Burns, national backstroke champion; Alleen Allen, national diving champion; Ludy Langer, world's champion middle distance man, and Duke Kahanamoku, world's title holder in the fifty, along with many other contenders, will make the event one of great interest.

mother. The house was saved but the girl's body was literally cooked. She died at the hospital six hours later. Her father, who resides in Union City, Mich., was notified. The whereabouts of the mother is not known.

DIES WHILE WORKING.

Richard Hunter Seized With an Attack of Heart Trouble.

Warsaw, Ind., Feb. 1.—While engaged in cutting wood on the Gregg farm, two miles south of Sidney, Richard Hunter, aged 68, dropped dead Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock. Men working in the woods at the time saw him fall and rushed to his side to find that he was unconscious. He was picked up and carried to a farm house, but passed away some time before a physician could reach his bedside.

His death was due to a heart attack. Mr. Hunter had not complained of feeling ill, except that he had been suffering for some time with an attack of rheumatism.

Mr. Hunter had resided in Sidney for several years and was a thresher by trade. He was well known in the southern part of Kosciusko county. He is survived by a wife.

DEATH ENDS DIVORCE SUIT.

Bluffton, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Ida Hill reports the receipt of a communication telling of the death of her husband, Levi Hill, who passed away a week ago Tuesday, at Toledo, Ohio. She said that the information furnished her by a son, Leroy Hill, who was with his father, was to the effect that her husband died from an attack of the heart, brought on by excessive drinking. She said that he had been subject to these attacks for a number of years. His son had his body taken back to the old home at Rising Sun, Ohio, for burial.

SUES AUNT FOR \$5,000.

Auburn, Ind., Feb. 1.—One of the most stubbornly contested cases tried in the DeKalb circuit court for a long time is the one of Glenna Donnelly against Phila Wolf and P. Carl Wolf, the trial of which began Tuesday. Glenna Donnelly is suing for \$5,000 for personal injuries which she alleges she sustained when the defendant, Phila Wolf, struck her with a stick of stove-wood in the defendant's home in 1908. The complaint in the case was filed in the circuit court December 23, 1914.

FIGHT OVER WHISKY.

Garrett, Ind., Feb. 1.—A bottle of whisky caused one negro to be sent to the hospital suffering from a bullet wound which may result in death and two white men to be sent to the jail, awaiting trial. It appears that the two white men, Albert Madison and Pearl Malby, were the possessors of the bottle. Red Wing, the negro, set about to get the whisky. It is said he drew a big knife. The two white men say they shot in self defense.

ETNA SCHOOL ACCREDITED.

Columbia City, Ind., Feb. 1.—County Supt. Alvin R. Fleck has been notified by the state board of education that Etna high school has been placed on the accredited list, as far as the three-year work given there is concerned. A high standard of efficiency has been maintained there for several years and it will mean much to the graduates of the school to thus have the recognition which has been accorded them.

STRICKEN WITH APOPLEXY.

Huntington, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. W. W. Hawley, prominent club woman of this city and wife of a prominent business man, died at her home Tuesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock of apoplexy. She was taken seriously ill at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning and her sudden death came as a great shock. With her at the time of her death was her sister, Mrs. Eliza Ricker, her daughter, Edith, and Mrs. John Doub.

CHARLES KORTWRIGHT DEAD.

Columbia City, Ind., Feb. 1.—Charles Kortwright, of Union township, who was taken down with pneumonia a week ago, and was in a very serious condition during his sickness, passed to the beyond at 3:45 Wednesday morning at his home within a half mile of the Allen county line. Tuesday was known as his crisis day, and his physicians were unable to bring him through the ordeal.

MARRIED FIFTY YEARS AGO.

Lagrange, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Valentine Walter, pioneer settlers of Lagrange county, celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary at their home on Grant street, Wednesday evening. Sixty friends and relatives were present. Both Mr. and Mrs. Walter are in good health. Their only son, Burritt S. Walter, is treasurer of Lagrange county.

FATHER DEAD.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Harry Hough, clerk at the J. Keller & Company store, was called to North Baltimore yesterday because of the death of his father, John Hough, 60, who died at his home there Wednesday morning. Death resulted from heart trouble, with which he had been afflicted since last August.

WILL TRY IT AGAIN.

Syracuse, Ind., Feb. 1.—Hallie E. Holloway and Clara A. Holloway, both of Syracuse, are going to make another try of married life. A marriage license was issued to them at Warsaw. The Holloways were divorced last September upon a charge of cruelty by the wife. Holloway is a mail carrier at Syracuse.

BLUFFTON IS CHOSEN.

Bluffton, Ind., Feb. 1.—Bluffton was chosen for the next district meeting of the Rebekah lodge by the meeting at Winchester Monday. The district is made up of the same as the congressional district. Several hundred members from the eighteen lodges attended the Winchester meeting.

DEATH FROM TYPHOID FEVER.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Harry Craig, 41, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Craig, near this



THE ownership of a Victrola means that you may have a most intimate knowledge of all the musical masterpieces. No one, like the fortunate possessor of a Victrola, save an artist, can know a great song, as, for instance, "Tender Memories," from the Opera of "Pagliacci," sung by Ruffo.

The beauty of a musical masterpiece is only half revealed on the first hearing. Only after you have heard a Kreisler record a score of times do you appreciate its extraordinary qualities.

Inexhaustible is the only word that describes the fount of pleasure awaiting the Victrola purchaser. There is entertainment of the finest kind for every leisure hour. Each month sees new records brought out. No sooner do we learn of new triumphs in the field of music than we may enjoy them in our own home by means of the world's most wonderful musical instrument.

Why not drop in tomorrow and hear the latest Victrolas? We will gladly give a Demonstration Concert for you. You are sure of a most delightful hour, and should you decide to buy a Victrola you can arrange to have it delivered without delay.

Prices: \$15.00 to \$400.00

SPECIAL—Third lecture on "Appreciation of Music," by Mr. George Bailhe, at Packard Hall, Thursday evening, February 1.



Packard Music House
930 Calhoun Street.

city, Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock, death resulting from walking typhoid fever, with which he had been critically ill for the last ten weeks.

FINED FOR DRAWING KNIFE.

Claypool, Ind., Feb. 1.—John W. Stoner, of Claypool, was assessed \$14.40 for drawing a knife on Harry D. Forney, Big Four agent at Claypool, with whom he had a quarrel. Stoner, it is said, intended to stab Forney.

ENLISTS IN CANADIAN ARMY.

Churubusco, Ind., Feb. 1.—A. E. Pence, of this city, enlisted in the Canadian Royal Engineer corps for service in the next overseas contingent, at Windsor, Canada, Wednesday.

ELKHART GROCERS HAVE PLAN.

Elkhart, Ind., Feb. 1.—Elkhart grocers have a plan to impose an extra charge of five cents for delivery and also a charge for credit.

RESUMES OPERATIONS.

North Manchester, Ind., Feb. 1.—The Syracuse factory in this city, which was forced to shut down on account of lack of coal, has resumed operations.

KENDALLVILLE NEWS.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Harry Craig died Wednesday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Craig, near this city, after an illness of ten weeks, from "walking" typhoid fever. He was 41 years of age, and had spent nearly all of his life in this vicinity. He was a bricklayer and mason by trade. Surviving relatives include the widow, his parents, one brother, Roy Craig, of Battle Creek, Mich.; one sister, Mrs. C. L. Wert, of this city, and one stepson, Robert Shade.

Harry Hough was called to North Baltimore, Ohio, Wednesday, on account of the death of his father, John Hough, who was well known here. His death resulted from heart trouble.

Mrs. R. S. Maloney, of Albion, was the guest of Mrs. L. A. Weinstein, Tuesday, and attended the meeting of the Tuesday club.

The L. C. C. of the F. O. E. held one of their enjoyable dances at the Eagle club rooms on North Main street, Wednesday evening. Music was furnished by Parker's orchestra. The committee in charge included Mesdames F. O. Baad, V. F. Haywood and H. A. Parker.

Dr. O. A. Vankirk attended the annual clinic of the Chicago Dental society in Chicago last week.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Burwell Sherman has been quarantined. The one year old son is afflicted with infantile paralysis, both limbs being affected.

Mrs. John Hetzel and daughter, Miss Carrie, are visiting in Kalamazoo, Mich.

Mrs. Martha Isbell has returned from Defiance, Ohio, where she visited Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Trumbull, former residents of Kendallville.

George P. Hartsuck has returned to Youngstown, Ohio, after visiting his mother, Mrs. Sylvester Hartsuck, who has been quite ill, but who is now much improved.

Mrs. Harold Love, of Kalamazoo, Mich., and Miss Pearl Gelsinger, of Waterloo, were the guests of Mrs. Lawton Taylor, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Adams and granddaughters, Misses Marvel and

Mildred Eddy left Wednesday for Chicago to attend the automobile show. En route home they will visit friends in Gary and South Bend.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF—

Mrs. Florence Giant is visiting friends and relatives in Ligonier.

Rufus Gillespie, of South Bend, was fined one dollar and costs, amounting to eleven dollars, in the city court, Tuesday morning, on a charge of public intoxication. He was unable to pay the fine and was taken to the jail at Albion.

O. W. Baumgartner, of Bluffton, is the guest of John Winefield.

Aaron Friend, of Toledo, is visiting his parents here.

W. S. Murphy is in Chicago on a business trip.

Harold Shaw is now reporter for the Kendallville News-Sun.

F. C. Holloper, of Wapakoneta, Ohio, visited friends here several days on route from the south, where he had been for the past several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Lemper are visiting relatives in Rome City.

BUYS FT. WAYNE GROCERY.

R. J. Blackwell, a young business man of New Haven, has purchased the stock of groceries of J. M. Watters at 1924 South Calhoun street, and is now doing business at that place. Strictly cash and no deliveries.

Try Sentinel Want Ads.

WHAT HAS BECOME OF—



THE OLD FASHION WAITER WHO RETURNED WITH YOUR ORDER IN TWO MINUTES?

The use of zinc wire in Germany is a subject of much discussion at present in the electrical circles of Germany, due to the increasing scarcity of copper, and because iron wires are not always satisfactory.

Shop in the Sentinel Before You Shop in the Store

It will profit you in time and many times in pocketbook to read the advertisements before you leave home in the morning. All the stores are daily making their best offerings to the Sentinel readers. Some merchant is probably offering today an attractive assortment of just what you need.

Read the Advertisements Before You Go Down Town

COULDN'T WAIT FOR THE STORE TO MOVE

Insurance Man Buys First Suit from New Patterson-Fletcher Store.

To move a big institution like the Patterson-Fletcher store is no small undertaking, and the work has been a little slower than the management calculated. But today will find the new store well prepared for the trade in the new location at the corner of Harrison and Wayne streets. An insurance man, David E. Brumbach, was the first customer of the new store. He couldn't wait for the business to get settled in the new place, it seems, and the busy salesman indicated long enough yesterday to satisfy his wants.

Harry P. Fletcher in referring to the situation says: "Twenty-two years ago this month when we located on Calhoun street, I sold the first suit of clothes to a Mr. Erickson, who then lived in the country, for \$12. Yesterday our Mr. Will Grimm, who has been in the employ of the Patterson-Fletcher company for 14 years, made the first sale of clothing in our new store to Mr. Brumbach, a newcomer to Fort Wayne, representing the Mutual Life Insurance company, but this time it was a Hart Schaffner & Marx \$40 suit. The second suit was bought by C. L. Soest, and the third was purchased by H. T. Purfield. Although we just began moving yesterday, it was very gratifying to us to see customers coming to our new store before we were even half-moved. Our moving has been almost completed, and we expect to be able to take care of our customers in fine shape by tomorrow.

"We occupy five entire floors, including the basement and the fourth floor, which will be used for storage and shipping department. The main floor will be devoted to men's furnishings, the second floor to men's and young men's clothing, and the entire third floor to the children's department. Modern elevator service will

TEETH EXAMINED FREE
C US FIRST
Union Painless Dentists
912 1/2 CALHOUN ST.

FREE REPAIR

On—

Our Guaranteed 5,000-Mile Tires

All Accidents to Our 5,000-Mile Tire, Such As Cuts, Stone Bruises, Etc., Retained by Us, Repaired Free of Charge Within the Mileage.

Our 3,500-Mile Tire Not Advanced Selling at Old Prices

Roussey Auto Tire Co.

Wholesale and Retail.
129 East Main Street. Phone 3043. Court House Square.

DOMESTIC LUMP!

AT \$6.50 PER TON

WHILE IT LASTS

Blue Bird Cook Stove Coal; adapted for cook stove use, \$7.00 per ton. Scranton Hard Coal, No. 4, for furnace use; we guarantee it. \$9.50 per ton. Chestnut size Hard Coal for base burner use. \$10.50 per ton. Hocking Valley Lump at \$7.00 per ton. Seaford Lump, best quality, at \$7.00 per ton. Seaford Egg at \$7.00 per ton. Slack at \$4.75 per ton.

The coals we offer are of the BEST quality, and properly prepared. A very useful kitchen towel holder FREE with every ton of coal or more you order. Ask for it when ordering.

DOMESTIC COAL CO.

Fairmount Place and L. S. & M. S. Railroad.
Prompt Delivery to All Parts of the City. Phones 616-4095.

NO STOMACH PAIN, GAS, INDIGESTION IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the only real stomach regulator known.

"Really does" put bad stomachs in order—really does—overcome indigestion, dyspepsia, gas, heartburn and sourness in five minutes—that just that—makes Pape's Diapepsin the largest selling stomach regulator in the world. If what you eat ferments into stubborn lumps, you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food and acid, head is dizzy and aches; breath foul; tongue coated; your insides filled with bile and indigestible waste, remember the moment "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. It's truly astonishing—almost marvelous, and the joy is its harmlessness.

A large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin will give you a hundred dollars' worth of satisfaction or your druggist hands you your money back.

It's worth its weight in gold to men and women who can't get their stomachs regulated. It belongs in your home—should always be kept handy in case of a sick, upset stomach during the day or at night. It's the quickest, surest and most harmless stomach regulator in the world. Advertisement.

WAWAKA NEWS.

Wawaka, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Earl Hicks gave a big dinner to family and friends in honor of visiting relatives from Montana, Sunday.

Dr. Hicks and brother, of Montana, who are visiting relatives and friends here, will leave for Ohio in the near future.

Charles Hicks and family spent Sunday at the home of Earl Hicks.

Mrs. Hollin, who has been very ill, is better, though still under the care of a physician.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Pollock were dinner guests of John Gangwer and family, Sunday.

Lester Rose and family visited his father, Cephas Rose, Sunday.

Miss Azalia Homburger, of Fort Wayne, returned home Monday.

Virgil DeVilbiss, of Fort Wayne, returned to that city Monday.

SOUTH WHITLEY NEWS.

South Whitley, Ind., Feb. 1.—A. A. Parrott, who has run the livery barn here for a good many years, held a public sale of his stock Wednesday. He will locate in Fort Wayne some time in the near future.

Morris Myers returned from a business trip to Chicago, Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Norris will entertain the members of the Pine Arts club Friday afternoon.

Miss Florence Essig entertained the members of the Teachers' Reading club Tuesday evening.

FELT LIKE 90; NOW LIKE 21.

Many persons complain about feeling old before they should. Like a weak link in a chain, a weak organ enfeebles the whole body. Overworked, weak or disordered kidneys lower vitality.

A. W. Morgan, Angola, La., writes: "I suffered with pains in the back. I am 42 years old, but I felt like a man of 90 years old. Since I took Foley Kidney Pills I feel like I did when I was 21." In 50c and \$1.00 sizes. Dr. J. C. Drug Co.—Advertisement.

A time-saving concrete barn patented by an Iowa inventor has a water tank and feed and hay bays surrounding and emptying into a central space on the ground floor.

Prepare This for a Cough—It's Pine

Cheaply and Easily Made, but Does the Work Quickly.

The finest cough syrup that man can buy—costing only about one-fifth as much as ready-made preparations—can easily be made up at home. The way it takes hold and conquers distressing coughs, throat and chest colds will really make you enthusiastic about it. Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth). Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Shake thoroughly and it is ready for use. The total cost is about 64 cents and gives you a full pint—a family supply—of a most effective, pleasant tasting remedy. It keeps perfectly.

It's truly astonishing how quickly it acts, penetrating through every air passage of the throat and lungs—loosens and raises the phlegm, soothes and heals the inflamed or swollen throat membranes, and gradually but surely the annoying throat tickle and dreaded cough will disappear entirely. Nothing better for bronchitis, spasmodic croup, whooping cough or bronchial asthma. Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, combined with guaiacum and is known the world over for its prompt healing effect on the throat membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded goes with this preparation. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

INDIANA'S COMPLETE HOME OUTFIT

This outfit is a ideal for the newlyweds. All that is needed to furnish three rooms in the most comfortable manner. Three complete rooms—bedroom, dining room and kitchen.

Special Price \$95

Indiana Furniture Co.

121-123 East Main Street.

WORK SATISFIES. Ask Your Friends. We grind lens in our own factory.

ROOM 201 ARCADE.

MF'G OPTICIAN

Specialist

Reply by Berlin to Wilson's Peace Note

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Following is official text of German note addressed to Secretary Lansing and signed by Count von Bernstorff. It is identical with the note given to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin by the German foreign office.

Mr. Secretary of State: Your excellency was good enough to transmit to the imperial government a copy of the message which the president of the United States addressed to the senate on the 22d inst.

The imperial government has given it the earnest consideration which the president's statements deserve, inspired as they are by a deep sentiment of responsibility.

It is highly gratifying to the imperial government to ascertain that the main tendencies of this important statement correspond largely to the desires and principles professed by Germany. These principles especially include self-government and equality of rights for all nations.

Germany would be sincerely glad if, in recognition of this principle, countries like Ireland and India, which do not enjoy the benefits of political independence should now obtain their freedom.

The German people also repudiate all alliances which serve to force the countries into a competition for might and to involve them in a net of selfish intrigues.

On the other hand, Germany will gladly co-operate in all efforts to prevent future wars. The freedom of the seas, being a preliminary condition of the free existence of nations and the peaceful intercourse between them, as well as the open door for the commerce of all nations, has always formed part of the leading principles of Germany's political program.

All the more the imperial government regrets that the attitude of her enemies, who are so entirely opposed to peace, makes it impossible for the world at present to bring about the realization of these lofty ideals.

Germany and her allies were ready to enter now into a discussion of peace

and had set down as a basis the guaranty of existence, honor, and free development of their peoples. Their aims, as has been expressly stated in the note of Dec. 12, 1916, were not directed towards the destruction or annihilation of their enemies, and were, according to their conviction, perfectly compatible with the rights of the other nations.

As to Belgium, for which such warm and cordial sympathy is felt in the United States, the chancellor had declared only a few weeks previously that its annexation had never formed part of Germany's intentions. The peace to be signed with Belgium was to provide for such conditions in that country, with which Germany desires to maintain friendly neighborly relations, that Belgium should not be used again by Germany's enemies for the purpose of instigating continuous hostile intrigues.

Such precautionary measures are all the more necessary as Germany's enemies have repeatedly stated not only in speeches delivered by their leading men, but also in the statutes of the economical conference in Paris, that it is their intention not to treat Germany as an equal, even after peace has been restored, but to continue their hostile attitude and especially to wage

RECIPE TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

This Home Made Mixture Darkens Gray Hair and Makes It Soft and Glossy.

To a half pint of water add:
Bay Rum 1 oz.
Barbo Compound a small box
Glycerine ¼ oz.
These are all simple ingredients that you can buy from any druggist at very little cost, and mix them yourself. Apply to the hair once a day for two weeks, then once every other week until all the mixture is used.

A half pint should be enough to darken the gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. It should make a gray-haired person look 20 years younger.—Adv.

a systematic economical war against her.

The attempt of the four (central) allied powers to bring about peace has failed owing to the lust of conquest of their enemies, who desired to dictate the conditions of peace. Under the pretense of following their real aims in this way—viz: to dismember and dishonor Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria.

To the wish of reconciliation they oppose the will of destruction. They desire a fight to the bitter end.

A new situation has thus been created which forces Germany to new decisions. Since two years and a half England is using her naval power for a criminal attempt to force Germany into submission by starvation.

In brutal contempt of international law, the group of powers led by England does not only curtail the legitimate trade of their opponents but they also, by ruthless pressure, compel neutral countries either to altogether forego every trade not agreeable to the entente powers or to limit it according to their arbitrary decrees.

The American government knows the steps which have been taken to cause England and her allies to return to the rules of international law and to respect the freedom of the seas.

The English government, however, insists upon continuing its war of starvation, which does not at all affect the military power of its opponents, but compels women and children, the sick and the aged, to suffer for their country pains and privations which endanger the vitality of the nation.

Thus British tyranny mercilessly increases the sufferings of the world, indifferent to the protest of the neutrals, whom they severely harm, indifferent even to the silent longing for peace among England's own allies.

Each day of the terrible struggle causes new destruction, new sufferings. Each day shortening the war will on both sides preserve the life of thousands of brave soldiers and be a benefit to mankind.

The imperial government could not justify before its own conscience, before the German people, and before history the neglect of any means destined to bring about the end of the war. Like

the president of the United States, the imperial government had hoped to reach this goal by negotiations.

After the attempts to come to an understanding with the entente powers have been answered by the latter with the announcement of an intensified continuation of the war, the imperial government—in order to serve the welfare of mankind in a higher sense and not to wrong its own people, is now compelled to continue the fight for existence, again forced upon it, with the full employment of all the weapons which are at its disposal.

Sincerely trusting that the people and government of the United States will understand the motives for this decision and its necessity, the imperial government hopes that the United States may view the new situation from the lofty heights of impartiality and assist on their part, to prevent further misery and unavoidable sacrifice of human life.

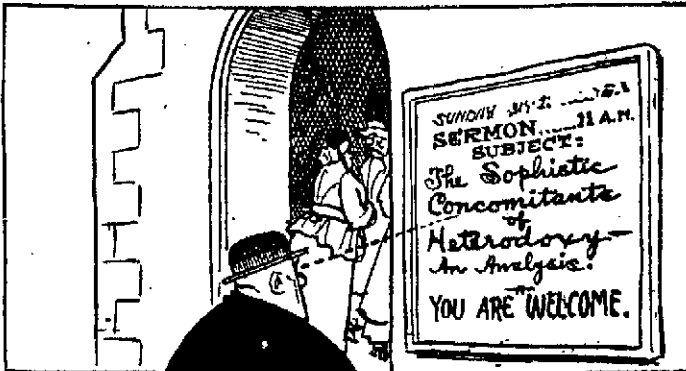
In closing memorandum regarding the details of the contemplated military measures at sea, I remain, etc., J. BERNSTORFF.

Chile raises its best tobacco from seed obtained in Cuba.

WHY SOCIETY WOMEN WASH THEIR OWN HAIR

They do, not because it is a fad, but because they wish to obtain the greatest possible hair beauty and be sure they are not using anything harmful. They have found that in washing the hair it is never wise to use a makeshift but is always advisable to use a preparation made for shampooing only. Many of our friends say they get the best results from a simple home-made canthrox mixture. You can use this at a cost of about three cents a shampoo by getting some canthrox from your druggist, and dissolving a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. This makes enough shampoo liquid to apply to all the hair instead of just the top of the head, as with most preparations. Dandruff, excess oil and dirt are dissolved and entirely disappear in the rinsing water. Your hair will be so fluffy that it will look much heavier than it is. Its lustre and softness will also delight you.—Advertisement.

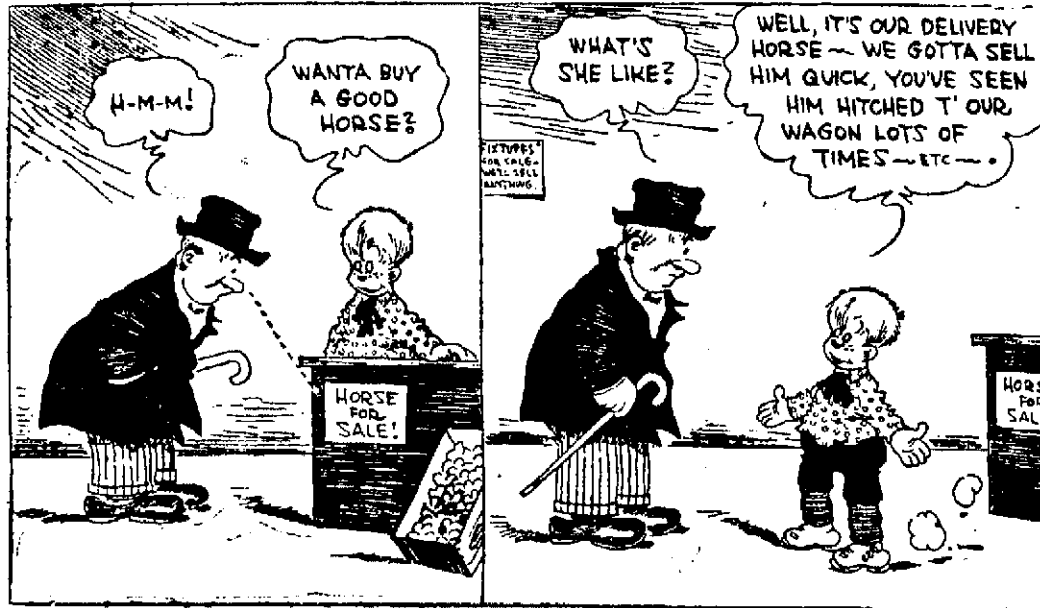
Outbursts of Everett True



Freckles and His Friends

THE NAG IS STILL FOR SALE.

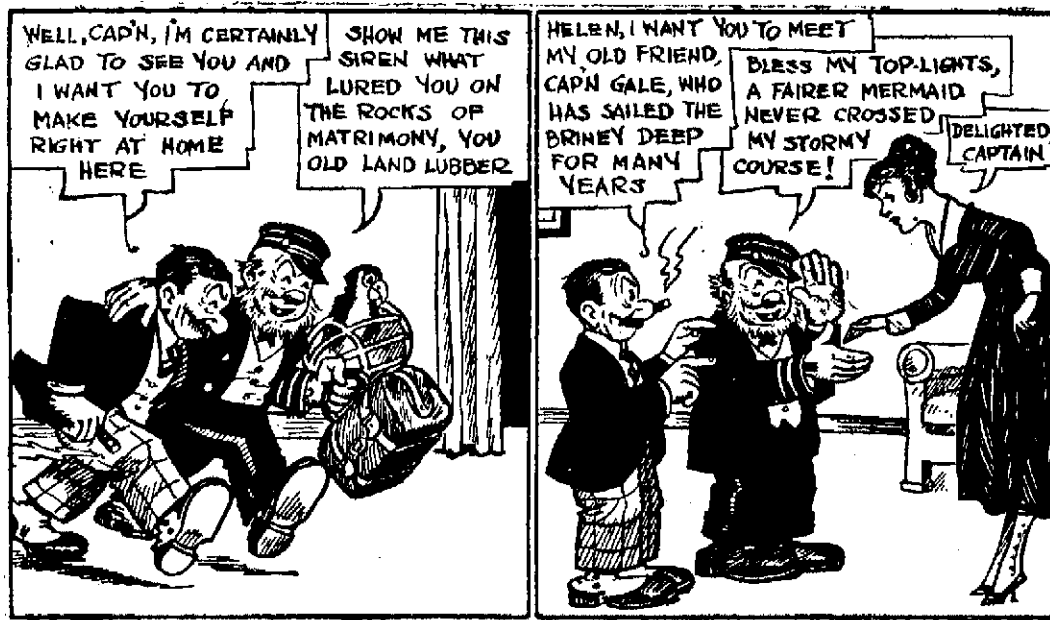
By Blossie



Doings of the Duffs

OLD CAPTAIN GALE BLOWS IN FOR A FEW DAYS.

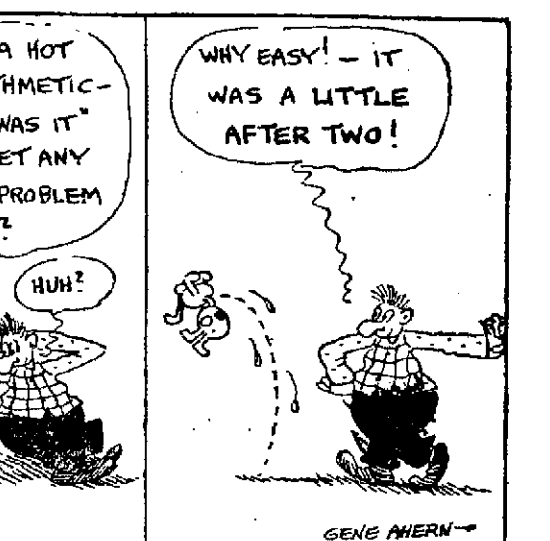
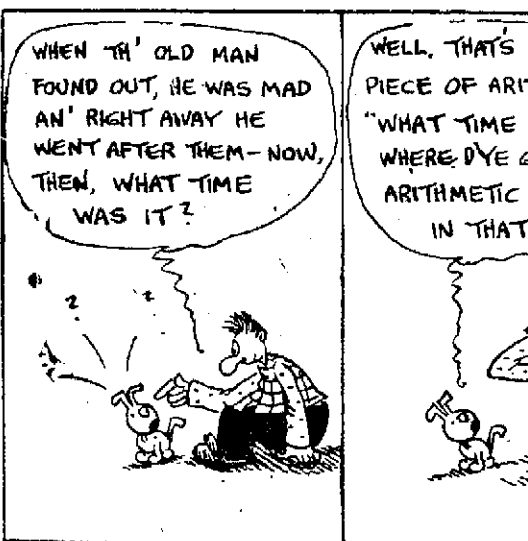
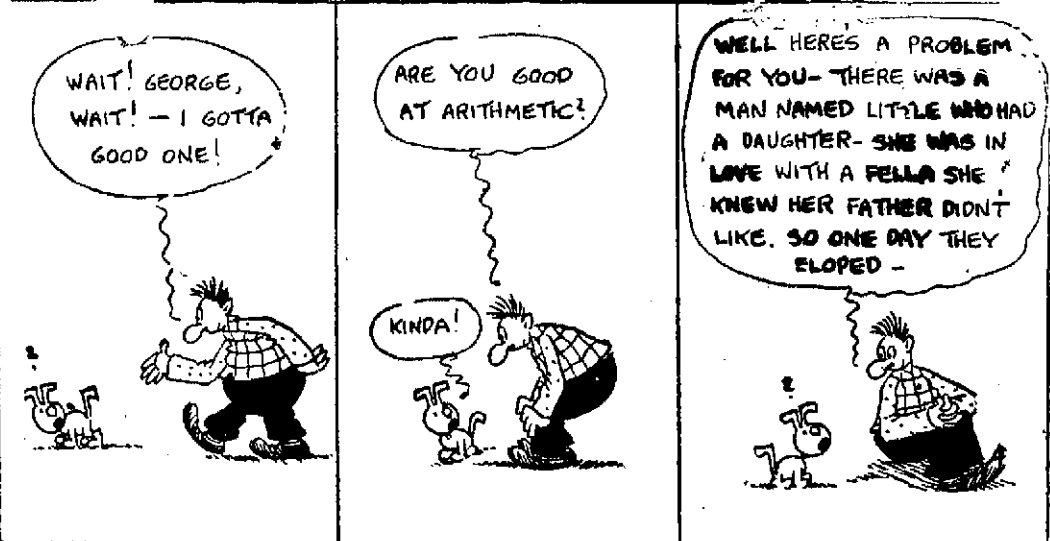
By Allman



Squirrel Food

IT'S A GOOD THING THEY BELONG TO THE UNION!

By Ahern



Chesnut Charlie

By Blosser



COMMISSIONERS LET
THE SPRINGER ROAD

Joint Session Held at Bluffton to Award Highway Contract.

The George F. Springer road, along the line east and west, between Jefferson township, Wells county, and Pleasant town, Allen county, was let on contract Thursday to Clark & Simmons, contractors, of Bluffton. The county commissioners of Wells and Allen counties met in joint session at Bluffton, to award the job.

The road is over five miles in length, and the engineer's estimate was \$22,831.40. The bid of the successful contractors was \$19,229. There were twelve bidders.

Cross Complaint Filed.
In a cross complaint filed in the divorce suit of Rosa Myrick against Ada Myrick, she charges he has abandoned her; that he was quarrelsome; that he said he did not care for her and would not live with her. Myrick is charged with finally leaving the city with another woman.

Suit on Account.
S. F. Bowser & Co., Inc., has filed suit against Louis W. Brudi, doing business as the Premium Puncture Proof Tire house, to collect \$147.73 on account.

Suit Is Vended.
Suit of Mrs. Nora Cuthall against Hiram Frazier for \$5,000 damages, alleging she and her husband were driving to Fort Wayne May 6, 1916, on the Lima road and that as they turned to the right to pass another rig, Frazier coming up from the rear at a high rate of speed struck their rig, upsetting it, causing Mrs. Cuthall to be thrown out and injured, has been vended to DeKalb county. The other vended suit is a demand for \$40,000 on a mortgage given by Henry M. Williams and wife on 1,026 acres of land in Allen county, the plaintiff in the case being L. H. Moore. The mortgage was given on real estate to secure the payment of two principal bonds, one for \$25,000 and the other for \$8,500.

Wants Marriage Annulled.
In an amended complaint filed by Archie Macbeth against Grace D. Macbeth, he asserts they were married May 23, 1916, and separated December 22, 1916. The defendant's first husband died and her second husband was Jacob B. Chapman. Macbeth says he was not aware his wife had not been divorced from Chapman for a period of two years when he married her and he, for that reason, asks the marriage be declared null and void. Macbeth & Hogg are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Notes of the Courts.
Jay McIntosh has filed suit in the superior court to collect \$150 on account against Beyer Brothers & Co. E. W. Atkinson is attorney for the plaintiff.

The Acme Fish and Specialty company has filed suit in the circuit court against Hornsteyer & Reiter to recover \$110 on note. S. K. Frankenstein is attorney for the plaintiff.

Naturalization day in the circuit court has been set for February 6, when twenty-six applications will be heard.

The meeting of the federation of the women of the Christian churches has been postponed from Friday to Monday. Watch papers for more definite announcement.

Crucial Testimony Alleged.
Evelyn Ostermeier has filed suit in the superior court for a divorce from Herman Ostermeier. She alleges the defendant choked her and was in many ways cruel to her. They separated Dec. 16, 1916. A divorce, the custody of the children and alimony in the judgment of the court, is asked. Colerick & Hogan are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Ethel Sherman Asks Divorce.
In a suit for divorce filed by Ethel Sherman against Abe Sherman the defendant is charged with cruel and inhuman treatment, with calling her vile names and nagging her. The couple was married Feb. 11, 1905. The defendant is charged with unbecoming conduct with a woman other than his wife. Custody of three children and alimony of \$1,500 is asked. Ryan, Ryan & Aldrich are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Accused of Infidelity.
Fannie H. Greene has filed suit in the superior court for a divorce from John J. Greene. The couple was married Sept. 2, 1914, and separated in August, 1916. The defendant is charged with nagging and abusing the plaintiff and with making false accusations of her infidelity. Macbeth & Hogg are attorneys for the plaintiff.

Marriage Licenses.
Dominic A. Schramm, 33, boiler-maker, and Laura R. Kramer, 39, Emanuel Myers, 30, laborer, Huntington, and Bertha Worman, 28.

LEAVE BORDER FOR HOME.
Second Indiana Infantry to Start Before Nightfall.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 1.—It was announced at Gen. Funston's headquarters today that the Indiana brigade headquarters and Second Indiana at Llanos Grande would start for home before night.

WILL HAVE SPECIAL FEATURE.
At the regular meeting of the Woodmen of the World, Fort Wayne camp, No. 129, tonight in the lodge room in App's hall, a special feature in addition to the regular initiation when several candidates will be given the work, will be tried out. The special feature has just been received by District Manager Packler from the head camp.

Birth Record.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Cecil Choney, 1277 1/2 Washington street—a boy.

BERLIN PRESS LAUDS NEW SEA WAR STAND

Hails With Delight New Policy Framed for Submarines.

Berlin, Feb. 1.—The press of Berlin receives the announcement of unrestricted submarine warfare with delight. The pan-German papers do not expect to the extent which might have been expected, but the liberal organs almost without exception abandon their old-time opposition and hail the chancellor's views with expressions of approval.

Reporting on operations along the Franco-Belgian front today's German army headquarters statement says: "Western front—At many points along the front valuable information regarding the enemy was gathered by reconnoitering parties."

SPANELL NOT GUILTY OF MURDERING WIFE

San Angelo, Tex., Feb. 1.—A verdict of not guilty was returned after less than two hours' deliberation today by the jury in the case of Harry J. Spanell, of Alpine, Tex., tried on a charge of killing his wife, Crystal Holland Spanell, last July.

OFFICE SEEKERS MUST FILE BEFORE

Commission Names Saturday as Close for Primary Entries.

Mr. Office Seeker, your "holding off" must end on Saturday, the city election commission has decided. If your name is not listed as a candidate by Saturday night, you will miss a lot of hand shaking between now and March 4.

Sunday is in reality the last day on which law says that names may be filed. Some candidates have asked to be allowed to enter the race for city office on Monday. Validity of Monday entries will have to be tested by legal process, the commission holds. There is no reason why names cannot be in before Saturday evening, members of the board believe.

WILL TALK STREETS.
Paving of Driveways Subject to Board of Works Meeting.

Board of works will talk about city streets at their regular session, Thursday evening.

Petition for opening of East Boerger avenue, in South Fort Wayne, from Piqua avenue to alley west of Piqua avenue, will be received.

Assessment rolls for paving of Clinton street, from Sixth street to the north city limits and for paving the alley between Calhoun and Harrison streets, from Douglas avenue to Brackenridge street, will be acted upon.

Resolutions will be adopted for paving the following streets: Fox avenue, from Taylor street to Home avenue; Glasgow avenue, from Dwenger avenue to Maudine avenue; Lafayette street, from Wiebke street to McKinzie avenue, except the intersection of Rudisill boulevard; Andrews street, from Fourth street to Fulton street; Oak street, from Division street to Ohio street; Sixth street, from Cass street to Calhoun street; Melita street, from Harrison street to Highland avenue; Barr street, from Wallace street to DeWald street, and Wayne street, from Grant avenue to Glasgow avenue.

MANY SIGNATURES.
Claimed That 950 Citizens Have Signed Clinton Street Petition.

Report to several members of the Citizens' Clinton Street Extension association, which met at the Commercial club Wednesday night, stated that 950 citizens have signed the petition which asks that Clinton street be opened across the Pennsylvania and Wabash railroad right-of-ways.

Representative Phil M. McNaghy favors the project, reported C. E. Moellering, who has been in conference with McNaghy. The legislator told Moellering that he thought there was a general demand in Fort Wayne for the opening of the street.

Anselm Fuetler, who has talked with Fred Zollars, representing the Pennsylvania railroad, reported that the attorney had claimed that the project would work an "unnecessary hardship on the railroad company."

Mr. Fuetler says he assured Zollars that "taxpayers of Fort Wayne are willing to compensate for any actual damage in opening of Clinton street."

Signers among business men will be asked for on petitions, which will be placed before the legislature, to show feeling in Fort Wayne upon the proposed opening of the street.

Those who took active part in the Wednesday night meeting were George M. Haffner, Anselm Fuetler, C. W. Williams, T. E. Bailey, W. G. Burns, Willis Hattersley, Jos. Freiburger, Archie Strain, F. P. Colcesner, G. M. Bowers, E. Shuman, E. J. Lennon, M. J. Gilmartin, D. F. Seiling, S. O. Laemmerman, A. W. Grosvenor, Laurence E. Heiny, F. L. Jnes, C. E. Moellering and M. C. Frysinger.

WILL PROTEST.
Meeting of the Forest Park Heights Improvement association has been called for Friday night at the Forest Park tin shop, corner of State street and Cass street, when protest against assessments for paving St. Joe boulevard will be presented.

Leaders in the association claim that property from the St. Joe boulevard is assessed nearly as much as that which fronts on the improved driveway. They propose to organize remonstrance against the assessment roll. They will have an attorney at the Friday night gathering, they give out.

Property owners have until March 1, to enter a formal protest to the works board against the assessment plan. They will take the strongest course, members of the improvement association say.

Building Permits.
Four building permits were granted to the City and Suburban Building company Wednesday afternoon, for erecting the following frame dwellings: At 2202 Drexel boulevard, at cost of \$4,000; at 115 Branning avenue, \$3,500; at 4021 Calhoun street, \$3,500 and 610 Oakwood avenue, \$5,000.

Architect in St. Paul.

Charles Wetherhogg, architect for the proposed convention hall, is in St. Paul, Minn., where he is studying details of the auditorium of that city. He is especially interested in the arrangement which enables the room to be divided so that three conventions may be in session at one time. Some such plan, for allowing at least two gatherings in the main room of a new hall, will be worked out in construction of the Fort Wayne auditorium.

ONLY SEVEN CLEAR DAYS IN JANUARY

Snowed on Eleven Days and Rained on Nine Days During the Month.

January was rather sparing in its clear days and days of sunshine. According to the monthly report of the local weather man there were but seven clear days during the thirty-one days. There were thirteen cloudy days and eleven partly cloudy. Snow fell on eleven days and there were nine days when it rained.

The highest temperature for the thirty-one days was forty-eight degrees on the twenty-first. The coldest was on the morning of the twenty-sixth, when the thermometer registered four degrees below zero. The total rain fall during the month was 1.80 inches, while the total snow fall was 8.3 inches. There was also two hundredths of an inch of sleet.

The mean temperature for the month was 25.6 degrees, which is nearly the average for this month since records have been kept in this city.

Barometric pressure was the highest on the fifteenth of the month, when the reading was 30.85, and the lowest occurred on the twenty-first, when the reading was 29.24.

TEMPERANCE DRINKS GET SOME ATTENTION

Amendment is Tacked Onto State Dry Bill After a Fight.

Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Senator Erskine today secured the adoption of an amendment to the state-wide prohibition bill which is designed, he said, to make specific the provisions for the manufacture of so-called temperance drinks, those not containing so much as 1/2 of 1 percent of alcohol by volume. There was a fight on this proposition led by Senator Bracken, who said it was simply an invitation looking toward the so-called "temperance parlors" of fifteen years ago which were, he said, to all intents and purposes blind tigers. The vote in favor of the amendment was 20 to 19.

Senator Fleming offered an amendment that provided for the protection of owners of liquors in government bonded warehouses at the time the act takes effect. The owners are to be privileged to dispose of their goods outside of the state, where such sale does not conflict with other state or federal laws. This amendment was adopted by viva voce vote.

Senator English then proposed an amendment referring the question to a popular vote, to be held the third Tuesday of September, 1917. This proposal was defeated on a roll call, 30 to 15.

Senator Kinder's proposed amendment was intended, he said, to make the penalties of the bill operative against railroads at the same time they are operative against persons, firms or corporations. Senator Simmons pointed out that this provision was useless, "he bill itself carrying no emergency clause and fixing a time when it shall become effective against all violators."

MAIL CARRIER SEES ROOF IN FLAMES

Prevents Destruction of Doctor's Home by Warning.

W. C. Vollmer, 1107 Columbia avenue, was the mail man, garbed in the regulation uniform, who chanced to glance to the roof of the home of Dr. Charles R. Dancer, 905 Columbia avenue, as Vollmer walked past the house, Thursday, at noon.

Clouds of smoke rolling from the chimney, he dashed upon the front porch of the home.

"Your house is on fire," he gasped.

Dr. Dancer telephoned in the fire alarm. There was hurried and noisy response. The blaze had gained considerable headway on both sides of the covering. A heavy stream of water was necessary in putting out the blaze. Damage is \$100. The furniture in upstairs rooms was slightly damaged by water. Timely discovery of the fire, started by falling sparks, saved the house from complete destruction, firemen say.

Other Fires.
Passengers fairly tumbled from a loaded street car when the carrier was filled with smoke from the burning motor at Columbia street, Thursday morning. Crossed wires in the big coils under the car are supposed to have started the noisy conflagration. Insulation was burned from the wires in the motor. Damage is slight. Firemen were called and put out the blaze by use of chemicals.

Another of the four blazes which gave February a flying start towards a new fire record, was in the home of Mary Buckley, 1416 Ewing street, at 8 o'clock, Thursday morning. Sparks from the chimney fired the roof. Damage is \$10.

SAFETY FIRST MEETINGS.
Of Traction Employees Held in E. M. B. A. Rooms Wednesday.

The January safety first meetings of the Fort Wayne and Northern Indiana Traction company employees were held in the E. M. B. A. rooms at the Chestnut car barns Wednesday afternoon and evening. C. A. Reamer presided at both meetings. In the afternoon Harry V. Norford, of the maintenance of way department, delivered the principal address of the afternoon. Courtesy on the part of men in public utility service formed the keynote of his speech which was attended by all who were off duty at that time.

In the evening James J. Brennan, superintendent of transportation, gave a talk laying particular stress on obedience to rule, as a means of furthering public safety. This meeting was well attended by those who could not attend the afternoon session. A great interest is being taken by the men and they are getting the good out of the talks by department heads.

FORMER LOCAL LADY DIES.
Mrs. Katherine Lindag, of this city, received word Thursday of the death of Mrs. Emma Scheer of St. Louis, Mo. She was born and reared in Fort Wayne and had resided here until twelve years ago. She was 35 years of age and death was due to double pneumonia. She is survived by the husband, four children, one brother, Edward Lindag, one sister, Mrs. Sherman Paul, and the mother, all of this city. The remains were laid to rest in St. Louis.

BULLETIN.
London, Feb. 1.—(4:48 p. m.)—The sinking of nine vessels causing the death of eight men and the injury of one, was announced today by Lloyd's.

PREPARE TO SHIVER; COLD WAVE IS COMING

Weatherman Predicts Ten Below Zero Mark by Morning.

Everybody has heard of cold waves. Everybody has seen the temperature drop 20 degrees in twenty-four hours. But the cold wave that promises to strike Fort Wayne by Friday morning is the kind that will make everybody shiver. According to the prediction the thermometer will register in the neighborhood of 10 degrees below the zero mark.

Mr. Ground Hog will not wait Tuesday until he sees his shadow before he retreats to his den. It is the presumption that he will come out until his little bare nose gets a taste of the weather on the outside and will go no further, but will go right back from where he came.

The cold wave which was centered near St. Louis Wednesday began to move during the night. It is bringing extremely cold weather. At Omaha, Neb., Thursday morning the mercury fell to 23 degrees below zero.

Packers and shippers have been warned of the drop in temperature and housewives and owners of homes are warned to take care of the water pipes in the house.

The temperature began falling at noon and continued to do so during the afternoon.

FORT WAYNE LEAGUE WINS STATE PENNANT

Sells More Seals Per Capita Than Any Other City in Indiana.

Fort Wayne Anti-Tuberculosis league captured the state pennant. This statement was made Wednesday afternoon at the state meeting of the society held at South Bend. Fort Wayne sold more Red Cross seals per capita than any other city in the state which has a population of 50,000 or more.

With all the seals accounted for Fort Wayne sold 8.9 seals per capita, which was far ahead of its nearest competitors. The pennant was given to Miss Irene Byron, executive secretary, and Mrs. J. H. Meriwether, who attended the meeting.

The pennant is of large size and the word "Fort Wayne" is in large white letters over the front of the pennant. On the rear side is inscribed, "Pennant for cities of class 7, with population of 50,000 or more."

Nothing definite can be said about the national campaign, but Fort Wayne stands a fine chance and it is believed that this city outdone every other city in the country in its sale of seals.

MR. TAFT DECLARES IT GROSSLY UNWARRANTED

Former President Assails New Sea Policy by Germany.

Concord, N. H., Feb. 1.—A grossly unwarranted extension of the right of blockade was the characterization of the new German policy of unrestricted submarine warfare made by former President Wm. H. Taft, who addressed the state legislature today. He said in part:

"The dangerous crisis in our relations with Germany forced by her declared intention to sink neutral vessels engaged in trade with France and England, their crews and passengers without warning by submarine warfare, is a grossly unwarranted extension of the right of blockade which belligerents have in international law against neutrals. It locally emphasizes the necessity for hastening adequate military and naval preparedness against unjust aggression."

BOOKING AS USUAL.
London Steamship Offices Do Not Indicate Cancellations.

London, Feb. 1.—All the steamship offices, both American and British, which have ships billed to sail for America are booking passengers and freight today as usual. The American lines have received no intimations of any change in sailing programs on account of the newly announced German naval policy.

Lloyd's announces that the Dutch steamer Epsilon, of 3,211 tons, has been sunk. The crew was landed.

NEW TRACK SUPERVISOR.
Claude Temple has been appointed track supervisor of the Fort Wayne division of the Nickel Plate, succeeding W. Brust. C. B. Hoyt, superintendent of racks, maintenance and construction, brought Mr. Temple here today to introduce him. He lives in Bellevue.

SERIOUSLY ILL.
The many friends of Mrs. H. C. Proehl will be grieved to learn that she is seriously ill at her home on South Broadway.

Calls on Nation to Awake and Prepare

Bacon, former ambassador to France, has returned from that country to attend the conference of the National Security league at Washington. What he saw in France, he says, moves him to urge the United States "to wake up and prepare."

WILL LISTEN TO THE
BRITISH ADMIRALTY

London Orders to Govern Allied Shipping Lines More Closely.

New York, Feb. 1.—Although representatives here of leading British, French and allied shipping lines said today the movement of their vessels would proceed as scheduled regardless of the German note defining a new naval warfare, it was understood on good authority that the movement of all ships will from now on be controlled to even a greater degree than heretofore by orders of the British admiralty.

Prompt action was taken, however, by representatives of neutral lines whose vessels have been touching at Kirkwall and Falmouth for examination. The Danish passenger Hellig Olav, booked to leave today for Copenhagen, was ordered to remain here until further notice. Similar action was taken by the Holland-American line, which has five ships in American ports.

Representatives of these lines expect definite orders soon regarding the future movements of their ships from the home offices but until such word is received, it was decided to take the safer course.

From representatives of several of the leading British and French steamship lines and from shipping companies handling chartered freighters flying the flag of the entente allies it was learned that they were doing nothing pending receipt of orders.

Rescued Aviator Physical Wreck

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

Lieutenant W. A. Robertson, government aviator, as he looked on his arrival in Los Angeles, Cal., following his rescue from nine days of wandering on the Sonora desert in Mexico.

With his fellow officer, Lieutenant Colonel Harry C. Bishop, Robertson landed on the desert after their aeroplane was carried out of its course by a gale. The lieutenant survived on one sandwich and an orange. A gallon of water taken from the aeroplane was drunk by the two men while rescuing parties were searching for them. Robertson was a nervous and physical wreck as a result of his experience. Physicians say, however, that the hardships will leave no ill effects on him.

RESCUED AVIATOR PHYSICAL WRECK

SHOP AND RAILROAD NEWS

MORE PROMOTIONS AT ELECTRIC WORKS

Gus Kayser Appointed Department Factory Supt. East of Broadway.

As a result of a reorganization of the General Electric works' departmental forces, a change involving the promotion of a well known and worthy person was announced yesterday. August Kayser has been appointed superintendent of all that part of the big plant lying east of Broadway, which has been designated section A, the appointment becoming effective today. Mr. Kayser was general foreman of the shops and the change is considered a decided promotion for him. The general scheme of the reorganization with the exception of the big buildings west of Broadway, which will be designated section B and section C, the former being No. 25, on the north side of Wall street, and section C, building No. 19, on the south side of the street. But the departmental superintendents for these will not be named for some time, because one of the buildings has not yet received its equipment. This reorganization is necessitated by the expansion of the plant and the additional duties devolving upon the management. E. A. Barnes will remain general factory superintendent, to whom the departmental superintendents will report, but it would be impossible for him to give the attention to the enlarged plant that has characterized his service in that connection with the present plant east of Broadway. August Kayser began work at the General Electric works in 1891, twenty-six years ago, and he has been there ever since, passing through a number of promotions and reaching the office of general foreman two or three years ago. He is a prominent member of the Quarter Century club.

GAVE COMRADES PRESENTS.

Pennay Men Honor Shopmen Who Have Been Retired.

When John F. Erb left the Pennsylvania cabinet shop last evening for his home, 507 Madison street he carried a costly and substantial umbrella, the gift of the ten men in the department who were his shopmates for a number of years. And when Fred W. Bore, the saw fitter, arrived at his home, 2853 Webster Park avenue, he found a magnificent easy chair bearing a card stating that it came from his associates at the shops and wishing him years of enjoyment sitting in it. Each of these gentlemen have attained the 70th year in life and according to the rules of the company which employed them, they can work no more. Instead they are paid a liberal monthly allowance the remaining days of their lives, a reward for long and faithful service. Another veteran to pass to the retired list yesterday was Bernard Ossaforth, janitor at the paint shop. Because of being at the hospital, suffering from injuries sustained by being struck by a Wabash train five or six weeks ago, no demonstration in his honor was possible. Mr. Ossaforth is improving and will soon leave the hospital for his home, and he will probably receive attention from his shopmates then. Mr. Kops, invited the employees of the planing mills to his home next Saturday evening and they are anticipating a great deal of pleasure out of the party. The combined service with the Pennsylvania of these three men is 121 years. Mr. Erb commenced work in 1891 and worked twenty-six years; Mr. Bore commenced work in 1892 and worked fifty-four years, and Mr. Ossaforth commenced work in 1876 and worked forty-one years.

RELIGIOUS ACTIVITIES AT SHOPS

Chairman Philley of Y. M. C. A. Doing a Good Work.

Chairman Hiram S. Philley, of the religious work committee of the Railroad Y. M. C. A., announces that they are putting forth unusual efforts into carrying on a high-grade series of noonday meetings in the three large railroad shops of Fort Wayne. This is not a new effort but is a new emphasis upon an old plan, after finding that the men employed in these shops greatly enjoy and appreciate these half-hour meetings.

Rev. M. C. Tunison has just completed a series of talks at the Wabash

machine shop, and a series of five will now be given by Rev. O. E. Tomes. Rev. C. C. Travis concluded yesterday a series of five talks at the East Pennsylvania car shop, and a flashlight photograph of the crowd was taken at this close of the meeting. Rev. Travis' topics were: "A Man's Greatest Friend," "A Man's Greatest Need," "A Man's Greatest Mistake," "A Man's Greatest Chance."

Following a very successful series of meetings at the Pennsylvania main machine shop, at which Rev. A. J. Folsom spoke, Rev. E. Q. Laudeman began on Tuesday a series, using the following topics: "Adam, the Dodger," "Peter, the Man Lifter," "Lincoln, the Leader," "Washington, the Exemplar," "Christ, the Wonderful."

At all of these meetings there was singing by the men and special musical numbers. The Misses Bertha Werkman and Gertrude Bonnell, violinists; Jessie Gifford, soprano, and others have assisted in the musical program.

HARRY HOWER TO SPEAK.

Willis-Overland Man to Talk to Electrical Engineers.

The next meeting of the Fort Wayne section of the Institute of Electrical Engineers, which will be held at the Commercial club next Thursday night, February 8, will be devoted almost entirely to matters connected with autos and the automobile industry. The chief speaker will be Harry A. Hower, one of the officials of the Willis-Overland Automobile company, and a recognized authority on matters pertaining to automobiles. The address will be illustrated by lantern slides, bringing out distinctly the points the speaker wishes to impress upon his hearers. For time only the Knight sleeve motor, an automobile engine improvement, now attracting much attention. A general discussion of developments of the automobile industry will follow Mr. Hower's address, led by P. C. Morganthaler, managing engineer of the motor department of the General Electric works.

ICE BLOCKADE BROKEN.

Wabash Road Lifts Embargo Caused by Condition at Detroit.

Wabash trainmen are anticipating a great rush in freight business within the next few weeks. The ice that blocked the Detroit river to traffic has been cleared and the Wabash has lifted the embargo that had been in effect during the abnormal condition. Much freight that was refused from connecting lines bound for Detroit and vicinity will now be accepted. Many of the sidings of the Wabash lines have been filled with stored freight for the past several weeks on account of the condition of the Detroit river.

NEW WABASH TIME CLERK.

Robert Neher, time clerk for General Foreman W. J. Welch, at the Wabash shop, who went to Indianapolis a week ago to visit his sister, has sent in his resignation with the announcement that he has taken employment as stenographer for the master mechanic in the Big Four shops at Indianapolis. Immediately following the receipt of this message, Mr. Welch appointed Lawrence J. Klingenberg, time clerk and advanced Fred Winkler to the position of assistant clerk of the department to succeed Mr. Klingenberg. These changes are promotions for the men affected. Mr. Klingenberg has been at the Wabash shop offices several years, commencing as a messenger, and has worked his way through several promotions.

GAVE PARTY TO OFFICE BOYS.

Ten of the clerks in the shipping department of the General Electric works were guests of H. D. Spackman at a theater party at the Temple last night. Yesterday was the thirty-ninth anniversary of the birth of Mr. Spackman and the clerks in the immediate part of the big office had planned another kind of entertainment in honor of the day, but when they were informed that the show tickets had been purchased and it was Mr. Spackman's wish that the theater party plan be carried out, the boys acquiesced and had a fine time. Mr. Spackman has spent nearly a score of years with the men who were his guests last night.

WILT FUNERAL SATURDAY.

A telegram stating that Beryl Wilt had left Texas and would arrive at New Madison, Ohio, Friday evening, has been followed by the announcement that the funeral of the late Jacob C. Wilt will not be held until Saturday. Other members of the family reside in Chicago and Fort Wayne and will be in attendance at the services. The deceased passed away last Tuesday at Marion, following a short illness. W. J. Wilt, chief clerk of the Pennsylvania Northwest motive power system, was at Pittsburgh when his father died, and he immediately went to Marion and began arrangements for the funeral.

OFFICE GIRLS HAVE PARTY.

Miss Esther Hellman, of Swinney avenue, was hostess at the meeting of the Sewing club, which is composed of seven young ladies employed in the office of the receiving and shipping department at the General Electric works. Following a session of jollity and sewing, luncheon was served and the meeting was declared one of the best the club has held. The personnel of the club is as follows: Misses Esther Hellman, Adelaide Levenberger, Anna McCarthy, Harriet Shadle, Margaret Sorger, Elenor Miller and Carrie Burke.

TAKES JOB WITH PENNSY.

Next Monday Paul U. Hoffman will take a position in the drafting room of the Pennsylvania power system, which he has been employed in a similar capacity at the works of the Wayne Oil Tank and Pump company for some time.

HUNTING FREIGHT HANDLERS.

The Van Wert Morning Times says

that representatives of the Pennsylvania have been in that city to secure men to work in the freight shops. The Times says: "The Fort Wayne offices are short of men and are having difficulty in procuring enough men to handle the freight business. Several Van Wert men took up the proffer of employment. Promises were made of steady work at good wages."

P. J. HESS RECOVERS.

P. J. Hess, air brake expert and machinist, is at his bench in the Pennsylvania shops again, after an absence of over a week. On Monday, Jan. 22, when a glare of ice covered the earth, Mr. Hess fell in going to the shops and sustained severe injuries to one of his shoulders.

ENGINEER F. PERRY BETTER.

The condition of Engineer Frank Perry, of the G. R. & T., who has been very sick for several months, has improved and he has returned from the Kneipp sanitarium and is now at the home of his sister, on East Washington street. It will be several weeks before Mr. Perry will be able to resume his duties in the cab, however.

INDUSTRIAL NOTES.

W. Weibke, a painter at the Pennsylvania shops, is sick.

Milo Sechler, G. R. & T. train dispatcher, is sick and off duty.

E. K. Carr, of the Pennsylvania erecting shop, is sick and off duty.

Machinist John Wiekert, of the Pennsylvania tool room, is sick and off duty.

Pennsylvania Boltemaker E. Forst is unable to work on account of sickness.

Henry Gumbert, an upholsterer at the Pennsylvania shops, is sick and off duty.

Hammersmith James Trythall, of the Pennsylvania shops, is sick and off duty.

Pireman Ralph Bursley, of the Pennsylvania power plant, is sick and off duty.

Nickel Plate Engineer Clarence Crosby, has been off duty several days suffering from tonsillitis.

Lawrence Scheiman, a new man in the transformer department of the General Electric works.

E. Burgett, G. Stanger and A. Palmer are new punch press operators at the General Electric works.

Division Storekeeper G. T. Owens, of the Wabash, is in Toledo today on business for the company.

H. Klenke, a carpenter in the tank department of the Pennsylvania shops, is off duty on account of sickness.

Blacksmith A. Bennett and Helper Edward DePew, of the General Electric works, are off duty on account of sickness.

A. H. Burghane, of the Westinghouse Airbrake company, is in the city on business with the Pennsylvania local officials.

Herbert Werkman, son of Machinist E. Werkman, of the Pennsylvania erecting shops, will spend the next few days in Chicago.

Herbert Krock, clerk at the testing room of the General Electric works, has recovered from an illness and resumed his duties.

E. Law, a machine operator at the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop, failed to show up for work this morning on account of sickness.

Harry C. Holliday, chief clerk at the G. R. & T. trainmaster's office, is suffering from the grip and failed to show up at his desk this morning.

Machinist E. W. Zimmerman and Helper F. G. Stier, of the Pennsylvania erecting shop, who had been sick, reported for work this morning.

William H. Jackson, formerly employed in the Pennsylvania freight house, has been transferred to the boiler department of the shops as a helper.

C. E. Rheine, of the Pennsylvania blacksmith shop, is off duty on account of the illness of his wife, who was operated upon at the hospital yesterday.

Mrs. August F. Young, wife of the Pennsylvania painter, and her sister, Mrs. Harry Minnich, went to Chicago this morning to spend a week with a relative.

Mrs. John O'Day, wife of the machinist in the wheel department of the Pennsylvania shops, was called home yesterday by the serious illness of her aged mother.

E. F. Sarver, general foreman of the boiler department and William Stephenson, chief draftsman, have returned from Wellsville, Ohio, where they went on business for the Pennsylvania Tuesday.

T. W. Demarest, superintendent of motive power of the Pennsylvania Northwest system, has returned from a business trip east and is in Chicago today, looking after affairs for the department.

Francis Voight, of Toledo, has been transferred to Fort Wayne in the capacity of Wabash store room clerk. The work of the department is increasing and has gotten beyond the capacity of the old force to handle it.

In an item affecting Frank C. Graff, general storekeeper of the small motor production department of the General Electric works, The Sentinel unintentionally gave his name as Clarence instead of Frank C. Graff. He resides at 1201 Swinney avenue.

Joseph C. Brake resumed his duties in the Pennsylvania road foreman of engines' office this morning. With Mrs. Brake, he had been attending the funeral of her father, Mr. Hutchins, who died very suddenly in Chicago several days ago. The remains were taken to Lynn, Ind., for interment.

Mr. Shomberg, foreman of the Allegheny blacksmith shop of the Pennsylvania, has been in the city a couple days, witnessing the welding of broken engine frames by the thermite process. This system has been employed at the local shops for several years, but none of the other shops west of Pittsburgh have used it.

Tomorrow is the birthday of A. M. Ringle, well known Pennsylvania machinist, manager of the Pennsylvania base ball team and all round good fellow, and he will celebrate it by working as usual and in loneliness at his home after working hours. Mrs.

Ringle and his son Budd have gone to Jackson, Mich., to spend a week with his sister, evidently forgetting their anniversary. Mr. Ringle has worked at the Pennsylvania shops a score of years.

IN THE CHURCHES

LARGE ATTENDANCE AT BANQUET IS ASSURED

Y. M. C. A. Workers Will Be Present at Reunion Dinner.

The committee in charge of the reunion dinner of the Y. M. C. A. building campaign workers is much gratified at the reports coming in showing a large attendance Friday evening at 6:30, at Elks' banquet hall. Those attending this dinner will use the banquet hall entrance on Malden Lane.

Mr. E. L. Mogge has sent the following message: "The Fort Wayne reunion plan interests me as affording an opportunity to greet some of the 'Y-ers' with whom I have ever had the privilege of working. Almost any sacrifice would be reasonable to enable me to attend this dinner. I certainly will be there."

Mr. Mogge closed last evening a successful financial campaign for the association at Marion, Ind., and will come to Fort Wayne from that city. On Saturday he will go to Huntington to confer with the association there regarding a building campaign in the future.

Many rumors are in the air about the "stunts" and "jokes" which the rival divisions and teams will pull off Friday evening, and every man is anticipating one of the jolliest social times which Fort Wayne men have had in many a day. The committee announces they have no other thought in mind for the evening except to give the team workers an opportunity to recall the experiences of last May and renew their friendship with Messrs. Mogge, Stacy and others.

"UNCONFESSSED SINS."

Is Subject of Rev. Oyer's Sermon at Bible Training School.

At the Bible Training school last night, Rev. C. W. Oyer spoke on the 51st and 52nd psalms. In presenting his subject he spoke of unconfessed sin in our lives. "Were it not for the universality of the experience, it would be unthinkable that men and women could yield to sin, because of the certainty that it must find them out," he said. "Yet such is the grip of sin on every man that without God's salvation all men are its slaves. Before God can accept the sinner he must confess his sin. Neither sacrifice, nor anything else can be acceptable to God until sin is confessed. There is no human covering for sin; those who reject God's covering now must face Him in judgment. The Bible defines sin as 'Sin is the transgression of the law'; 'All unrighteousness is sin'; 'Whatsoever is not of faith is sin'; 'To him that knoweth to do good and doeth it not, to him it is sin'; and, 'Sin, because they believe not in Me.'"

"Confession of sin brings forgiveness of sin," he continued. "This brings three assurances: First, the righteous penalty of sin inflicted on a substitute; second, the righteousness of Christ imputed to us; and third, the life of Christ imparted by the Holy Spirit."

Malurin to Speak.

Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock Guy Malurin, the architect, will address the members of the class of the Plymouth Congregational church on the subject, "Religious Expression in Church Architecture."

Give Program.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Calvary U. B. church will give the following program in the church, Thursday evening: Song Service. Sentence Prayers. Song. Scripture Reading—Gen. 28:10-12. Prayer.

Solo—Mrs. W. O. McGinnis. Mr. Lewis of the Bowser factory will then give a talk on "The Life of Jacob."

Song. Announcements. Benediction.

Church Notes.

Mrs. W. J. Hess will entertain the ladies of the congregation of Plymouth church Friday afternoon at her home, 1345 Maple avenue. The assisting hostesses are Mesdames Fred Hunting, B. J. Griswold, W. V. Douglass, D. B. Douglass, E. D. Edward, O. E. Schwartz, F. P. Glazer and Guy Gilbert.

The Crescent Y. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Bert Benner, 2821 North Anthony boulevard, Friday afternoon. The topic, "Co-Operation of Temperance and Missions," will be discussed by Mrs. Doehrmann, Mrs. Jameson and Mrs. Mohler.

The ladies of the South Wayne Baptist church will meet at the home of Mrs. J. R. Mitchell, 604 Rudisill boulevard, Friday afternoon. The program will consist of several readings on subjects of interest and importance.

PURCHASE OF SUPPLIES INDIANA SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED YOUTH.

Sailed proposals addressed to the President of the Board of Trustees of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth, will be received at the office of the Superintendent until 9 o'clock a. m. Thursday, February 8th, 1917, for furnishing the institution with its regular monthly supplies.

Specifications may be seen in the lobby of the Old National Bank, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

For the Board of Trustees, GEORGE S. BLISS, Superintendent.

A new boy's sled has a third runner in front to aid in steering.

Dance, New Haven, Saturday night. Bus service.

FRANK'S 730 Calhoun Street. Two Entrances. 114 West Berry Street FRANK'S

This Is the Meaning of (Friday?)

Friday Bargain Days at Frank's

Why We Do This in the Ready-to-Wear Depts.

Friday is one of the duller business days of the entire week. On Mondays and Saturdays we have hardly enough help to accommodate the great crowds that throng all departments in this store. On the other days, particularly Fridays, we have double the selling force actually needed.

In order to divide the buying more evenly over the week and to relieve the great strain on our force on Mondays and Saturdays, we have decided to make special offers to induce you to do your shopping on Fridays. To further this end we begin by announcing SPECIAL FRIDAY BARGAINS below, to inaugurate this selling scheme tomorrow. This will be a regular weekly event.

If you will read each price carefully, you will realize conclusively that it will more than pay you to shop on Friday at Frank's.

We are determined to make this an interesting innovation in the retail field of Fort Wayne. We know that Friday Bargains will do it—and bargains you shall have.

GREEN CARD ON ALL BARGAIN MERCHANDISE.

110 \$1.49 and \$1.98 Stripe Sport Skirts. A very good lot with assorted waist bands. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 69c Second Floor.	100 \$1.49 to \$1.98 Plain White Gabardine Skirts. Pockets and belts and assorted waist bands up to 36. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 75c Second Floor.	\$1.69 About 25 Quilted Sateen Vests, Fleece Lined. Colors black gray and white. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 98c Second Floor.
\$11.98 All-Silk Two-Piece Shantung Sport Dresses. Last season's dresses, slightly mussed. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$3.95 Second Floor.	\$3.98 to \$9.98 Wash Dresses. Materials voile, organdie and lawn; all slightly mussed; sizes 36 to 40. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 98c Second Floor.	\$5.00 to \$7.98 Ladies' Sweaters. Assorted styles of angora and jumpo weaves; assorted colors. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$2.50 Second Floor.
\$5.98 Two-Piece Sport Dresses. Cotton crepe and Venetian; sizes 36 and 38. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.50 Second Floor.	\$5.98 to \$14.75 Organdie and Voile all-White Dresses. Slightly soiled, carried over from last season. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.98 Second Floor.	\$6.98 Stripe Sport Dresses of Seco and Silverbloom. Sizes 16 to 42. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$2.50 Second Floor.
\$2.98 Children's Raincoats. Black and white check material; sizes 6 to 14 years. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1 Second Floor.	Stripe Middies. Small lot of English rep cloth middies. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 69c First Floor.	\$2.98 Roman Stripe Taffeta Silk Blouses. Black and white and other color combinations. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.98 First Floor.
\$2.98 to \$12.50 Neckpieces and Muffs—Special Assortment. Natural cooney opossum, civit cat and Iceland fox scarfs; also broadtail and grey goat muffs. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1 Second Floor.	\$1.98 to \$2.98 Blouses of Crepe de Chine in White and Flesh. Also stripes, nets and georgettes; soiled and mussed combinations. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.50 First Floor.	50c to \$1.98 Colored Voile Waists and Middies. A very special lot to the first comers. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE 35c First Floor.
\$2.98 Georgette Crepe Blouses At \$1.50. Three dozen combination Georgette Crepe Waists and Silk Net Waists, in white and flesh; 36 to 44 bust. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.50 (First Floor, Waist Dept.)	\$3.50 All-Over Embroidered Eury Net Waists at \$1.50. Eury net, deep sailor collar, assorted; sizes 36 to 44. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.50 (First Floor, Waist Dept.)	\$5.98 Children's Coats at \$1.98. A small lot of Children's Coats of a wool mixture cloth. Sizes 6 to 14. FRIDAY BARGAIN PRICE \$1.95 Second Floor.

730 Calhoun Street **FRANK DRY GOODS COMPANY** 114 W. Berry Street

ADDITIONAL MARKETS.

Range of Prices for the Day.

	Wheat.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58	1.58
July	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
Corn:					
May	.95	.95	.95	.95	.95
July	.93	.93	.93	.93	.93
Oats:					
May	.49	.49	.49	.49	.49
July	.47	.47	.47	.47	.47
Pork:					
May	26.10	26.10	26.10	26.10	26.10
July	27.60	27.60	27.60	27.60	27.60
Lard:					
May	16.75	16.40	16.70	16.02	16.02
July	15.17	15.40	15.52	15.17	15.17
Ribs:					
May	14.50	15.15	14.50	14.32	14.32
July					15.07

Chicago Cash Grain.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—Wheat: No. 2 red, nominal; No. 3 red, \$1.63; No. 2 hard, nominal; No. 3 hard, \$1.64.
Corn—No. 2 yellow, 95½¢; No. 4 yellow, 93½¢; No. 4 white, 94½¢.
Oats—No. 3 white, 51½¢; standard, 52½¢; rye, nominal; barley, \$1.00; timothy, \$2.50; clover, \$12.00; alfalfa, \$28.25; lard, \$15.72; ribs, \$14.62; \$15.12.

Toledo Cash Grain.

Toledo, O., Feb. 1.—Wheat: Cash, \$1.72; March, \$1.75; July, \$1.47½.
Cloverseed—Prime cash, \$10.90; February, \$10.50; March, \$10.75.
Alfalfa—Prime cash, \$11.35; March, \$11.45.
Timothy—Prime cash, \$2.47½; March, \$2.52½.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST—LAST SALE

	New York, Feb. 1, 1917.
Allis-Chalmers	24½
Am. Beet Sug.	48½
Am. Can	62
Am. Car & Ferry	62
Am. Locom.	68½
Am. Sugar	108½
Am. Tel. & Tel.	124½
Am. Zinc	33
Am. Copper	73½
Atchafson	107½
Bald Locom.	50
Beaumont	54
Beth Steel	370
Butte and Spr.	40
Cal. Petroleum	23
Can. Pac.	158
Can. Leather	73½
Cheam & Ohio	60
C. & N. E. S. P.	83½
C. R. I. & P. Ry	27½
Chgo. Copper	49½
Col. Fuel	41½
Col. R. & G. S. P.	29
Corn Products	19½
Cruicible Steel	54½
Gen. Elec.	162½
Gen. Motors	64½
Gen. Nor. Ore	50½
Gen. Nor. Ore	112½
Gen. Nor. Ore	107½
Gen. Nor. Ore	50½
Inter Har N	111½

WOULD BE SUBMARINER.

</

STOP!

You Are Violating Nature's Laws



That catarrh is going to make trouble for you if you do not check it at once. Start right today. Send for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED TREATMENT FOR CATARRH and get this annoying disease out of your system.

E. GAUSS OFFERS TO GIVE AWAY THIS WEEK 2,000 TRIAL PACKAGES OF HIS COMBINED TREATMENT. AND IF YOU ACT PROMPTLY YOU CAN GET ONE NOW FREE OF CHARGE.

It is a wonderful medicine, and relieves the disease by first driving out the cause. This is the only correct way to treat catarrh and is the reason why GAUSS' COMBINED TREATMENT succeeds where all else fails. If you want quick and lasting results, send at once for the free treatment.

Fill out the coupon below, send to C. E. GAUSS, 782 MAIN ST., MARSHALL, MICH., and the package will at once be sent to you by parcel post, all charges prepaid.

FREE

This coupon is good for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED CATARRH TREATMENT, sent free by mail. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below, and mail to C. E. GAUSS, 782 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

Get the Habit

Of Reading

Sentinel Want

Ads Daily

You can glance through The Sentinel Want Ad Pages each evening with little or no effort, and the habit is a very profitable one—whether with any fixed need in mind or not. One single opening or money-making chance that comes to you through our Want Ad columns more than justifies the time spent in reading them right along.

START NOW. PHONE 173

Fort Wayne Plumbing and Heating Co., Inc.

Prompt and Reliable

1007 HARRISON ST. Phone 3107

IF YOU WANT

ELECTRIC

SERVICE

PHONE 239.

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE

Made by THE ALLEN COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY

Are Reliable. WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR WORK

725 COURT STREET.

DR. JOHNSTON

OSTEOPATH

4th FLOOR SHOFF BLDG. TAKE ELEVATOR

Graduate of Kirksville, Mo. Diseases and Deformities Treated EXAMINATION FREE

Phone—Office, 1529. — Res. 6534

Don't Grow Old

FIVE ANTI-AGE PILL BOOK, BY JOHN H. SAGAN. PRICE \$1.00.

The Sagan "On-coming age" is the only one that really works. Other "anti-age" pills are in the hands of the law. I have opened to a person of ordinary health only a new era of prolonged and enjoyable life. Without losing the step I have lived 20 years or more.

By mail only. Send dollar bill, check or money order. **DR. SAGAN & CO., Publishers** 20 East Jackson Boulevard, CHICAGO, ILL.

Try Krudop Anthracite

Chestnut Coal—All

Grades of Soft Coal.

Phone 3022 or 135

GEO. H. KRUDOP.

SENTINEL WANT

ADS ALWAYS

GET RESULTS

A CLASS OF THE LUMBERLANDS

by E. ALEXANDER POWELL

NOVELIZED FROM THE MOTION PICTURE SERIAL OF THE SAME NAME. PRODUCED BY THE SIGNAL FILM CORP.

SYNOPSIS.

Rupert Holmes, a lumberman of the North Woods, had just becoming the father of a daughter instead of a son, abandoned his wife and child to the log-jammed river and fled to the town of Little Bear, where he married the beautiful Helen. Thinking them dead, he fled himself with the lumber trust head, whose daughter he married. But the deserted wife and baby are picked up and cared for by one Dave Dawson. Twenty years later Rupert Holmes is the lumber magnate fighting the independents around him. In a dangerous Helen, who has been brought herself to his attention by several heroic acts about the camps, she takes up a fight against the trust and strikes among the independents in their defense against the great Amalgamated which seeks to absorb their hard-earned properties. In this fight, Helen is aided by Tom Dawson, a young engineer, and her foster father, Dave Dawson. Helen discovers that the trust is living up to their charter and she proceeds against them. The village council resigns to balk her, but she helps elect another. Helen renders her an invalid, but she tells the truth about Holmes to Little Bear, the Indian boy. The Amalgamated is forced to strike among the independent camps. In a riot the buildings are burned. Holmes' agent releases a car of explosives against the independent lumber train, but it is stopped by the heroic act of Helen. Holmes sends his son Stephen to win Helen to the side of the trust, but the boy is in love with the girl. His father sends him away. Little Bear confronts Holmes with a threat, and Dill turns up to add back in the fight, the gunner, but Helen finally recovers the papers but water has rendered them worthless. In order to hold up Dawson's work, Helen and Tom go to Capitol City for more men, but Holmes hires a gang to drive them back. In the fight, the gunner is beaten and Dawson's work goes on. But Holmes carries out a run on Dawson's bank to deprive him of the money he steals an engine and while Dawson stands the gang off at the switch she runs to Merced and tells the men to follow her. Helen escapes by crossing the chasm on a wire. Behrens is shot by Tom.

FOURTEENTH EPISODE

When the news of the Behrens attempt to force Helen Dawson into a marriage with him became public in Dawson, there was such a turmoil among the independent lumber workers as promised short shift for the hiring of Holmes in case his injuries received at the hands of Tom Dawson did not prove fatal.

A meeting called at the townhall was devoted to planning for the punishment of Holmes and his band of ruffians, including the dispersal of "Spikes" Deering's gang—long a terror to the district.

These rumblings of a coming retribution reached the acute ears of "Dollar" Holmes in his retreat at Capitol City. The lumber baron was torn between his desire to beat the independent crowd and prevent their getting lumber out of the Upper Valley, and his fear that Stephen, headstrong and determined like himself, would try to carry out his idea of marrying Helen Dawson.

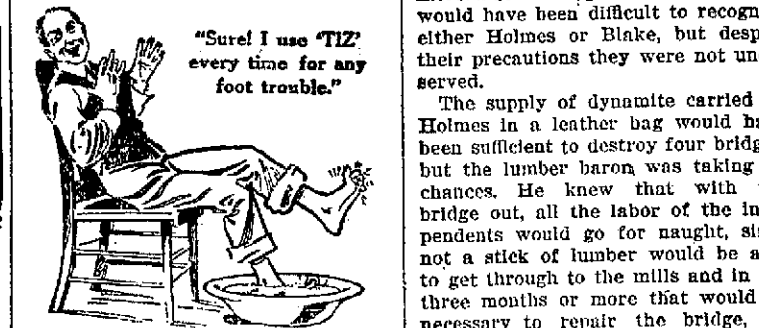
It was a desperate dilemma, for Holmes was aware that if he told Stephen that Helen was his half sister, this confession would involve revelation of the whole miserable story—how Helen's mother had been driven from home by brutality, how the child had been reared by the Dawsons in ignorance of her parentage, and how Stephens' mother had married his father on the assumption that he was free to marry, whereas actually his first wife was still living.

Now that Behrens' effort to remove Helen Holmes from the problem had failed, the old millionaire was confronted with far more serious complications than had ever beset him in the past. Stephen was now a man. He had been demanding explanations of many things with which he had not previously concerned himself.

But even more serious than these considerations was the sudden appearance in the community of Jake Dill.

CAN'T BEAT "TIZ" WHEN FEET HURT

"Tiz" for sore, tired, puffed-up, aching, calloused feet or corns.



You can be happy-footed in a moment. Use "Tiz" and never suffer with tender, raw, burning, blistered, swollen, tired, aching feet. "Tiz" and only "Tiz" takes the pain and soreness out of corns, callouses and bunions.

As soon as you put your feet in a "Tiz" bath, you just feel the happiness soaking in. How good your poor, old feet feel. They want to dance for joy. "Tiz" is grand. "Tiz" instantly draws out all the poisonous excretions which puff up your feet and cause sore, inflamed, aching, sweaty feet.

Get a 25-cent box of "Tiz" at any drug store or department store. Get instant foot relief. Laugh at foot sufferers who complain. Because your feet are never, never going to bother or make you limp any more—Advertisement.

before the other.

At last, with a shriek of terror, Blake recovered the use of his limbs, but instead of following in the direction taken by Holmes he ran wildly across the bridge. Holmes saw him going, apparently to certain death. With an oath he turned and ran. What happened to a fool like Blake was Blake's own funeral.

An instant later, with a tremendous roar and a glare that lit the countryside, the two end spans of the Merced bridge rose in the air, buckled like a couple of steel hairpins, and collapsed into the river—a chaos of girders and struts.

Helen Dawson, asleep in the Falls hotel at Merced Falls, leaped from her bed with one bound and rushed to the window. An instant later, the bells were ringing all over the town and Helen jumped into her clothes just in time to meet Tom Dawson and Jim Morrissey as they plunged down the stairway.

"It's the bridge," yelled Morrissey. "they've got us this time. I guess."

Half the population of the town flocked toward the river and leading them went the two Dawsons, followed by Morrissey and Helen. The independent leaders had come to Merced to make arrangements for their first lumber shipments, and the first two loaded trains were to have passed the following morning.

It was Morrissey who stumbled over the body of a man lying between the rails on the third span from the Merced bank of the river. The body was crumpled up in a grotesque attitude.

"Anybody know this crook?" demanded Morrissey, flashing his lantern in the face of the unconscious man.

"Heavens!" cried Helen, "it's Mr. Blake—Holmes' private secretary. Quick Tom, let's carry him where he can have medical care."

"Carry nothing," roared Morrissey. "Let the hound die and be d—d to him."

The woman's choice prevailed, however. Blake was carried to the hotel and cared for until he regained consciousness. There he recognized Helen Dawson and in her confided to an extent that did not become known until some time later. When Helen left the man she was smiling contentedly.

The destruction of the bridge was a knockout blow for the independents, so far as surface indications might be concerned. It was plain that no lumber could pass the river until the bridge had been repaired, but that feature of the situation had already been discounted in Helen's mind. What she was after now was proof of Holmes' responsibility for the disaster and the ending of his brutal rule on the lumber range.

Joe Dawson sat with his head in his hands, a beaten man. The vital facts stared him in the face. He lacked a woman's intuitive grasp of possible future events. To him all looked as black as night.

"I guess we're all though," he remarked with a wry smile "might as well let 'em have it."

"Dad," laughed Helen, "you remind me of the darkest hour that comes before the dawn—we're not beaten. We're winning."

Dawson stared at the girl in amazement. To be sure she had pulled victory out of defeat for the independents on half a dozen occasions, but how was any human being, angel or devil for that matter, to run lumber trains over a wrecked bridge?

"Don't see the first sign of dawn," said Dawson. "It's the dead of night where I'm sitting."

"Now listen," Helen went on, "I've got a plan that will put us where we shall have Holmes in the hollow of our hands unless it fails. Jake Dill is back, you know. Has that suggested anything to either of you men?"

Dawson sat and stared. The story of Holmes' early career—the Klamath Indian steel—the death of Sleepy Dog—all these memories were involved with the return of Dill.

"Well," said the contractor, "of course there's Little Bear. He's Sleepy Dog's son, and if he had any 'punch' he'd choke Holmes to death."

"Don't you understand," pursued Helen, "that with Dill as state's witness Little Bear can prove his wit to every foot of land Holmes lays claim to. Don't you understand that we've got him completely if only we can keep Dill where we want him and sober?"

Dawson rose to his feet abruptly. He realized in a flash that the keen analytical power of this young girl had once more pointed the way to victory.

"We'll get Dill right now and keep him until we need him," Dawson declared, slamming his fist on the table.

"Helen, you're a marvel. There never was your equal in this world."

"Wait!" declared the young woman, "before we can hold him we've got to find him. Dill disappeared two days ago. He may be drinking or he may have been kidnapped by Holmes' agents. Just what has happened to him and where he is we must find out at once."

For three days the search went on, but no trace was found of the ex-convict. He had disappeared as completely as though the ground had opened and swallowed him. Then came a ray of light. Tom Dawson overheard a conversation concerning Dill between two of Deering's men. While unable to distinguish what was said, young Dawson gathered that Dill was being held prisoner somewhere under Holmes' orders.

It was while trying to secure information that would definitely locate the man that Helen invaded the camp of Holmes' lumberlands and asked questions. Finding the men apparently rather friendly she launched into a tirade against Holmes for his abuse of the independents and was soon surrounded by sympathetic hearers. Evidently Holmes' own men had no great love for him.

Agents of Holmes tried to hustle the young woman out of camp but the men fell to her assistance and a riot ensued in the course of which half a dozen men were injured. Little Bear, who had acted as escort for Helen, succeeded in extricating her from the fracas and was leading her away from the scene, when a stranger to both stepped up and beckoned them aside.

"You want to know where Dill is kept?" he whispered.

"We want Dill, himself," snapped Helen, who had little confidence in information from a Holmes worker.

"Well," pursued the man, "I've got a club in soak for 'Dollar' Holmes, and here's where I take it out. Dill is locked up in that old loghouse on Section three, northeast of the Klamath clearing. Go get him."

(END OF FOURTEENTH EPISODE.)

(CONTINUED NEXT THURSDAY.)

clared, slamming his fist on the table. "Helen, you're a marvel. There never was your equal in this world."

"Wait!" declared the young woman, "before we can hold him we've got to find him. Dill disappeared two days ago. He may be drinking or he may have been kidnapped by Holmes' agents. Just what has happened to him and where he is we must find out at once."

For three days the search went on, but no trace was found of the ex-convict. He had disappeared as completely as though the ground had opened and swallowed him. Then came a ray of light. Tom Dawson overheard a conversation concerning Dill between two of Deering's men. While unable to distinguish what was said, young Dawson gathered that Dill was being held prisoner somewhere under Holmes' orders.

It was while trying to secure information that would definitely locate the man that Helen invaded the camp of Holmes' lumberlands and asked questions. Finding the men apparently rather friendly she launched into a tirade against Holmes for his abuse of the independents and was soon surrounded by sympathetic hearers. Evidently Holmes' own men had no great love for him.

Agents of Holmes tried to hustle the young woman out of camp but the men fell to her assistance and a riot ensued in the course of which half a dozen men were injured. Little Bear, who had acted as escort for Helen, succeeded in extricating her from the fracas and was leading her away from the scene, when a stranger to both stepped up and beckoned them aside.

"You want to know where Dill is kept?" he whispered.

"We want Dill, himself," snapped Helen, who had little confidence in information from a Holmes worker.

"Well," pursued the man, "I've got a club in soak for 'Dollar' Holmes, and here's where I take it out. Dill is locked up in that old loghouse on Section three, northeast of the Klamath clearing. Go get him."

(END OF FOURTEENTH EPISODE.)

(CONTINUED NEXT THURSDAY.)

OUT THIS OUT—IT IS WORTH MONEY.

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c and mail it to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for bronchial and in grippes coughs; Foley Kidney Pills, for lame back, weak kidneys, rheumatism, bladder troubles, and Foley Cathartic Tablets, a wholesome and thoroughly cleansing cathartic, for constipation, biliousness, headache and sluggish bowels. Dreier Drug Co.—Advertisement.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed With Sulphur It Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

The old-time mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening gray, streaked and faded hair is grander than a comb, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle. It is very popular because nobody can tell it has been applied, and it draws this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, by morning the gray hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease. —Advertisement.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.

The annual meeting of the Fort Wayne Mercantile Accident association, for the election of officers and such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the Commercial club rooms, on Saturday, February 3rd, 1917, at 2 p. m. All members are requested to be present at this meeting, as there are matters of importance to be taken up.

L. F. CURDES, Pres.
L. H. RANSOM, Sec'y.

Phone your news items to Editorial Room, phone 650.

SENTINEL WANT ADS. ALWAYS GET RESULTS.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

\$3 \$3.50 \$4 \$4.50 \$5 \$6 \$7 & \$8

You can Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas products is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 103 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to W. L. Douglas shoes by mail, order shoes free. 210 Sparks St., Brockton, Mass. W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

BOYSSHOES Best in the World \$3.00 \$2.50 \$2.00

BEWARE OF FRAUD None genuine unless W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. DOUGLAS STORE: 818-820 CALHOUN ST., FT. WAYNE

THE SAME PRICE NORTH, SOUTH EAST AND WEST

THE BIGGEST VALUE OF ANY SHOE THAT MONEY CAN BUY

DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR

MEXICANS BUYING SUPPLIES IN JAPAN

Three Agents of Carranza Succeeded in Making Purchases

Tokio, Jan. 5.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—Considerable interest has been caused in Japan by the arrival and activities of three Mexicans, who represent the government of General Carranza, and who are said to be making extensive purchases in behalf of their country. According to the information at Tokio the prospective purchases include munitions of war—ammunition, rifles and artillery—and a steamship, in addition to machinery for agriculture and industrial purposes.

The Mexican agents, who are in charge of the information at Tokio the prospective purchases include munitions of war—ammunition, rifles and artillery—and a steamship, in addition to machinery for agriculture and industrial purposes.

Colonel Carpio, are reported to have succeeded in their quest for rifles and even for a steamship. It had been understood that they were negotiating for the freight steamer Kotokira Maru, a vessel of some 3,000 tons, and the announcement that this steamer cleared from Yokohama on January 2, with its declared destination as Salina Cruz, Mexico, was accepted in some quarters as proof that the negotiations were successful. The manifest gave the cargo as general merchandise and machinery, but the report was current at Tokio that the vessel had on board a number of rifles, estimated at 25,000 consigned to the Carranza government. This report could not be confirmed here.

In response to inquiries by The Associated Press the Mexican legation at Tokio denied that the Kotokira Maru carried any rifles. The legation admitted that the steamer had sailed for Mexico but said that her cargo was confined to general merchandise and machinery, consigned to a company in Mexico. The legation added that Mexico had been seeking rifles but had been unsuccessful, as all the available weapons had been purchased by the entente allies. The legation confirmed the departure of the

A WOMAN'S EXPERIENCE WITH GRIPPE

When a cough or cold "hangs on", and you have aches and pains in your joints and muscles, it is likely that gripple is taking hold of your system. Mrs. J. A. Rodgers, Switzer, S. C., says: "I am susceptible to colds, often ending in gripple. In this case I have found Foley's Honey and Tar to prevent doctor bills." This sterling family remedy loosens the phlegm, stops irritation, always soreness and inflammation, and frees the air passages. Good for children. Dreier Drug Co.—Advertisement.

Resembling a pair of ice cones in a new detachable handle, for lifting baskets of fruit or vegetables that lack handles.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the holder of the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every one of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY, Notary Public.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1906.

Seal. A. W. CHENEY, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 76c.

Gee! Weren't You Glad When--

WE'LL LET YOU OFF THIS TIME, BUT DON'T TRY THAT SPEED STUFF AGAIN!



10 MILES PER HOUR

HITT AND RUNN—The Poll Tax Collector "Knew" Bull, So He Had Just As Well Pony Up Right Now!

BY HITT



Industrial League Has Another Joint Session Tonight

SPECIAL TANK NIGHT IN THE SHOP LEAGUE

Bowserites Will Pull for Favorites in Last Game of Double Header.

Tonight is Bowser night in the regular Shop League session and the greater part of the employees of that company will be on hand to pull for their athletes. They expect to display the real college style rooting and will help their team to win if rooting ever turned the trick. By cleaning up everything in sight, the Bowserites still have a chance to knock off the pennant. In last week's game and in the game with the Turners Tuesday night they displayed a change for the better in their all around work.

The Tanks meet the Pennsylvania five in the last game of the weekly riot. The Railroaders are tied with the General Electric for the top and want to retain that position, so they will play accordingly. In the first game the Dudie five will oppose the Electricians. The Dudie outfit is coming along in fine style, delivering a better line of play every week. They can be depended upon to give the "Light" a good run for their win and have a fine chance of turning the count in their direction.

The standing of the clubs in the Industrial circuit now shows the Penn and Electric Works teams tied for the place at the top, with Bowser coming next and the Dudie five still low. There is still a chance for some big changes in standings before the schedule is finished, however, and some of the teams are improving right along and will be able to step right up to the top before the season closes.

WILL STEP OFF FAST MILE IN THE SPRING

Predict Joie Ray Will Shatter Distance Records Soon.

The remarkable performance of Joie Ray, Chicago distance runner, in setting a new record for the mile and a half run, which had stood for many years, leads experts to predict that Ray will be the leading distance man on the slender paths during the spring.

It is even being predicted that Ray will be able to set a new record for the mile, under that of Norman Taber, whose remarkable time of 4:12 3-5 last year broke the record of W. G. George, which had stood for more than thirty years.

Ray's style is about the same as that of Tommy Connett, the great Irish distance runner of two decades ago. In his races, Ray sets a killing pace and depends upon the severity of the going to make his opponents quit.

In this way he disposed of Johnny Overton, the Yale crack, known as perhaps the best college distance runner in the country.

Ray probably will go after the mile and two-mile records in the spring.

Short Slants at Sports

This Speaker sent a message of sympathy to baseball fraternity members. It's pretty easy to do that with \$15,000 salary waiting.

First baseball practices has been postponed for a few days.

Tad Jones recommends boxing as an aid to football playing. Yale must contemplate a game with West Point.

The bigger they are the harder they fall. Chicago is to have a six-day bicycle race.

The kayo is a rare bird these days and Hal Stewart boosted his stock about twenty-five points by being in the ring where one chance to roost.

The finish of that dog race must have been exciting with all teams but one out of it.

Hughie Jennings doesn't fear the baseball strike. He has Ty Cobb and a ball park.

And they call this comedy. "The local high school team will be hot after Berne."

Wow.

Les Darcy is to become an American citizen. He's evidently forgotten about that staff of going back to the trenches next year.

"The Most Beautiful Car in America" will soon be here. Schiefer Automobile Co.

Thur-Sat-24

BOWLING.



INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE.

Team Standings.				
Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.	Avg.
Ft. W. Ptg. Co.....	5	1	.833	351
Journal.....	5	1	.833	312
Wayne Knits.....	4	2	.667	334
Wayne O. Tank.....	4	2	.667	329
Bowser.....	3	3	.500	397
Dudie.....	2	4	.333	783
Corrugated.....	1	5	.167	815
Rolling Mills.....	0	6	.000	713

Individual Averages.

Player	G.	Av.
L. Harky, Bow.	8	211
H. Miller, W. K.	30	179
Slagle, Bow.	38	178
Jackson, R. M.	30	178
Stirk, J.	41	177
Carr, W. K.	32	177
Bender, Bow.	39	177
Beckes, Cor.	43	177
Leist, Pte.	45	176
E. Kraft, W. O. T.	9	176
Schwartz, Pte.	48	175
Suedhoff, J.	38	175
A. Kraft, W. O. T.	48	175
Meyers, Pte.	45	173
Fendland, Pte.	5	173
Dickmeyer, W. O. T.	5	173
Strader, Bow.	42	173
Wegstein, Bow.	45	172
Agne, Pte.	41	171
Seawoon, W. K.	33	171
Lorain, Cor.	41	170
Rodenback, W. O. T.	4	167
Walter, Bow.	28	167
Anstatt, W. K.	40	165
Weisenberg, Cor.	48	165
Starnberger, Pte.	18	164
M. Michael, Dud.	22	164
Hoyes, Cor.	48	163
Ferguson, J.	43	162
Dech, W. K.	35	162
Krueh, W. O. T.	38	162
L. Michael, Dud.	48	162
Brandhorst, Dud.	26	161
Knepper, W. K.	26	159
Melner, W. K.	27	159
Bolt, R. M.	41	159
Raudebush, Pte.	21	158
Brandt, W. O. T.	22	158
Berg, R. M.	29	158
Stewart, J.	42	157
Hartzer, W. K.	41	156
Hinds, Bow.	13	155
Bosselman, Dud.	22	152
Roberts, Dud.	18	152
Slade, J.	20	150
Patterson, J.	20	150
A. Huffman, R. M.	20	150
Halse, R. M.	2	148
Crage, R. M.	2	146
Melner, J.	16	146

ST. PAUL'S LEAGUE.

Second Half Standings.			
Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.
Bohne Hatters	5	1	.833
Pape Wall Paper.....	4	2	.667
Wayne Clothes	4	2	.667
Waltemath-Hollman ..	2	1	.667
Koehlinger Drugs ..	2	1	.667
Old Reliabls	2	4	.333
Baade Books	1	5	.167
Packards	1	5	.167

First Half Standings.

Teams.	W.	L.	Pct.
Packards	27	15	.643
Waltermath-Hollman ..	25	17	.595
Wayne Clothes	24	18	.571
Bohne Hatters	23	19	.547
Baade Books	22	20	.524
Old Reliables	18	24	.429
Pape Wall Paper.....	18	24	.429
Koehlinger Drugs	11	31	.262

EMMAUS LEAGUE.

STELLHORN & NEIREITER.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
P. Hobrock	187	200	185
Ph. Wambegans	141	167	182
Pinney	131	172	185
O. C. Rolf	178	164	149
Doehrmann	151	161	184
Totals	819	883	805

DAILY NEWS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Bandt	147	160	164
William Mennewisch	146	145	144
E. Hegerfeldt	157	147	142
R. Mennewisch	174	178	179
W. Wambegans	173	180	191
Totals	800	770	820

PERFECTION PAPERS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
William Konow	151	182	125
E. Reese	177	181	159
L. Krimmel	119	152	155
C. Klemmeyer	125	174	117
H. Englebrecht	193	168	156
Totals	781	807	723

GREEN SEALS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
C. Hegerfeldt	198	141	115
J. Tornow	171	161	161
Burger	175	148	169

PORT WAYNE ELEX TEAM PLAYING IN SECOND YEAR WILL MEET ANY GIRLS' TEAM IN THE CITY.



Standing, from left to right: Joy Elder, Velma Renken, Flossie Ehrhardt (Capt.), Bertha Becker, Faith Small, Harriot Drogemeyer. Sitting, second row: Edith Lee, Rose Offerle, Emil Fuhrman (Mgr.), Florence Renken, Thelma Campbell. Front row: Guldie Hlassinger, Sophie Renken. The Port Wayne Elex team is in its second year of basketball with practically the same team which was used last year. They practice at the Hanna school. The Elex schedule for the remainder of the year is not quite complete and the team has issued a challenge to any girls' team in this city. Managers may answer on this page.

AT STAR ALLEYS.

ROUND HOUSE.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
F. Buuck	177	111	138
R. E. Gilchrist	163	114	213
W. E. Tierney	187	126	139
P. O. Johann	178	178	181
It. J. Miller	180	151	158
Totals	830	650	801

M. & M.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Controy	112	117	102
Lautenberg	185	147	133
Mumper	122	90	133
Hille	129	127	112
Frisinger	157	188	155
Totals	705	669	635

HEIT CANDY CO.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Leitort	173	148	188
Miller	201	154	149
B. Rodermund	139	153	167
Parman	123	181	191
Schoff	150	158	179
Totals	887	804	874

WHEEL BUFFET.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Weisenburg	187	149	156
Mackey	134	146	153
Epplie	179	141	126
Lorain	148	152	164
Hayes	185	170	189
Totals	833	758	787

ST. PAUL'S LEAGUE.

PAPE'S WALL PAPER.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Ferber	176	194	149
Drayes	208	159	222
Branchorst	136	138	193
E. Luhnman	146	161	192
E. Moeller	146	161	192
Totals	797	806	893

BONE HATTERS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Linker	197	163	146
Gerhardt	153	112	142
E. Kraft	232	182	163
C. Jacobs	164	176	146
E. Haugh	132	146	137
Totals	818	780	733

OLYMPIC LEAGUE.

GROSCH GROCERY.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
J. Greigh	134	197	189
E. Kramer	172	203	147
F. Zorn	199	126	152
E. Zorn	110	153	174
R. Hoffman	155	165	173
Totals	800	834	835

CITY LIGHT.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Bugtter	125	147	163

WAYNE KNIT LEAGUE.

SILK MULL.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Koerber	143	233	181
Schneblierr	140	147	119
Michelfelder	128	158	147
Connelley	157	142	171
Testmeyer	180	176	176
Totals	727	856	797

FORMERS.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Figel	151	135	135
Kouhline	139	137	160
Moxie	150	113	124
Kuffie	141	134	112
Stresser	109	127	175
Totals	693	686	726

AT MONROEVILLE.

PORT WAYNE BOX CO.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Draker	117	177	180
Slade	154	154	154
Storberger	153	213	154
Boungman	194	174	152
Pressler	156	163	160
Totals	755	878	700

MONROEVILLE.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
Krick	160	165	133
C. Hoffman	139	179	144
C. Richard	193	149	121
J. Young	164	141	181
J. Pickard	161	181	167
Joe Tarnay	209	182	167
Totals	865	828	846

ST. JOHN'S LEAGUE.

FEISTKORN & SONS.			
Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
E. Faistkorn	89	121	121
O. Sauerteig	181	175	157
M. Jacobs	122	142	135
A. Meyer	135	183	126
H. Feistkorn	163	200	182
H. Peters	130	130	130
Totals	690	820	721

THE COENR.

Players.	1st.	2d.	3d.
H. Well	170	122	122
A. Vetter	163	127	119
F. Schoeneman	89	134	134
W. Vetter	144	150	131
Schoenherer	165	148	162
L. Vetter	158	162	162
Totals	743	683	710

Today we move into the new store at the corner of Wayne and Harrison streets, where we will take care of your clothing needs from now on.

PATTERSON-FLETCHER CO.

SCOTTY HAS INCREASE AND SAYS SO HIMSELF

H. H. Frazee, President of Red Sox, Says Shortstop is Worth It.

Boston, Feb. 1.—Everett Scott crack shortstop of the world champion Boston Americans, has agreed to sign a contract, and James Walsh, outfielder, has signed an agreement for next season. President H. H. Frazee, of the local club, announced today. Scott had been tendered a contract at last year's figures but demanded an increase. President Frazee stated this "substantial increase" was found to be warranted by the player's work last season and had been granted. Twelve Red Sox members now are signed or under agreement to sign, according to the club head.

Says He Has Signed.

Bluffton, Ind., Feb. 1.—Everett Scott said this morning that he has signed his 1917 contract with the Red Sox, as stated in the foregoing dispatch. He had no comment to make other than that the management of the club had given him a good contract and had met his requests. The details of the contract and Mr. Scott's agreement to forward the signed contract at once were completed yesterday in an exchange of telegrams between Scott and H. H. Frazee, president of the Red Sox.

SEAT SALE FOR RING SHOW STARTED TODAY

The seat sale for the boxing show which will be staged at the Majestic theater Monday night started this morning and the pastebards went unusually fast from the start. Indications point to a big house when Hal Stewart and Young Holzhauer clash. The boys are rivals and each one has a big following.

Three other bouts make up the card which will be started out by a six round go between two local boys and followed with another just like it. Battling Hess will be one of the contestants in the second encounter. In the third bout Frankie Mason will meet Tommie Stevens of Columbus, O., in an attempt to settle things between them. This bout will go ten rounds.

Hear Clinton N. Howard at First Baptist church, Friday, Feb. 2.

TRY SENTINEL WANT ADS.

SAINT FORWARD MAY PLAY SUNDAY'S GAME

Buescher is Expected to Go in Against the Fast Buckeye Paints.

Red Buescher, star forward of the St. Mary's Athletics, has been laid up for some time with a bum knee. He was unable to get in against the Hamlin Park Triangles of Chicago last week, but followers of the game figure that if he will be needed at all this season it will be against the Buckeye Paints, who will furnish the opposition Sunday.

Buescher is a strong factor on the team. He plays a speedy game at forward and his presence on the team gives the remainder of the aggregation the kick which is necessary in putting over the wins. When he is in the offensive of the team is built around his floor work and basket shooting.

The Buckeye Paints hail from Toledo, and like all other teams on the Saint schedule are ranked with the best quintets in the country. The team is an old organization filled with new blood. This combination seems to be a winning one for the younger players break in gradually and the combination of the team is never broken from one year



The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms or diseases are given and the answers will apply in any case of similar nature.

Those wishing further advice, free, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Elwood streets, Dayton, Ohio, enclosing self-addressed stamped envelope for reply. Full name and address must be given, but only initials or fictitious names will be used in my answers. The prescriptions can be filled at any well-stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesaler.

John C. L. writes: "I find my natural strength and nervous system failing me. I do not recuperate as of yore. My food and rest seem not to benefit as they should. Am weak, despondent and unable to perform the duties which were assumed earlier in life, while my ambition for work and pleasure is slowly going."

Answer: I think a powerful, harmless tonic and nerve medicine will rejuvenate and restore the functions of digestion, assimilation and elimination by invigorating the nervous system. Obtain three grain cadomene tablets, packed in sealed tubes, and take as per directions accompanying.

"Morris" asks: "I have suffered with a chronic cough for almost a year, and catch a fresh cold every few weeks. Nothing the doctor gives me helps, so I write to you."

Answer: You need a thorough laxative cough syrup. One that not only relieves but surely drives it from the system. The following regular use will outlast any curable cough or cold promptly. Obtain a 2 1/2 oz. bottle of essence mentho-laxene, mix it with a home-made sugar syrup or honey as per directions on bottle.

J. W. W. asks: "Can you prescribe a reliable treatment to get rid of dandruff, itching and feverish scalp?"

Answer: "I know you can get instant relief and permanent results by using plain yellow minyol as per directions which accompany." 4-oz. jar.

Henry J. C. writes: "Something seems to be wrong with my system and I don't know what it is. I have huge puffs under my eyes, my eyes are bloodshot in morning and my feet and ankles are swollen. Sometimes I have chills and feel weak and tired most of the time."

Answer: Your eliminative organs, such as liver and kidneys, are in need of treatment. Begin taking balmwort tablets at once. Get them in sealed tubes with full directions of any well-stocked druggist.

NOTE: For many years Dr. Baker has been advising free and prescriptions to millions of people through the press columns, and doubtless has helped in relieving illness and distress more than any single individual in the world's history. Thousands have written him expressions of gratitude and confidence.

NATION MAY COMMIT SUICIDE IF ATTACKED; QUEEN HOLDS FLOODGATES KEY.



QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND. LATEST PICTURE OF QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND, TAKEN AS SHE REVIEWED HER TROOPS.

It is reported that if Holland, the little country that has strained every effort to maintain neutrality since the start of the world war, should be attacked, the nation might commit suicide by the opening of the dams and the flooding of the entire country.

Six feet of water can be let over almost the entire nation in 20 hours. This would bulk invaders and save Holland so far as war is concerned, but agricultural experts say on account of damage by water the land could not be reclaimed in less than 50 years.

Only Queen Wilhelmina, the minister of the interior and commander of the army have keys to the locks of the dams that keep the sea from overflowing the country.

Holland's area is 12,648 square miles, a little larger than Maryland, and has a population of 6,500,000 or five times that of Maryland.



CAPTIVATING MARY CARSTAIRS

Specifications: 1917 Model; age, nineteen; complexion, fair; eyes, blue; smile, bewitching; personality, everything plus! "Captivating" is RIGHT! The Story of "Captivating Mary Carstairs" is by Henry Sydnor Harrison. It starts in next Sunday's Chicago Tribune. You'll be sorry if you miss it!

Starts in NEXT SUNDAY'S CHICAGO SUNDAY TRIBUNE

Order your Chicago Sunday Tribune early! Telephone your Newsdealer NOW! L. R. KILLPATRICK, Wholesale Distributor Chicago Tribune. Phone, Home, 2583. 816 Clinton Street.

BUTLER NEWS.

Butler, Ind., Feb. 1.—Miss Ethel Holmington arrived in Butler Wednesday from Chicago and will remain until Friday with her grandmother, Mrs. Almira Dalley. She is en route to Adrian, Mich., to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Holmington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Luce, of Waukegan, O., have been spending several days in Butler with Mrs. George Stout and daughters.

Mrs. Frank Nimmons left Wednesday for Auburn to visit her children, Dr. and Mrs. Reta Nimmons and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Western.

The remains of Miss Cora Lock, of Bryan, O., were taken to Waterloo Wednesday evening for burial. Miss Lock was the daughter of the late Cyrus Kelley, of Waterloo, and had been the proprietor of the "Christmas hotel" at Bryan for many years.

Frederick Seeliger, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Sam Wagner, for some time, left Wednesday morning for Kendallville to visit a short time with Mrs. Mary Delta.

Miss Catherine Schmidt, of Fort Wayne, came to Butler Tuesday evening to care for Charles Rathbun, who is ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Alta Topper and three children came to Butler today from Benton Harbor, Mich., to visit friends.

Mrs. A. H. Backus spent Wednesday in Fort Wayne.

Mills Mock and family left Tuesday night for their new home at Benton Harbor, Mich.

Dr. H. T. Berkey returned home from Wakarusa, where he went to visit his mother, Mrs. George Berkey, the first of the week.

Mary Hill, of Kendallville, is spending the week in Butler with Mrs. Mary Haag.

George Franks returned to his home at Vicksburg, Mich., Wednesday after a week's visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Franks.

Mrs. Carl Bercau, of Edgerton, O., is spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wagoner. Mrs. Wagoner was taken quite ill Sunday and Mrs. Bercau is assisting in caring for her.

Word was received in Butler Wednesday of the sudden death of Mrs. Sarah Burke, of Hamilton, who died suddenly of heart failure at her home Tuesday night at 10 o'clock. She was the mother of Mrs. Ed Shelline, who left for Hamilton early Wednesday morning.

Miss Margaret Needham went to Waterloo Wednesday evening to see her cousin, Lynn Crooks, who is very ill with rheumatism.

County Treasurer S. G. Stone, of Auburn, spent Wednesday in Butler with his son, Millard Stone, and family.

Mrs. Anna Garber and son, Dr. Raymond Garber, of Edon, O., returned home after a short visit with her mother, Mrs. Jennie McCurdy, and sister, Mrs. Ona Clay.

Miss Josie Everetts, of Hamilton, is visiting her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Mount.

MANLY ASSAILS NEW "EXCESS PROFIT" TAX

Economist Says It Will Raise Living Cost Higher.

[By BASIL M. MANLY.]

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—The financial leaders on the democratic side of the house have proposed as a leading part of their new fiscal program a tax on "excess profits."

Their plans are still chaotic, but so far as they have gone their plan consists of a tax of 5 percent on all profits exceeding \$5,000 and representing a greater rate of profit than 8 percent. No definition of profits has yet been reached nor have they decided what basis shall be used in calculating the rate.

These, however, are details. The principle, which is revolutionary in the fiscal history of this or any other country, should be clearly understood. IT IS NOTHING MORE NOR LESS THAN A TAX ON EFFICIENCY. It is in effect the penalization of the ability to make two blades of grass grow where one grew before. Its result will be to discourage the attempts of men to make each unit of capital do as much work as possible.

IT IS IN NO SENSE A TAX UPON SURPLUS INCOME—the huge surplus is taxed at the same rate as the meagre excess, provided both amount to more than 8 per cent on the investment.

IT IS NOT A TAX UPON PRIVILEGE, for the competitive business will be under the same obligations to the federal government as this form of taxation as the corporation enjoying monopolistic privileges by favor of law.

ITS CERTAIN EFFECT WILL BE TO INCREASE THE COST OF LIVING, not only because the tax will be passed on to the helpless consumer, but because it will discourage production.

Suppose you have a plant worth \$100,000, capable with poor management of producing 20,000 units of goods yielding a net profit of \$5,000, or \$2,500 less than 8 per cent. With efficient management the plant can produce 40,000 units of goods, yielding a net profit, as say, of \$10,000. The relatively smaller net profit arises from the fact that when the 40,000 units of goods are put on the market the price would necessarily be somewhat decreased. It is because of this inevitable effect upon prices that the consumer is interested in having every unit of American capital produce just as many units of goods as possible. And it is this greater efficiency of capital that this new democratic tax is designed to discourage.

Under this new form of taxation the man who produces more than enough goods to yield 8 per cent upon the capital will be mulcted of a part of the reward of increased efficiency, while the man whose inefficiency restricts production and sends prices up will go scot free.

THE "EXCESS PROFITS" TAX IS A BRAKE ON THE DYNAMO OF AMERICAN PRODUCTION. Increased production is the sure road to lower prices.

If American consumers know their own interests they will protest against the imposition of this tax, however it may be disguised.

FRENCH TO PATTERN AFTER GERMAN WAYS

Will Adopt Teutonic Plan to Develop Home Market.

Paris, Jan. 26.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Frenchmen who believe in developing the home market as the best means of promoting an economic recovery after the war, are calling for a "grand master" of the raw materials, or something like the imperial office for the economic transition period in Germany. A competent man, with sufficient legal authority and with full control of the utilization of the natural resources of France, they think, would accomplish in the restoration of general industries a work comparable to what M. Albert Thomas, the minister of munitions, has accomplished in the production of arms and projectiles.

The French colonies, it is pointed out, would be a rich field for the efforts of such a department. Algeria has petroleum, copper and zinc. Other North American colonies have rich deposits of copper, zinc and antimony, while the southern Sahara, Dahomey and Congo are rich in vegetable oils and seeds for the manufacture of vegetable fats. Of this production Germany bought and exported seventy-five per cent. before the war.

Great Britain is profiting from the blockade and from the poverty of the French merchant marine to displace Germany in this African trade, buying up alien-owned products of the French colonies for the time being. The danger of being distanced by Great Britain in the utilization of the products of their colonies is not overlooked by Frenchmen who, after 25 years of comparative neglect, realize now what they lost by too little attention to the resources of the colonies.

The development of those resources by the aid of a rebuilt merchant marine and the extension of her new chemical industries and new steel and iron works, born of war needs, is much counted upon for the revival of French trade.

NEW HAVEN NEWS.

New Haven, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. L. Minzel went to Defiance, O., Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva McDonald, of Garrett, have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Todd.

The Ladies Aid society of the Methodist Protestant church will meet on Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Frank Repp. Mrs. Will Long will assist in entertaining. Cottage prayer meeting services will also be held that afternoon.

Mrs. N. W. Vanarsdale, of Reanneke, spent Monday and Tuesday with her sister, Mrs. E. H. Smith, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Purvis were called to Payne, Ohio, last evening by the serious illness of Mr. Purvis' brother.

Mrs. Fred Blasing is reported quite ill.

Robert Vachon and Bert Guin have returned from Hiram, Ohio, where they spent several days.

Mrs. O. A. Woelver spent Tuesday in Fort Wayne.

Miss Esther Jacquay, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Miss Florence Shuckman was a supper guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Jacquay.

The volume of the saline matter in the ocean is a little more than 4,800,000 cubic miles, or, according to the United States geological survey, department of interior, enough to cover the entire surface of the United States to a depth of 8,000 feet.

SPENCERVILLE NEWS.

Spencerville, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beams and family spent Sunday with the lady's sister, Mrs. Jerry Klopstein and family, of Grabbill.

Miss Charlotte Miller, teacher of the primary room, was sick on Monday and unable to teach. Miss Dale Shull, of the high school, filled the vacancy.

School was dismissed on Tuesday as all who wished could attend the funeral of their school mate, Earl Ford. High school attended in a body.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Perkins and son, of Hurlan; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Biltman were Sunday guests at the home of the ladies' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joel Beitz.

Ralph and Eugene Baker, of Coburntown, were Tuesday dinner guests of their mother, Mrs. Anna Baker and family.

Mervin Place, who is employed at the Electric Light works at Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with Miss Lena Kelley.

Floyd Farver, of Rehoboth, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Earl Stiman and family.

Mrs. Alice Hart, who has been spending part of the winter with her son, Adrian, at Hicksville, Ohio, is spending a few days with Clyde Hart and family.

Earl Stiman, Charles Henderson and wife, and Miss Frances Webb spent Saturday at Fort Wayne.

Dr. Fanning and wife, of Butler, and Dr. Cramer and wife were Sunday dinner guests at the Harvey Kimes, sr., home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wertman spent Sunday at Cressco, the guests of her sister, Mrs. Courtwright, whose husband is very sick with lung fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Stiman and children, spent Saturday with the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lemuel Farver and family, of near Rehoboth.

QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

Take a glass of Salts if your Back hurts or Bladder troubles you.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.—Advertisement.

ELECTRIC Light & Power

Phone 340

Complete Service

Fort Wayne Folk in Our Exchanges

Huntington Press: Miss Martha Brebaugh, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday here at her home.—Mr. and Mrs. Chester Kitch, of Fort Wayne, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Kitch Sunday.—Mrs. Belle Keenower and Mrs. Clarence Eppstein were the guests of Mrs. W. E. Platt in Fort Wayne Monday afternoon.

Bluffton Banner: Mr. and Mrs. Otis Folger, of Fort Wayne, who have been visiting here, returned home this morning. Miss Hazel Clark accompanied them to Fort Wayne for a short visit.

Kendallville News-Sun: Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Zimmerman returned last evening to Fort Wayne after spending Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Lydia Hosler.

Portland Sun: Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hurst, of West Walnut street, were called to Fort Wayne Monday afternoon by the serious sickness of his grandfather, William Hurst.—Mrs. Jahn Lamp, of Fort Wayne, came Monday afternoon, called by the serious sickness of her grandmother, Mrs. Jane Donart, of West Main street.

Decatur Herald: John Gerard returned to his home in Fort Wayne Monday afternoon after attending the funeral of his uncle, Henry Fuhrman.

Mrs. Fred Kettler has returned to Fort Wayne after attending the funeral of Henry Fuhrman.—Miss J. R. Glancy and daughter, Nedra May Glancy, and Opal Robinson went to Fort Wayne Monday afternoon to be at the bedside of a sick relative, Mr. Baumgartner.—Miss Laura Stanley has returned from Fort Wayne after a visit with Miss Bertha Dohl.

Decatur Democrat: Thomas Burns, of Fort Wayne, spent Sunday with his daughter, Miss Mabel Burns.—Dr. McOscar, of Fort Wayne, arrived this afternoon to attend to professional business.

Huntington Herald: Miss Jane Anderson, of Fort Wayne, came Monday evening to attend the Trilux funeral.

Columbia City Commercial-Mail: Mrs. Katia Simons, of Fort Wayne, has returned home after visiting over the week-end at the home of Mrs. Henry Shills, north of the city.

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN



Colfax Baby's Cold Treated Externally

Internal Medicine Disturbs the Digestion of Small Children.

Wise parents everywhere realize that the less medicine you give a child the better off they are. Still cough and colds must have some form of treatment. This problem was solved by Mr. R. A. Holt, of Colfax, Ind., by the use of the external treatment, Vick's VapoRub Salve, the preparation that has made such a remarkable record in the South. Mr. Holt writes:—

"I used Vick's VapoRub on my four months' old baby for a severe cold in his head and lungs. By rubbing VapoRub over his throat and chest and letting him inhale the vapors immediate relief follows. I find it relieves a severe cold in one night's time. Also, if your nose and head are stopped up on going to bed, by inhaling a little VapoRub you can sleep soundly and breathe freely."

No family should be without a jar.

of this remarkable preparation. Besides being better than internal medicine for all forms of head or chest colds, sore throat, bronchitis, or incipient pneumonia, it will be found an excellent cooling application for burns, bruises, itching and muscular soreness. Three sizes, 25c, 50c or \$1.00.

VICK'S VAPORUB SALVE

Colfax Baby's Cold Treated Externally

MASTER CECIL LAVON HOLT

ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR Light, Power and Heat

"The Electric Light Co."

Light and Power Dept.

Fort Wayne & Northern Indiana Traction Co.

PHONES 298-299. 1025 CALHOUN ST.

We Furnish THE HOME on EASY Payments

PICKARD

HOUSE FURNISHING CO.

212-214-216 EAST COLLEGE ST.

NEW FURNITURE—NEW CARPETS—NEW RUGS—NEW CURTAINS—NEW BEDDING—NEW LINENS—NEW TABLES—NEW CHAIRS—NEW SOFAS—NEW CASES—NEW STOVE—NEW REFRIG.

THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE DAIRY HOUSE

Most Dairymen Realize That in Order to Produce Milk or Cream of the Best Quality it is Desirable to Have a Dairy House so Constructed and Equipped That the Products May Be Cared for in the Most Convenient and Satisfactory Manner—Details of an Excellent Dairy House.

By H. A. RUEHE, Illinois.

It is impossible to draw a plan of a dairy house that will meet the requirements of every individual case. In order to design a plan properly, it is necessary to know the size of the herd, how the product is to be disposed of (whether as whole milk, cream, or butter), the location of the barn, well, etc. However, there are a few general principles that should be followed in the building of any dairy house.

Location.—Altho the dairy house should be near enough to the barn to be convenient, it should not be directly connected with the barn because it is then likely to be filled with stable odors which are absorbed by the milk or cream. It is well to leave an open air space of six to ten feet between the barn and the dairy house. Placing the dairy house on the side of the barn opposite the barnyard also lessens the chance of stable odors being absorbed by the milk. Proper drainage from the dairy house is important and must be considered when selecting the location.

Construction.—The building material may be drop siding, brick, or concrete, depending upon the investment the builder desires to make. The inside walls should be smooth. Plastered walls are preferable since board walls have a tendency to rot, especially close to the floor. Rotting can be obviated to a certain extent by plastering the walls up to a height of about three feet.

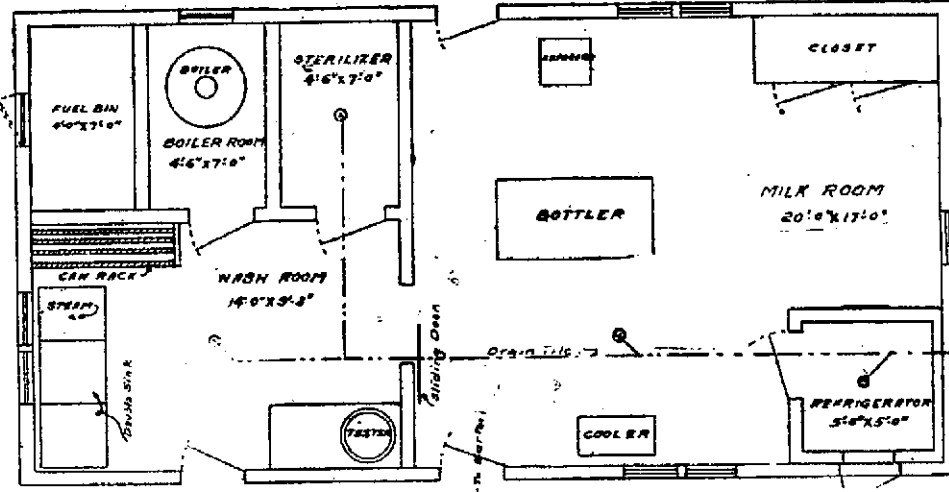
The building should be so partitioned that the milk room, wash room, and boiler room are separate. The rooms should be well lighted by windows, and ventilation should be supplied by an opening placed in the ceiling of each room. Each ventilator should be fitted with some sort of damper to regulate its action.

A solid and impervious floor is essential. A cement floor meets these requirements very well. A wooden floor is very unsatisfactory because it is not durable, does not dry quickly, collects filth, and when wet is slippery and hard to work on. The floors should have a good slope leading to drains fitted with proper traps.

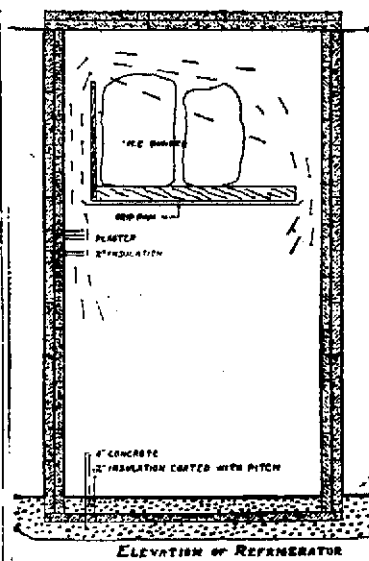
Water Supply.—An abundance of clean, cold, running water is necessary. If the location is such that water from a municipal water system cannot be supplied, it may be obtained from an elevated tank or by means of a compressed air system.

Equipment.—The dairy house equipment depends largely upon the purpose for which the house is to be used. A boiler is the most convenient means of furnishing steam and hot water for washing and sterilizing cans and utensils. An upright boiler of two to four horse-power will serve the purpose.

The wash room should contain a sink having a drain board. The drain board may be fitted with steam and water connections so that the cans and pails can be rinsed and steamed after they are washed. It is desirable to have draining racks for cans and pails, and a closet in which to keep utensils. Every dairy house should have a Babcock milk testing outfit, which may be either hand or steam driven. Further equipment will depend upon which of the following purposes the dairy house is to serve, namely: (1) selling whole milk in bulk; (2) making butter or selling cream; and (3) bottling milk on the farm.



DAIRY HOUSE FOR BOTTLING MILK



ELEVATION OF REFRIGERATOR

The illustrations shown are designed for dairies with as many as twenty-five cows in the herd. For larger herds it may be necessary to build a dairy house having larger dimensions than those submitted. If it is not intended to have the dairy house fitted with a boiler room and a wash room, it may be made smaller than suggested by eliminating that part of the building devoted to such rooms.

Dairy House for Selling Whole Milk in Bulk.
The milk room should contain a cooler for cooling the milk as quickly as possible after it is drawn. The milk may then be put into eight- or ten-gallon cans and set in the cooling tank, or the preliminary cooling may be omitted and the cans of warm milk placed in the cooling tank. The cooling tank may be fitted with water connections so that the milk can be kept cold by running water, or the tank may be insulated and fitted with a lid so that ice may be placed in the cooling water. The latter is not necessary if there is a good supply of cold water which will keep the milk at a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit.

A hand separator may be installed in case of the necessity of skimming surplus milk.

Dairy House for Selling Cream or Making Butter.
Selling cream necessitates the use of a centrifugal separator and a cooling tank or refrigerator. Making butter requires the additional equipment of a churn, and a table upon which to print and wrap the butter. The cooling tank may be built of a size depending on the amount of material to be kept cool. The cream should be cooled directly after skimming and kept cool until it is delivered or ripened for churning, as the case may be.

A gasoline engine may be installed in the wash room to furnish power for separating and churning. If such an engine is used, the exhaust should be piped through the roof of the building in order to avoid the possibility of the

gasoline flavor being absorbed by the cream.

Dairy House for Bottling Milk.

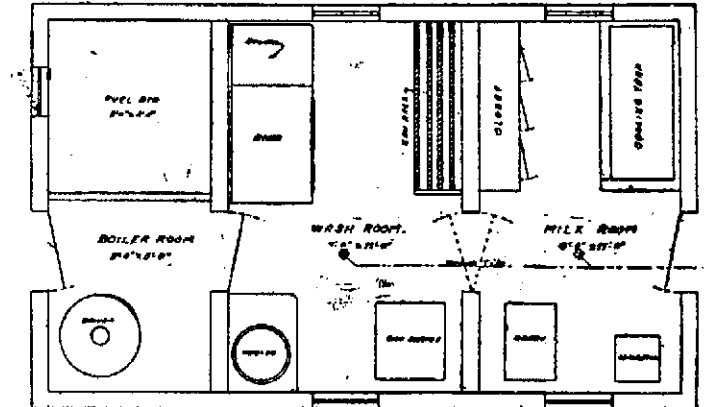
For bottling milk on the farm the dairy house should be larger and contain more equipment than is required for the two above mentioned purposes. A double compartment sink is convenient for washing and rinsing bottles. There should be a sterilizer for sterilizing all bottles before they are filled. This may be used also to sterilize the milk pails, cooler, and the bottler. The sterilizer may be constructed of hollow tile plastered with cement plaster, or of heavy galvanized sheet iron reinforced with angle iron. A drain should be placed in the floor of the sterilizer and a ventilator with a tight-fitting damper in the ceiling. Shelves may be arranged so that they will hold the bottles in an inverted position, or, if cases of the proper kind are used, the bottles can be put into the cases and the cases inverted. It is necessary to allow the bottles to cool before filling with the cold milk in order to prevent breakage, as well as to avoid warming the milk. A bottling table or small bottler may be used in bottling the milk. A well-constructed refrigerator is necessary for storing the bottled milk until it is delivered.

In constructing a refrigerator, proper insulation is extremely important in order to maintain a low temperature and to use ice economically. Either

cork board or water-proof lath makes a very efficient insulation. These materials can be obtained in sheets twelve inches wide, thirty-six inches long, and two inches thick. These sheets can be applied in the same way as lumber, and hence are very convenient to use. A refrigerator for storing milk, if built on the ground, should have the floor insulated with two inches of this material and the walls and ceiling with four inches. When putting on this insulation, it is best to use two layers and break the joints in each direction. A slush coat of cement plaster should be put in between the two layers and the outside covered with cement plaster. The doors should be tight-fitting and well-insulated. The ice bunker should be placed in the upper part of the refrigerator, and the air shafts should be so constructed as to obtain a good circulation of air. The illustration shows the proper method of insulating a refrigerator and also the construction necessary to give the proper circulation of air.

The milk room should have some sort of cooler for cooling the milk rapidly to a temperature below 50° Fahrenheit. As the milk is put into the cooler supply can, it may be strained through cotton outting flannel or through absorbent cotton held between cheesecloth.

A separator should be installed also for skimming surplus milk or to supply cream for the cream trade.



DAIRY HOUSE FOR MAKING BUTTER

GROWING SUGAR BEETS

Any good soil if properly worked will produce satisfactory sugar beets, provided the climatic conditions are favorable. Besides being well drained, the soil should be able to hold a sufficient amount of moisture. Even the so-called muck soils will produce good beets if they are well drained and properly worked.

Select the field for sugar beets with reference to the quality of the surface and subsoil, the condition of drainage, and their fitness to follow the preceding crop.

Plow thoroughly and deeply in the fall if possible.

Make the seed bed firm below as well as near the surface.

Plant in the spring as soon as the soil and weather conditions are right.

Use plenty of seed to insure a good stand, and do not plant too deep.

Hold the moisture in contact with the seed by the use of the press wheels and the roller.

Cultivate as soon as the rows can be seen, but do not throw the dirt over the beets.

Block and thin the beets just as soon as they are large enough to handle.

Space with reference to the strength and moisture-holding capacity of the soil.

In thinning, aim to leave the strong, best beets.

Rotate with other crops to improve the soil condition and to eliminate weeds.

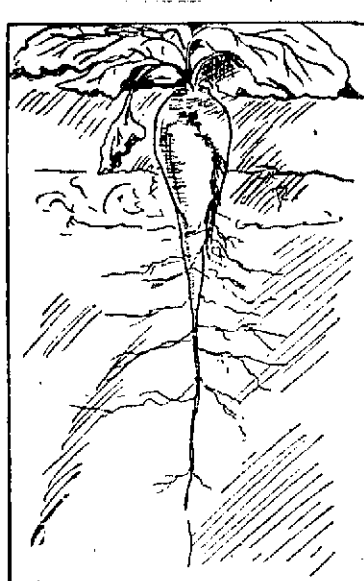
Keep plenty of live stock to utilize the beet tops and other feed and to supply stable manure.

In harvesting the beets see that they are all gathered, properly topped, and as free as possible from dirt.

Cover the beets as soon as topped to prevent evaporation.

Utilize beet tops, pulp, and lime with a view to improving soil conditions.

For the retention of sufficient moisture for crop production the supply of humus plays an important part. A soil that is well drained and at the



Sugar Beets Need Soil Through Which Air Can Circulate.

same time properly supplied with humus will not only hold enough moisture for the needs of the plants, but it will permit the air to circulate through it and enable the soil organisms to thrive and multiply, thereby liberating an abundance of plant food. The nature of the subsoil has an important bearing upon the selection of soil for sugar-beet growing. Hardpan subsoils should be avoided, especially if they are so near the surface that they will interfere with the proper growth and development of the roots. Likewise, the very porous or gravelly subsoils will not give the best results with sugar beets. In general, if a soil has been producing good crops of corn, potatoes, etc., it will produce good beets provided it receives the proper preparation and cultivation. In

selecting a field for sugar beets it is advisable, therefore, to note the kind of soil and its condition, especially with reference to drainage and humus, the kind and quality of the preceding crops, and the nature and location of the subsoil.

The field selected should be reasonably free from weeds since extreme fullness of ground adds very materially to the cost of growing beets. The beet field must be kept free from weeds if one expects to obtain anything like satisfactory results. It is sometimes claimed that a beet crop is of great advantage in freeing a field from weeds. This is true if the ground is properly handled, but one should see to it that not too large a percentage of the profits of the crop is consumed in fighting the weeds, a condition which may be avoided by careful attention to the preceding crops with respect to weed growth.

An average temperature of about 70° F. during the growing season will usually give the best results in sugar content of the beets. Spring weather has much to do with the success or failure of a sugar-beet crop. A late spring freeze following a favorable period for planting will frequently destroy young plants. A well-drained soil rich in humus will tend to offset this to some extent.

Cool nights and moderately warm days in the latter part of summer and in the fall are most favorable for the storage of sugar in the beets. The great danger from extreme cold in the fall is that the beets may be frozen in the ground. This sometimes occurs and causes considerable loss to the grower. Every grower should aim to get his beets out and, if necessary, stored before freezing weather sets in. If the roots themselves freeze, no great amount of damage will result, provided they remain frozen until they are worked through the mill, but if they alternately freeze and thaw, they will soon blacken, decay, and become worthless for sugar-making purposes.

Ox Warbles

Damage Cattle

The characteristic lumps or swellings which may be found under the skin on the backs of many cattle from January until April contain grubs. If these grubs are allowed to remain, they will complete their growth, drop to the ground and transform to heel flies which may reinfest the cattle during the spring and summer, according to T. J. Talbert of the University of Missouri College of Agriculture. The grubs weaken the cattle, cause them to fall off in flesh and milk, and decrease the value of the hide. The beef in the immediate vicinity of a grub becomes slimy and of a greenish color, and is known to the butcher as "licked beef." On an average, the damage to the hides is placed at one-third their value and the loss of beef to each infested animal ranges from \$3.00 to \$5.00.

The grubs may be pressed out through the opening at the top of the swelling. A sharp knife and a pair of tweezers will often facilitate the work of removing the grubs. Care should be taken to crush all the grubs removed, to prevent their further development and transformation into flies. It is advisable to examine the cattle for lumps or swellings over the back every two or three weeks during late winter and early spring to detect the pest. Various oils are often used. The lotion is either smeared over the infested region, or applied to the mouth of the breathing hole of the grub. One or two applications will usually be sufficient. The objection to this method is that the wounds do not heal readily unless the grubs are removed.

Some have claimed that the arsenical and coal tar dips can be used in the case of large herds which can not readily be treated by direct removal of the grubs. It still remains to be determined, however, whether practical means of eradication can be made by the use of dips. Dips applied during spring and summer will no doubt kill many maggots, and eggs which are attached to hairs on the animals' bodies.

HOW TO RAISE TURKEYS

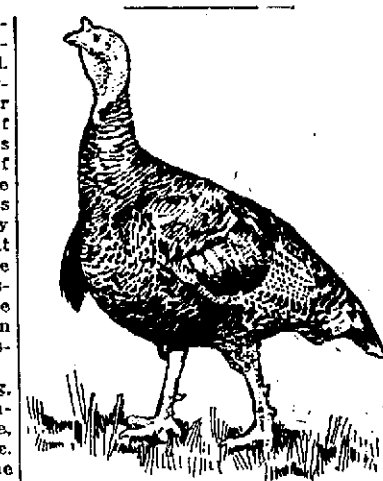
For those who are favorably situated for raising turkeys, a more profitable side line can hardly be found.

Given plenty of range where the turkeys can find grasshoppers and other insects, green vegetation, the seeds of weeds and grasses, waste grain, acorns and nuts of various kinds, the cost of raising them is very small and the profits large. Grain and stock farms are particularly well adapted to turkey raising, and it is on such farms that most of the turkeys are found. Little has ever been done in the way of raising turkeys in confinement, and where it has been tried the results have been discouraging. Plenty of range is essential to success in turkey raising.

In selecting turkeys for breeding, the most important factors to be considered are vigor, size, shape, bone, early maturity and color of plumage. The body should be deep and wide, the back broad, and the breast round and full. The head should be of good size and of a clean, healthy appearance. A well-made skeleton is shown by thick sturdy shanks and straight, strong toes. It should be the aim of every turkey raiser to have a flock of pure-bred turkeys, even though they are sold at market prices. The male at the head of the flock should be of the best type of the best type obtainable. The male is one-half the entire flock, and by continually selecting the best females of a similar type, and mating these with a pure-bred male, one can soon have a flock of uniformly large, early-maturing, strong-boned, long and deep bodied turkeys of the same color.

Fifteen turkey hens can safely be mated to a vigorous tom. If 25 or 30 hens are kept, two toms should not be allowed to run with them at the same time, but one should be confined one day and the other the next. When two toms are allowed to run together during the mating season, they fight badly and the stronger does practically all of the mating.

Turkey hens are wont to "steal" their nests in hidden places, such as a



Bronze Turkey.

patch of weeds, tall grass or thick brush and often wander a half mile or more from home before they find locations that suit them. To find these stolen nests often proves to be a long and tedious task, the usual method being to follow each turkey hen as she separates from the flock and starts toward her nest, care being taken that she does not know she is being followed. A much easier and quicker method than this is to confine the hens early some morning soon after they have come down from roost and let them out late in the afternoon. Those that are laying will then head for their nests in order to lay the eggs they have been holding.

If many turkeys are kept, the use of a breeding pen will be found a great convenience. This pen should cover a sufficient area to allow the turkeys some exercise, an acre for fifteen birds being none too large. A hog-tight wire fence three feet high will hold most turkeys, and if any perch in flying out, the flight feathers of one wing should be clipped. Nests should be scattered about the pen,

those which turkey hens take readily being barrels turned on sides and nests shaken in them with straw.

Turkey hens, chicken hens and incubators are commonly used to incubate turkey eggs. During the early part of the laying season it often happens that one has on hand a number of eggs that should be incubated before any of the turkey hens are through laying their first litter and become "broody." In such case, and also when it is desired that the turkey hens lay more than one litter, some of the eggs have to be incubated under chicken hens or in an incubator. About a week before the poulters are due to hatch, turkey hens enough should be allowed to sit to take all the poulters hatched. They can be given a few eggs from the incubator or from under the chicken hen, and allowed to hatch the poulters themselves, or at night a newly-hatched poult can be slipped under each turkey hen that is to be given a brood of poulters and by morning she will be glad to take them.

Lice are a great annoyance to sitting hens and are one of the worst enemies of young poulters. To prevent their getting a foothold, dust the hen thoroughly with some good lice powder before she is placed on the nest and once a week thereafter while she is sitting. The nesting material should be kept clean, and if the eggs become dirty they should be washed with lukewarm water.

If the weather is warm and dry no shelter is required, as the poulters do better in the open. Should it be rainy, however, they need to be protected, for nothing is more injurious than for them to become wet and chilled. The most satisfactory plan is to confine the mother turkey hen to a coop and allow the poulters to run in and out whenever rain does not prevent. This coop should be placed in a field where they can run out and find grasshoppers, green vegetation, and other feed. The coop should be moved to fresh ground every day.

ARGENTINE WOOL

The Argentine republic annually produces in the neighborhood of 300,000,000 pounds of wool, 75 per cent of which comes from white-faced, long-wool sheep, Lincolns and Leicesters, and is known in the world markets as Argentine crossbred. When sorted, this wool grades largely into coarse and medium crossbred, corresponding to domestic commons and domestic one-fourth bloods in the United States. The fine crossbred of Argentina is known in the United States as domestic three-eighths blood. Merino fleeces form 20 per cent of the yearly total, producing wool that is graded as domestic fine in the United States. The remaining 5 per cent is wool of black-faced and domestic sheep. The average weight of the fleece is 5.3 pounds.

A BEAUTIFUL HOUSE PLANT

The calla lily makes a good winter house plant. Some of the market gardeners who have greenhouses force it in quantities for market. The bulbs must be "rooted" or kept dormant several months each summer.

The low-headed apple trees have proven themselves.

FRESH FRUIT IS ALIVE

The results of fruit-handling investigations during the past few seasons show that the most important factor in determining the condition of either fruits or vegetables in transit and after arrival on the market is the temperature maintained in refrigerator cars during transportation. All fresh fruit is alive, and the life activities continue with greater or less rapidity until it goes into consumption; the temperatures maintained in transit determine to a great degree both the rate of ripening and the development of fungi and other decay-producing organisms.

THE LIBERALLY FED HEN

A productive hen requires from 70 to 80 pounds of feed a year. If she gets only 40 to 50 pounds, she will simply satisfy her body requirements. She will not lay eggs. The scantily fed hen is a poor investment. It is only the liberally fed hen that yields the profit.

Extremes of cold and heat injure hogs more than any other class of domestic animals, and it is especially necessary to furnish good shelter for the brood sows.

HOW TO TREAT SCOURS

If scours appear in spite of all precautions, the following treatment has proved valuable to the Missouri Agricultural Experiment Station. Reduce the sow's feed, clean up more thoroughly than before, and give the sow a tablespoonful of sulphur in each feed for several days. It is also well to give the sow a good dose of Epsom salts. If practicable, each pig may be given a teaspoonful of castor oil, or Epsom salts, and charcoal should be provided in any convenient way. If no cheaper charcoal can be secured, it can be supplied by starting fires of coals, and then putting the fires out before they burn out.

UP TO THE BREEDER

Let it be repeated—It is not the breed but the breeder that is responsible for the heavy egg production. Neither is the breeder responsible for the low production; it is the breeder.

Before you get angry at a man be sure your anger will hurt him as much as it will hurt yourself.

The silo is the best solution of the problem of short pastures.

INCREASED USE OF MILK

That the high cost of living may be reduced by the increased use of milk, a highly nutritious and digestible food, is the opinion of A. E. Perkins, dairy chemist at the Ohio Experiment Station. He says that a quart of milk is equal in food value to three-fourths of a pound of beefsteak, eight eggs, fifteen pounds of oysters, two pounds of fish, six pounds of tomatoes, or three pounds of apples, and the milk is more easily digested and far more economical than any of the other foods.

SAVE MANURE VALUES

I have found that the most satisfactory way to handle manure is to haul it directly to the field just as soon as it is made. None is lying around the barn. If it is, its most valuable fertilizing elements are going to waste.—W. H. U., Illinois.

FROZEN ONIONS

If onions are frozen in storage they should remain frozen until used. Freezing and thawing will soften them enough to make them unsalable.

ALFALFA FOR DAIRY COWS

Prof. J. C. Kendall says: "Where alfalfa is available for dairy cows the amount of protein that it is necessary to feed in the form of expensive concentrates is materially and profitably reduced. For cows that do not give large yields of milk, a balanced ration can be made by feeding alfalfa hay and ensilage. This makes a home-grown ration that can be produced cheaply, a very important factor in the economical production of dairy products."

VARIETIES OF STAR BOARDERS

The only star boarder on the farm is not the cow which does not make sufficient returns for her keep. The hog or the chicken which does not make proper profits for the owner are star boarders.

PREPAREDNESS

The poultryman who works on the preparedness plan and has bred up a flock of hens that give a lay of at least 50 per cent all winter has the laugh on the other fellow, who has acted on the principle that there were no such hens.

GOVERNMENT HELP IN AUSTRALIA

Suitable farming land is provided by the Australian government for groups of men and their families that will ultimately form village settlements. Each settler is not to be cooperative—each settler will stand or fall on his own merits. Government officers will guide and instruct the settlers for two years, and the house erected for his use can be used as a public hall or school. Plain rations, implements, a small stock of cows, poultry, etc., roofing material, water tanks, etc., will be supplied for the first year. This will be charged as a loan and must be eventually refunded to the State.

WATER USED BY PLANTS

It is estimated that for every ounce of organic material formed by 20 pounds of tree or plant from 15 to 20 gallons of water is used, which passes off mostly by evaporation.

FEED CATTLE COCOA SHELLS

Cocoa shells are being fed to cattle in a course of experiments by French dairymen.

HILL SIDE ORCHARDS

While hill sides and hill tops are favorable sites for orchards of peach, plum, pear or apple, or indeed for any of the tree fruits, there are some objections. It is more difficult to plow and cultivate orchards on steep hill sides, more difficult to spray, more difficult to handle the fruit when picked. The advantages of hill side or hill top orchards are that they are less often injured by late spring frosts and the trees not liable to have wet feet, which is a fatal condition in any orchard. If the hill side has a northern slope it will be an advantage, for the blossoms will be retarded about ten days over trees grown on the eastern or southern slope.

FRUITS WITHOUT STONES AND PITS

Luther Burbank believes that pits, stones and seeds in fruits will be done away with entirely in the course of time. Nature developed these things for the purposes of propagation, but man uses cuttings and graftings and the necessity for them has passed.

Put all tools and machinery in repair for next season's use.

ADVERTISING PUTS DOLLARS IN BUSINESS \$UCCESS\$

Use THE SENTINEL, a clean and sure road for clean and sure results. Get busy and advertise that bargain you have by THE SENTINEL ROUTE. Phone 173.

ANOTHER DIME DROPS FROM WHEAT PRICES

Decline Surpasses All Expectations of the Grain Dealers.

The prediction given out by grain dealers Wednesday that another decline in wheat would hit the local market soon was correct, but not strong enough. When the prediction was made a drop of 3 or 4 cents was expected. When the fall became a reality it amounted to 10 cents or one dime. This new mark the total drop in wheat for the week 32 cents, and it is impossible to say whether or not that will be the end. Flour prices were not lowered immediately Thursday, but new quotations will be given out Friday. Corn also weakened somewhat, the bottom price dropping to 94 cents, while the top remained at 98 cents as on Wednesday. Eggs went up 1 cent in the wholesale department and are now quoted at 35 and 37 cents. Porkers retained their equilibrium and it is impossible to get any prediction as to what may happen in the live stock.

Thursday was another good day on the city scales, thirty-seven loads passing over the Toledo. Twenty-four loads of hay were sold and the price once more reached the standard height of \$10.00 to \$12.00. Ten loads of corn changed hands at the slightly reduced prices of 24 to 28 cents and three loads of oats were on deck, being bought for 54 and 55 cents.

THE MARKETS.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu.
Rye—\$1.10 to \$1.25 bu.
Oats—53c bu.
Barley—70c bu.
Corn—34 to 35c bu.

RETAIL STREET MARKET.
Eggs—Strictly fresh (candled), 42c doz.
Butter—Country butter, 35c lb.
Poultry—Chickens, 18 to 24c lb.
Potatoes—\$2.35 bu.

Wholesale Barr Street Market.
Eggs—35 to 37c doz.
Chickens—15 to 16c lb.
Lard—16 to 17c lb.
Butter—25 to 30c lb.
Hogs—10 to 11c lb.
Wool—Unwashed, 28 to 40c.
Wheat—\$1.60 to \$1.65 bu.
Oats—55c bu.
Corn—34 to 35c bu.
Hay—\$10.00 to \$12.00.
Potatoes—\$2.35 per bu.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.
Cattle—Receipts, 2,000 head; market was steady; top lambs, \$14.55.
Hogs—Receipts, 2,000 head; market was steady; top lambs, \$14.55.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
C. Tresselt & Co.
Wheat—\$1.62 bu.
Rye—\$1.25 bu.
Oats—55c bu.
Corn—34 to 35c bu.
Barley—70c bu.
Flour—Winter wheat straight (Hungarian), \$3.00 to \$3.50 per ton; winter wheat, patent (Silver Dollar), \$3.00 to \$3.50 per ton; Little Turtle Flour, \$3.50 to \$4.00 per ton; Pure rye flour, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Shorts—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Middlings—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Chopfeed—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Cornmeal—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Coarse, \$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Cracked Corn—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Broomings—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Small Wheat—\$2.50 per cwt.

MAYFLOWER MILLS.
Wheat—\$1.72 bu.
Corn—35c bu.
Oats—55c bu.
Rye—\$1.25 bu.
Barley—70c bu.
Flour—Winter wheat straight (Hungarian), \$3.00 to \$3.50 per ton; winter wheat, patent (Silver Dollar), \$3.00 to \$3.50 per ton; Little Turtle Flour, \$3.50 to \$4.00 per ton; Pure rye flour, \$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Shorts—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Middlings—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Chopfeed—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Cornmeal—\$4.00 to \$4.50 per ton; Coarse, \$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Cracked Corn—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Broomings—\$2.50 to \$3.00 per cwt; Small Wheat—\$2.50 per cwt.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu; corn, 30 to 34c bu; oats, 47 to 50c bu; rye, \$1.10 to \$1.25 bu; barley, 75c bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00 to \$40.00 ton; safe per bbl, \$1.25.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu; corn, 30 to 34c bu; oats, 47 to 50c bu; rye, \$1.10 to \$1.25 bu; barley, 75c bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00 to \$40.00 ton; safe per bbl, \$1.25.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu; corn, 30 to 34c bu; oats, 47 to 50c bu; rye, \$1.10 to \$1.25 bu; barley, 75c bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00 to \$40.00 ton; safe per bbl, \$1.25.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu; corn, 30 to 34c bu; oats, 47 to 50c bu; rye, \$1.10 to \$1.25 bu; barley, 75c bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00 to \$40.00 ton; safe per bbl, \$1.25.

WHEAT, RYE AND FEED.
Wheat—\$1.50 bu; corn, 30 to 34c bu; oats, 47 to 50c bu; rye, \$1.10 to \$1.25 bu; barley, 75c bu; Jumbo poultry feed, \$30.00 to \$40.00 ton; safe per bbl, \$1.25.

FEED QUOTATIONS.
(Corrected by W. D. Henderson & Co.)
New Timothy—\$10.00 to \$12.00 ton.
Corn—35c to \$1.00 bu.
Oats—53c bu.
Barley—70 to 75c bu.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.
(Ackerman-Welner Co.—Corrected by C. M. Welner.)
Butter—Country roll, 28 to 30c lb.
Fresh eggs, per doz, 35 to 37c.
Potatoes—\$5.50 to \$5.50 per sack.
Chickens—Young or old, 15 to 18c lb.

SEYER BROTHERS' QUOTATIONS.
(Corrected Daily by George Crouse, Sub-ject to change without notice.)
Michigan potatoes, per 10-peck bag, \$4.50 to \$4.75.

APPLES—Fancy No. 1 Michigan, \$3.00 to \$4.00 bbl.
Onions—No. 1 yellow, per cwt, \$2.50 to \$3.00; No. 2 yellow, per cwt, \$1.50 to \$2.00.
Lemons—300, California, per box, \$5.00.
Oranges—450 to 550 box.

CITY SCALES.
Hay—Receipts, 24 loads; \$10.00 to \$12.00 ton.
Corn—Receipts, 10 loads; \$4 to 98c bu.
Oats—Receipts, 3 loads; \$4 to 55c bu.

POULTRY PRICES.
(Sherman White Co.)
Hens—4 lbs and over, 17c.
Springers—17c lb.
Old roosters—3c lb.
Butter fat—35c lb.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Germany's move for unrestricted sale was caused far greater effects on the wheat market today than did the first opening of hostilities or any event since. An extreme break of 15 1/2c in values took place in the first minute of trading and excitement was at such a pitch that transactions of 7 cents apart were made at the same instant in different parts of the pit.

Rallies of 6c from the lowest level reached at the start were made by wheat within five minutes after the opening, and although wild fluctuations intervened in the next quarter of an hour, 3c more of a recovery was shown. Fresh declines, however, then ensued. Opening prices today ranged all the way from 1/2c to 1 1/2c down, as compared with yesterday's finish, May starting at \$1.50 to \$1.52 and July at \$1.36 to \$1.40.

On the succeeding rallies in the first half hour May rose to \$1.55 and July \$1.42, but new declines of 2c or more followed.

Coarse grains took downward plunges less sensational than wheat. Corn was not affected as much as oats, the former falling 1/2c and oats 3/4c. After opening 3/4c to 4/5c lower the corn market mounted slowly to 3/4c to 1 1/4c above the top of the initial range. Extraordinary rumbles were witnessed in provision prices.

Toledo Closing Prices.
Toledo, O., Feb. 1.—Closes: Wheat—Cash, \$1.72; May, \$1.75; July, \$1.47 1/2; Corn—Cash, \$1.00; May, 99 1/2; July, 98 1/2; Oats—Cash, 55 1/2 to 56c; May, 55 1/2; July, 54 1/2; Rye—Cash, \$1.43.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.
East Buffalo Market.
East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 2,000 head; shipments, 850 head; official shipments to New York yesterday were 2,000 head; hogs closing steady; medium and heavies, \$12.40 to \$12.50; Yorkers, \$12.25 to \$12.40; pigs, \$10.75 to \$11.00; roughs, \$11.40 to \$11.50; stags, \$9.00 to \$10.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 125 head; market was steady.
Sheep—Receipts, 3,000 head; market was steady; top lambs, \$14.55.

Chicago Market.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 35,000 head; market was 15c to 20c above yesterday's average; bulk, \$11.75 to \$12.00; light, \$11.40 to \$12.00; mixed, \$11.55 to \$12.15; heavy, \$11.60 to \$12.20; roughs, \$11.60 to \$11.75; pigs, \$9.75 to \$10.00.
Cattle—Receipts, 6,500 head; market was weak; cattle, \$7.75 to \$11.05; western steers, \$7.75 to \$10.15; stockers and feeders, \$6.00 to \$9.10; cows and heifers, \$5.00 to \$10.25; calves, \$10.50 to \$14.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 10,000 head; market was strong to 10c higher; wethers, \$11.25; lambs, \$11.85 to \$14.50.

Pittsburg Market.
Pittsburg, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 2,000 head; market was 20c higher; heavies, \$12.25 to \$12.30; heavy Yorkers, \$12.15 to \$12.25; light Yorkers, \$11.50 to \$11.75; pigs, \$10.50 to \$10.75.
Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 500 head; market was higher; top sheep, \$11.50; top lambs, \$14.75.
Calves—Receipts, 150 head; market was lower; top, \$14.50.

Indianapolis Market.
Indianapolis, Feb. 1.—Hogs: Receipts, 7,500 head; cattle, 1,000; calves, 450; sheep, 400.
Cattle—Prime corn fed steers, \$15.00 to \$15.25; good to choice steers, \$10.00 to \$10.50.
Hogs—Best heavies, \$12.00 to \$12.35; medium and mixed, \$12.00 to \$12.15; good to choice lights, \$12.00 to \$12.15; common to medium lights, \$11.00 to \$12.10; roughs, \$10.50 to \$11.25; best pigs, \$10.50 to \$11.00; light pigs, \$8.00 to \$10.25; bulk of sales, \$12.10 to \$12.15.

PRODUCE AND POULTRY.
Chicago Market.
Chicago, Feb. 1.—Butter market was unchanged; receipts, 1,336 tubs.
Eggs—Market was higher; receipts, 1,559 cases; firsts, 45c; ordinaries firsts, 40 to 42c; at mark, cases included, 40 to 43c.

Political Announcements.
To the Editor of The Sentinel:
Kindly announce through the medium of your newspaper my candidacy for republican nomination for City Judge at the March primary.
ROBERT A. BUHLER,
1-1-tf Attorney, Room 8, Swinney Bldg.

Help Wanted Male
WANTED—Boy with bicycle for drug store delivery. Riley Pharmacy, 212 Fairfield Ave. 1-30-tf

WANTED—POSITION.
WANTED—Position, have had 5 yrs. general office and cost experience, can furnish A1 reference. Call H. P. 6552 lulu. 1-3t

New York Market.
New York, Feb. 1.—Butter market was firmer; receipts, 6,131 tubs.
Eggs—Market was firm; receipts, 6,099 cases, extra firsts, 45 1/2c; firsts, 44 1/2c to 45c.
Poultry—Dressed, firm; chickens, 23 to 25c; fowls, 17 to 21c; turkeys, 20 to 21c; alive, steady; chickens, 20 to 21c; fowls, 22 to 23c; turkeys, 25c.

THE DAY ON WALL STREET.
Many other severe losses occurred in the first half hour, especially in highly speculative issues, such as Pittsburg Coal, Columbia Gas, Airbrake and Butte and Superior, which fell 8 to 11 points, while Bethlehem Steel reacted another 10 points, or 25 in all. Recoveries were most quickly effected in coppers, Utah, for instance, rallying 10 points. Declines of 4 to 6 points in high grade rails, like Reading, Baltimore & Ohio, New York Central and Norfolk & Western, were made up in fair proportions. United States Steel and shippings rallied 5 to 6 points and less conspicuous war specialties 5 to 10. Dealings slackened in the second hour, but another selling movement ensued at midday, materially reducing recoveries in leading stocks. Transactions up to noon were approximately 1,200,000 shares. Bonds were weak.

New York Sugar Market.
New York, Feb. 1.—Raw sugar, unsettled; centrifugal, 4.89; molasses, 4.02; refined, quiet; fine granulated, 6.75; futures, unsettled.

"BONE DRY" LAWS MADE IN TENNESSEE
Wholesalers Get Respite But Clubs Must Shut Off at Once.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 1.—Such liquor as is already in the state may go through the process of being closed out until July 1, but otherwise Tennessee is "bone dry." No more can be brought in. So much for the effect of the United States supreme court ruling in support of the Webb-Kenyon and the West Virginia anti-shipment laws and the sentiment of members of the general assembly now in session.

When the liquor question came before the legislature it found conditions highly propitious for the "dry" element. The lower house very promptly adopted bills abolishing locker clubs, prohibiting storage and the individual receipt of liquors and making bootlegging a felony with the penalty of one year and a day in state prison.

Under plea from the wholesale liquor dealers that the anti-storage law be not made effective until July 1, in order that they might have time to close out their stocks, the house named that as the date. When the bill was before the senate committee the same night it was pointed out that between this time and the date stated there could be restocking and closing out sales almost without number and

that there probably would be a flood of liquor pouring through that loophole. This view of the situation led for the enactment of the West Virginia law in its main details, thus stopping shipments into the state.

Another plea for time was made on behalf of social clubs. Among these was the Chickasaw club of Memphis, which, its representatives said, was in debt and probably could not readjust itself to the condition imposed by the abolition of liquor under the locker system before July 1. To this Dr. J. D. McAllister, superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon league, and in charge of the bill under request by Gov. Rye, who was ill at the time, said:

"Somehow or other I am in doubt about some of these social clubs. For instance, I happen to know the Chickasaw club buys liquor by the barrel. It does not occur to me there are any lockers in that club large enough to hold a barrel, nor that any individual member of that club buys liquor by the barrel."

Sentinel Want Ads. Pay.

THINGS THAT NEVER HAPPEN
Copyright



Help Wanted Female
FREEMAN'S SCHOOL of Cutting and Dressmaking; day and night classes; pupils admitted any time. Phone 3280 rec. 308 Madison street. 1-17-tf

WANTED—Girls over 18 for light manufacturing work; steady positions. Apply Supt. Wayne Paper Goods company, Calhoun and Jefferson. 1-21-tf

WANTED—Girls to strip tobacco, experienced and inexperienced. Snack Cigar Factory, 808 Clinton St. 1-31-tf

WANTED—Power machine operators to make waists. Foster Waist Factory, 417 E. Columbia. 1-20-tf

PLUMBING WORK.
PLUMBING work, 60c an hour for labor, material furnished at cost, small or large jobs, jobbing a specialty, will furnish estimates for new or old work, all work guaranteed, prompt service, minimum charge 30c. City Plumbing Co., 8 Swinney block. Phone 1404 black. 2-1-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
W. CHAS. ZIEGLER—Wall paper, window shades, picture frames and mouldings; paper hanging, painting, repairing shades, cleaning wall paper. Will cheerfully call with samples of any above mentioned line and give estimates. Your remembrance will be greatly appreciated. Residence, 1332 20th Ave. Phone 6453 blue. 20-6t

H. GOLDSTINE—Umbrellas and parasols repaired and recovered. Fancy parasols made to order. Work called for and delivered. Telephone 2455. 230 East Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind. 2-1-tf

WANTED—Watch, clock and jewelry repairing at reduced prices. Wayne Littlefield jewelry store, successor to Dallas F. Green, 288 West Berry street. 1-9-tf

WANTED—Second-hand pianos in exchange for Columbia Gramophones. Jacobs Music House, 1021-1023 Calhoun street. 7-11-tf

WANTED—To buy your rags, rubber and magazines. Telephone 7822 black. 1-27-tf

WANTED—Plain or family sewing to do at home. Inquire at 1303 Boon St. E. L. Green. 1-2t

WANTED—To buy bicycles and parts; skates sharpened. E. J. Wilkinson, 617 Clinton St. 12-30-tf

FOR SALE—Proof press and stand; sale cheap. Apply Sentinel office. 1-29-tf

FOR SALE—My home near Electric Works; six rooms, modern in every way; garage; payment plan. Dr. Gruber, phone 2165. 1-23-2-1-2t

FOR SALE—Five-room semi-modern cottage, paved street, near Electric Works, \$1,500, \$300 cash, balance as rent. Address M. C. D., Sentinel. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—New six-room modern house, on paved street, near Bowers. Payments, \$4,750.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—\$2,250 for 6-room house, bath and furnace, 9th block, E. Wayne, H. Goldstine, 14 Bank block. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—Six-room house, on John St., all modern except furnace, \$2,400.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

LOTS.
FOR SALE—Small lot, 9 blocks east of court house, on paved street, from owner, some improvements, \$1,050.00. Address Box 2, Sentinel. 20-6t

FOR SALE—Beautiful lot on Kinnaird Ave. All improvements, including pavement, in and paid for, \$1,800. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—WISCONSIN FARM LANDS
LANDOLPHY—A magazine giving the facts in regard to the land situation. Three months' subscription free. If for a year or as an investment you are thinking of buying good farm lands, simply write me a letter and say: "Mail me Landology and all particulars free." Address Editor, Landology, Skidmore Land Co., 237 Skidmore Bldg., Marietta, Wis. 1-5-60t

MISCELLANEOUS.
NOW is the time to buy a desk. Come in and see what we have to offer. G. E. BURSLEY & Co. 19-tues-thur-sat tf

STORAGE.
PETTIT'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO. Fireproof private rooms, equipment and service for storage unexcelled in any of the cities. 414 East Columbia street. 6-22-tf

INSURANCE.
AUTO, Fire and Liability Insurance. L. H. SHORELY, 628 Calhoun. Phone 376. 11-12-tf

RUBBER STAMPS.
SEALS, Stencils, Trade Checks. WAYNE STAMP CO., 111 East Columbia street. 9-29-1-3t

Steel trowel decking invented for concrete flooring or roofing by an Englishman is so formed that it can be riveted from one side with water-light joints.

An English patent has been issued for a process of rolling hollow steel bars from ingots that are drilled and filled with heat-resisting sand.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—HOMES.

FOR SALE—Six-room modern house on paved street, in the highest class residential section of the south side; tile roof, hardwood floors and finish, fireplace, built-in buffet, soft water plumbing, large lot, paved alley, \$5,500.00. Payments. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Seven rooms, bath and large garage, all new, modern improvements, inside and outside; no better location on south side; No. 2703 South Wayne avenue, second door south of Swayne street, lot 60 by 150 feet. Inquire at Nuttman & Co.'s bank, 125 East Main street. O. S. Hanna. 10-11-tf

FOR SALE—A two-family flat, in the southwest; good location for Electric works employees. Flats now rent for \$12.00 each. Small cash payment required; your rent will take care of the balance. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room modern house, on paved street, within 2 squares of two car lines, close to Bowers, Western Gas and east yards; can give immediate possession; \$300 cash, balance monthly. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—\$500 cash, balance 5 yrs. at 5 per cent, a modern residence, East Berry St., lot 50x150 ft.; rare chance to buy future business property with small payment. Address "W," Sentinel. 1-30-eod-3t

FOR SALE—Fine modern home, in South Wayne, convenient to Electric Works, 7 rooms, tile roof, fine lot with fruit; owner leaving city, \$2,250. Call 2105. 6-9-tf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, block and a half from Bowers, thoroughly modern, downstairs finished in oak, \$2,200.00. Payments. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—6-room house, with lights, gas, bath and good barn, large lot, paved street, near Electric works; now \$2,800, \$400 cash. Kitch, phone 74. 1-3-Tues-Thurs-Sat-tf

FOR SALE—By owner, 7-room cottage, modern except furnace; \$200.00 cash, balance same as rent. 1711 E. Pontiac. Phone 7144 blue. 1-20-eod-tf

FOR SALE—One acre, 7-room house, with lights, large barn, good hennery, all kinds of fruit bearing trees. Call Suburban \$2 short 1 long. 20-3t

FOR SALE—Six-room house, paved street, Bloomington, \$2,500, \$250 cash, balance as rent. Address K. M., Sentinel. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—My home near Electric Works; six rooms, modern in every way; garage; payment plan. Dr. Gruber, phone 2165. 1-23-2-1-2t

FOR SALE—Five-room semi-modern cottage, paved street, near Electric Works, \$1,500, \$300 cash, balance as rent. Address M. C. D., Sentinel. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—New six-room modern house, on paved street, near Bowers. Payments, \$4,750.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—\$2,250 for 6-room house, bath and furnace, 9th block, E. Wayne, H. Goldstine, 14 Bank block. 1-31-1mo

FOR SALE—Six-room house, on John St., all modern except furnace, \$2,400.00. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

LOTS.
FOR SALE—Small lot, 9 blocks east of court house, on paved street, from owner, some improvements, \$1,050.00. Address Box 2, Sentinel. 20-6t

FOR SALE—Beautiful lot on Kinnaird Ave. All improvements, including pavement, in and paid for, \$1,800. W. E. DOUD. Phone 253. 8-9-tf

FOR SALE—WISCONSIN FARM LANDS
LANDOLPHY—A magazine giving the facts in regard to the land situation. Three months' subscription free. If for a year or as an investment you are thinking of buying good farm lands, simply write me a letter and say: "Mail me Landology and all particulars free." Address Editor, Landology, Skidmore Land Co., 237 Skidmore Bldg., Marietta, Wis. 1-5-60t

MISCELLANEOUS.
NOW is the time to buy a desk. Come in and see what we have to offer. G. E. BURSLEY & Co. 19-tues-thur-sat tf

STORAGE.
PETTIT'S STORAGE WAREHOUSE CO. Fireproof private rooms, equipment and service for storage unexcelled in any of the cities. 414 East Columbia street. 6-22-tf

INSURANCE.
AUTO, Fire and Liability Insurance. L. H. SHORELY, 628 Calhoun. Phone 376. 11-12-tf

RUBBER STAMPS.
SEALS, Stencils, Trade Checks. WAYNE STAMP CO., 111 East Columbia street. 9-29-1-3t

Steel trowel decking invented for concrete flooring or roofing by an Englishman is so formed that it can be riveted from one side with water-light joints.

An English patent has been issued for a process of rolling hollow steel bars from ingots that are drilled and filled with heat-resisting sand.

A method by which metals which have been absorbed by a human body can be withdrawn by electrolysis, has been developed by an Englishman.

REAL ESTATE.

BARGAINS ON LINCOLN HIGHWAY WEST AS WELL AS EAST
2 acres with 7-room house, barn and other outbuildings; all in good repair. Price, \$2,900.00.
ON LINCOLN HIGHWAY EAST—2 acres with modern home. Also have 3 acres with 8-room house, fine barn or garage for \$5,500.00. 4 acres with fine new buildings, 4 miles east of Fort Wayne, on Lincoln Highway. Also have 4 acres in same location with no improvements except that the whole is improved.
See MONROE W. FITCH & SONS, The Earth and Insurance Men. Opp. P. O. Surety Bonds. 5% Money.

We give you the most for your money in building service.

Build a House on That Vacant Lot
Then you'll have an income from it. You can't afford to let it lie idle. We plant and build houses that are easy to rent. Get in touch with us now.
City & Suburban Bldg. Co. Second Floor, Shoaf Bldg.

FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—HOMES.

FOR RENT—Brick house on West Superior street, corner lot, modern except furnace. Phone 561 or 1928. 1-3t

CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH! IF CONSTIPATED

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach or bowels.

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftentimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Look carefully and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company—Advertisement."

COMMITTEES NAMED FOR MIZPAH SHOW

Annual Event Will Be Given
at Palace on Feb. 15,
16-17.

Committees have been named by the Divan of Mizpah Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine for the annual show which will be given at the Palace theatre, February 15, 16 and 17. Every member of the order is entering into the full spirit of the affair and will make this annual show as good and even better than those of the past.

The committees are composed of the following: Program, Byron H. Somers, Arthur F. Hall and Charles E. Read; tickets, Charles H. Gunpper, Charles A. Meigs and Edward A. Warner; publicity, C. J. Suedhoff, H. L. Askew, C. F. Bickness, Herman Mackwitz and L. G. Ellingham; treasurer, Frank H. Cuthrell; decorations, Edward H. Merritt, Walter E. Cook and E. H. Kilbourne.

The proceeds of this event will be used to send the patrol and band to the Imperial council which will be held in Minneapolis next June.

Other lodge notes.
The annual roll call meeting of Mecheanochqua tribe No. 106, Improved Order of Red Men, was held Wednesday evening in Aldine hall. Many short talks were made in answer to their names when called.

Fort Wayne Order of Moose, will give a dance at the Moose auditorium Thursday evening.

Mooseheart legion meets in regular session Sunday afternoon.

Woodmen of the World, Fort Wayne camp No. 129, meets Thursday evening in App's hall.

To permit the outside of windows to be washed by persons inside of room is the purpose of a recently patented wire frame into which cloths can be clamped.

Mrs. Visconti, Woman of Mystery in the "Leak" Case, is a Figure Like Romance

Russell, Describing Elusive
Woman Who Has Capital
Guessing, Calls Her Latest
of Famous String of "Pet-
ticoat Diplomats."

(By Charles Edward Russell.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Ruth Thompson Visconti, who made such a dramatic entry in the great American farce comedy entitled "The Leak, or Quick, Watson! the Needle," would be worth untold gold to a romantic writer of the good old school of intrigue and mystery!

She is small, attractive, quiet, silent, mysterious and elusive. She arrives and departs and none knows whence nor whither. She baffles detectives, subpoena servers and reporters, and when you feel sure she is here she glides for a moment into view somewhere else.

This used to be great stuff on the stage and in fiction, and may be again. Some of it isn't so much fiction at that. Everybody that knows government as it really is, knows that it is largely a puppet play for the delight and diversion of a large and undiscriminating audience. It is performed by a variety of pleasing and well dressed figures that move about the stage in a series of life-like and refreshing stunts as if they did everything of their own will, but all the time they are pulled around with strings, cords and wires not exhibited to the entranced spectators.

Sometimes the hands that pull these strings are a woman's small hands that make history and pass away and are forgotten. But the results of their manipulation, maneuvers and secret designs last always thereafter. Madame de Maintenon, the duchess of Marlborough, Bess of Warwick, the fair Gabrielle, and all that sort of thing I mean. They show still in a fashionable avenue in Paris the house where a red-haired woman in the days of the second empire used to settle treaties and determine the policies of Europe, and all the time she no better than she ought to be!

It's more of a European plot than an American, but there have been some women in our own history. President Arthur was a widower, but General Adam Badeau charged that although the woman he dominated everything was never brought before the public. Badeau lost his job in that administration and charged his troubles to the same fair lady of Washington.

The secret of the whisky ring scandal, which clouded the closing years of Grant's second administration were understood to have been betrayed first by a woman, the discarded friend of one of the ringsters.

In the fiftieth congress one of the republican leaders, a senator, made up his mind that he would deliver a speech on a pending question of national policy that would shake the nation, because it would put his party into a position from which it could hardly escape except by doing the thing the senator wanted to have done. His secretary, with whom he prepared the speech, had formed a friendship with a certain cutty, red-haired lady that spent her time in mysterious pursuits in Washington. She had a friend of her own that the secretary never suspected. The secretary showed her the copy of the speech two or three days before it was to be delivered. She showed it to her other friend. He tipped off certain interests in Washington and the speech vanished forever into the discard.

Sometimes the fair diplomat works quite openly and makes no effort to conceal her influence. The ablest



MRS. RUTH
THOMPSON VISCONTI

Washington has ever seen in legitimate fields of endeavor was Madame De Lome, the wife of the Spanish minister in the stormy days before the Spanish-American war. Very strong influences were at work long before the blowing up of the Maine, to induce this government to recognize the Cuban republic and there were incessant complications growing out of the American filibustering expeditions. Minister De Lome had a difficult job. He was immeasurably helped by his wife, who left the reputation here of a woman of most extraordinary ability as well as of charm. It was said that so long as she was on the job the senate foreign committee never took a step that she started out to beat and it was due to her most clever, able work that many a hostile action was side-tracked. For years she made a point of winning the friendship of each successive chairman of the committee.

The female lobbyist used to be a familiar figure to every one that knew Washington from the other side of the footlights. About ten years ago there were two exceedingly handsome women, sisters, whose influence was said to be powerful in legislation, but their efforts were confined to killing anti-corruption bills and they never mixed up in other affairs.

The case of Madame Caillaux, which is not yet ended, by the way, is an illustration. In this instance she ruined her own husband instead of another woman's, which is not according to Hoyle and tradition. He had been prime minister and a brilliant career seemed to lie before him and she pushed the whole thing over.

The case of Mrs. Cornwalls West, recently condemned by a British war board for interfering with the conduct of the war, was merely symptomatic. She is not the only woman whose influence has been powerful in the affairs of the British government since Aug. 4, 1914. There was last

summer a continuous growl going on in army circles about "petticoat government" and women that had strings on the war office or thereabouts. The fate of Mrs. Cornwalls West may have put an end to this sort of thing, but I don't believe it, for the reason that it began long before this war and will probably last long after it.

SOUTH BEND MAY TRY RULE BY COMMISSION

South Bend, Ind., Feb. 1.—Preliminary to conducting a campaign whereby the commission form of government may be introduced in South Bend, H. W. Walte, city manager of Dayton, O., delivered two addresses before a joint meeting of the chamber of commerce and all the leading men and women's clubs of the city. Mr. Walte devoted his time to explaining the operation of the Dayton plan. Among other things he said:

"Politics can not enter the administrative end of Dayton. Politics, in fact, do not play an important part in the city management at all. Separating the legislative and administrative portions of the city is a dividing line, and this line likewise prevents politics from creeping into the administrative end. Even the commissioners are elected on non-partisan basis. Dayton has a commission form of government. Five commissioners are elected at large from the city. They compose the legislative body and in turn appoint a city manager."

DECATUR NEWS.

Decatur, Ind., Feb. 1.—Funeral services for Burley Bros, 70, a Geneva thirty-second degree Mason, were conducted there today. The body was taken to Indianapolis for burial.

C. D. Bieberich went to Fort Wayne to be with his daughter, Clara, while she was operated upon at the Lutheran hospital for injury to her arm.

J. S. Bowers left for Cuba, where he will spend a couple of weeks touring about the islands, after which he will go to Jacksonville, Fla., for an indefinite stay.

John D. Hale returned from a two weeks' visit with his daughter, Mrs. B. E. Parker, at Marion.

Charles Knapp has returned from Chicago, where he attended the auto show.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Turner, of Washington, who visited here with Mrs. Mary Eley, left for St. Louis and from thence will go to New Orleans. They are making a tour of the United States.

The Euterpean club will entertain their friends at a "guest night entertainment" this evening at the Masonic hall.

Mrs. John Niblick has received word that her niece, Mrs. Harriet Morrison Wallace, was buried at Englewood cemetery, Los Angeles, yesterday afternoon. On account of the health of her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Morrison, who was not able to make the long trip, the body was not brought back here.

Miss Veronica Anker, who has been quite ill, is able to be out again.

A fine baby boy was born yesterday afternoon to Mr. and Mrs. William Sowers on the C. D. Lewton farm.

Mrs. Amelia Worthman and daughter, Louise, of Magley, went to Fort Wayne for a visit and from there will go to Pleasant Lake to visit with a daughter.

Mrs. T. V. Johnston went to Fort Wayne to visit with relatives, while her husband is at Fort Wayne attending a tractor school.

Mrs. Rachel Burdick, who is serving her third year as most excellent chief of the Pythian Sisters, was presented with a souvenir spoon and a plant during a surprise social after the lodge session.

Miss Gertrude Moses is at Attica, where she is taking the mud bath treatment for rheumatism.

Miss Lucile Smith has returned to her school teaching at the Raudebusch school after a few days' illness occasioned by the grip.

There are more than 2,500 Red Cross dogs in the war fields doing work for the wounded.

An electric motor of one-fourth horse power runs a new pump for irrigating automobile tires.

HOOVER IN PLEA FOR RELIEF TO BELGIANS

American Gifts Thus Far
Have Been Comparative-
ly Insignificant.

New York, Feb. 1.—The first public address which Herbert C. Hoover, chairman of the American commission for the relief of Belgium, has made in the United States since the war began was delivered today before the cham-



HERBERT C. HOOVER.

ber of commerce of the state of New York, with an effort to impress upon the American people how comparatively insignificant have been their contributions for Belgian relief.

As compared with a profit of \$30,000,000 which has come to America through the spending here of \$150,000,000 by the relief commission in the purchase of supplies for Belgium, the public benevolence in America towards Belgium has amounted to only \$9,000,000. Such were the figures Mr. Hoover presented.

"Gentlemen, Europe has begun to take stock of us," said he, in comparing these figures with American claims to idealism, devotion to humanity, and great benevolence.

It was true that Americans had opened the door to Belgium, but time and again the door had been threatened to close, and Mr. Hoover declared that the financial future of the organization gave untold anxiety.

"Today," he said, "we must have \$17,000,000 to \$18,000,000 a month—an additional \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 over the subsidies which are now being received through the allied governments."

"Five months ago we appealed to the American people for only \$1,000,000 a month towards the cost of the extra imports needed for little children, but despite the efforts of thousands of devoted supporters in the United States the apathy of the country caused failure even for this moderate sum. Yet within a month I have stood ashamed before a thousand Belgian children who, on my entrance upon their daily meal, warbled the opening stanza of the Star Spangled Banner."

Mr. Hoover concluded by asking the American people for a truly "proper representation" in the provision of \$6,000,000 a month with which to support the destitute, and added: "I want the American people to be prepared in emergency to loan another \$10,000,000 a month which will be repaid."

"We never have seen a day," he declared, "when our finance was certain for sixty days ahead, nor in two years' time when our contracts did not exceed our assets from five to twenty million dollars. The Belgian relief is haunted in every dark hour by the grim tragedy of possible failure."

"Americans opened the door to Bel-

gium and have founded and sustained this enterprise in its administrative and in its political phases. We felt that it was the national duty for America, who stood out unharmed in this vast swelter, to keep alight the lamp of humanity. Of the \$250,000,000 spent in this work approximately \$30,000,000 has come to our hand from the public benevolence of the world and less than \$9,000,000 of this sum has come from the American people. And with the exception of one great gift of \$1,000,000 it has been the little rills of charity of the poor towards the poor. The great bulk of this expenditure has been furnished by the allied governments and has been devoted to the Belgian government or to the communes or municipalities in northern France which have received its benefits. They have yet to repay all of this expenditure and they assume this burden cheerfully and with the dignity of free men.

"Of this vast sum of money we have spent over \$150,000,000 in the United States in the purchase of supplies and of this sum America has made a vast profit of at least \$30,000,000. Gentlemen, Europe has begun to take stock of us. We laid claim to idealism, a devotion to humanity and to great benevolence.

"Now, finally, gentlemen, I wish to put to you a phase of the matter which I regard as of deep national importance and one vastly wider than the relief. The result of this war will be that America will be rich, prosperous, wealthy, and will have made untold millions of this wealth out of the war and swelter of Europe. It is true enough that we were not responsible for this war. On the other hand, we have made large profits out of this misfortune. The justification of any rich man in the community for his trusteeship to the community for his wealth. The justification of America to the world community today is her trusteeship to the world community for the property which she holds.

"The ownership of this wealth carries serious dangers in times to come and it behooves its trustees to take account of its responsibilities. There is growing up and there has grown up in Europe a note of bitterness which will seriously affect our whole relations with Europe for years to come. The only amelioration to this bitterness possible is for this country to properly assume its burden towards the helpless in Europe. It is not for us to question the cause of their misery; it is our duty to save. The money which has come to us from these people is money in trust and unless Americans recognize this trust we will pay dearly and bitterly for its possession.

"The justification of American riches can only be her requital of the obligation which comes with riches, and this requital should not be alone her duty but should be her crown. Gentlemen, if I and my colleagues are to carry the weight of this organization in its direction and vast administration, we must have a representative declaration be made.

"In view, however, of the fact that my attitude is now challenged I wish to state explicitly and frankly that if I am elected I shall vote for the prohibition bill, if it comes up during my services.

"I make this declaration, not only because it expresses my personal views, but for the reason that the sentiment of my district is overwhelmingly 'dry.' In my judgment it is the duty of a representative to represent."

"C. J. MUNTUN."

A statement from Muntun on the liquor question was not surprising, since it was known that he was in exceedingly hot water, due to the prohibition sentiment in his district, and particularly in Steuben county.

DRUGGIST PRAISES DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

I have handled Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root for twenty years and there is not a single remedy on the market that enjoys such an excellent reputation. My father took it and was much pleased with the results obtained. I do believe that it is all that you claim for it and I heartily advise any one to give it a trial who is suffering from the ailments for which it is recommended.

Very truly yours,
JAS. H. BRYAN, Druggist,
Oct. 7, 1916. Charlotte, Michigan.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for You.
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a simple size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Fort Wayne Sentinel. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Advertisement.

istrative detail we have not the time even had we the capacity to arouse the apathy of our countrymen. The American ambassadors, Page, Whitlock and Gerard, my colleagues and myself, have done our duty. It is up to our country to say whether or not this work, the greatest work which America has ever undertaken in the name of humanity, shall through its pretensions become a word of contempt. We have fought a good fight. We have tried to keep the lamp of humanity alight and to implant true Americanism in Europe. If we fail it will be the failure of the American people."

MUNTUN COMES OUT FOR PROHIBITION

Says He Will Vote for Dry
Bill if Chance is Given
Him.

Kendallville, Ind., Feb. 1.—C. J. Muntun, nominated for senator by the republicans of Noble, Steuben and Lagrange counties at their convention here Monday, has issued a signed statement saying that if he is elected next Tuesday he will support the state-wide prohibition bill. The statement reads:

"I have been considerably surprised to hear myself accused of pussy-footing in the matter of my vote on the prohibition bill, should I be elected to the state senate to represent the Lagrange, Noble and Steuben district, an accusation which is based entirely on the failure of the convention which named myself to declare itself on the bill.

"No declaration was made by this convention for the simple reason that the temperance question has not this year been made a party issue in Indiana. The state platforms of both parties were silent on the subject, and it was the expressed request of the leaders of the 'dry' movement that no such declaration be made.

"In view, however, of the fact that my attitude is now challenged I wish to state explicitly and frankly that if I am elected I shall vote for the prohibition bill, if it comes up during my services.

"I make this declaration, not only because it expresses my personal views, but for the reason that the sentiment of my district is overwhelmingly 'dry.' In my judgment it is the duty of a representative to represent."

A statement from Muntun on the liquor question was not surprising, since it was known that he was in exceedingly hot water, due to the prohibition sentiment in his district, and particularly in Steuben county.

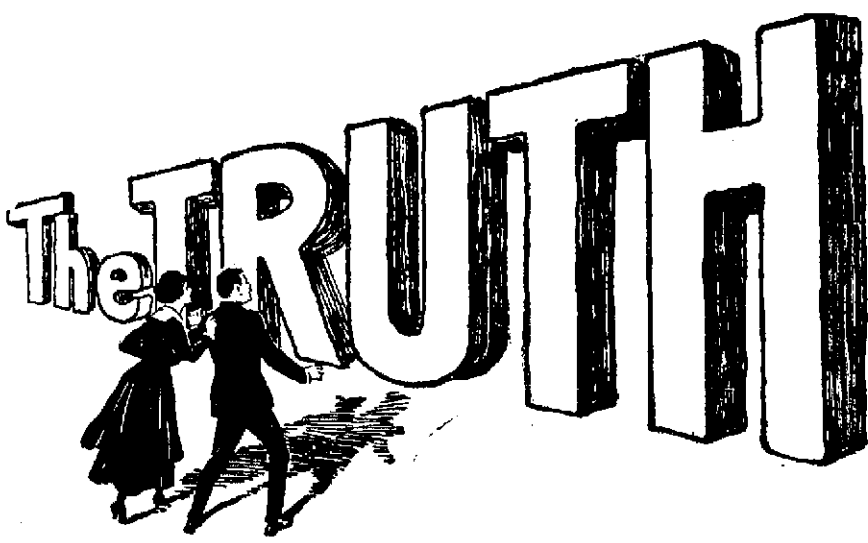
Scratch pads, 5c and 2 for 5c. Just the thing for pen-cil work in school. Sentinel Office, 114 W. Wayne St.

SENTINEL WANT
ADS. ALWAYS
GET RESULTS.

Fruit House Prices

Quaker Corn Flakes, 10c pkg.	7c
Red D Cut Macaroni, 12c pkg.	10c
Evaporated Milk, large can.	12c
Lye Hominy, special.	9c
California Seedless Raisins.	12c
San Maid Seeded Raisins.	12c
Extra Fine Buckwheat Flour.	10c
Extra Fine Peaches, large can.	12c
Golden Rio Coffee, 17c; 3 lbs.	50c
California Red Beans.	10c
White Navy Beans.	14c
Small Lima Beans.	12c
Smoked White Fish.	10c
Lake Erie Gray Bass.	10c
S. & H. Stamps—No charge.	

White Fruit House
212-215-217 EAST BERRY STREET.



Coffee does disagree with many. And in these days of accurate scientific knowledge there's no virtue in appearing astonished when this truth is faced.

Caffeine (the drug in coffee, and in tea also) leaves the system in an overworked and debilitated state, and is responsible for various serious ills and discomforts.

Thousands who desire an appetizing hot table beverage with none of coffee's drawbacks, find a most delightful cup—one containing no deleterious substance whatever—in

POSTUM

—the pure cereal food-drink

Nourishing, economical and wonderfully delicious.

"There's a Reason"